SPECIAL EXTRA
31 JAN 1924

The Irish Times.

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1924. VOL. LXVI. NO. 20,838.

THE IMPORTANCE OF GOOD WORK

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Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

Irish Times 'Phone Numbers.—Dublin—5036 and 5037; Belfast—1787; London—Central 4350. Belfast Office—108 Royal Avenue; London Office—89 Fleet Street

BIRTHS.

DONNELLY—January 18, 1924, at 8 Upper Mount st. Crescent, to Monica, wife of H. Grattan Donnelly, Ballytore, Co. Kildare, a daughter.

McHUGH—January 18, 1924, to Mr. and Mrs. B. E. McHugh, 6 Donard tce., N.C. rd., a daughter (May Haughton).

MURPHY—January 18, 1924, at 40 Upper Fitzwilliam st., Dublin, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Murphy, 26 St. Laurence rd., Clontarf, a daughter.

RUTHERFORD—January 22, 1924, at 8 Dix's Field, Exeter, the wife of the Rev. William Rutherford, Butterleigh Rectory, Devon, a son.

MARRIAGES.

CRAIG and QUINNELL—January 16, 1924, at Ballymacelligott Parish Church, by the Rev. George Maxwell, M.A., assisted by the Rev. J. Craig, B.A., Rantor (brother of the bridegroom), Thomas J. A. Craig, Indian Police, second son of the late James and Mrs. Craig, Mourne View tce., Banbridge, and Mabel Frances, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Quinnell, Edenburn, Co. Kerry.

McALINDEN and QUINN—January 23, 1924, at St. Andrew's, Westland Row, Dublin, with Nuptial Mass, by the Rev. James Duffy, P.P., Ballymacnab Armagh, assisted by the Very Rev. Daniel Canon O'Hagan, President St. Colman's College, Newry, John McAlinden, Bank of Ireland, Ballibay, to Mary Josephine, daughter of the late James Quinn, Esq., J.P., Co.C., and of Mrs. Quinn, Whitestown House, Greenore, Co. Louth.

PARKER and MARSH—January 23, 1924, at Ballymacward Church, Co. Galway, by the Rev. D. French, Rector, Herbert Parker, to Juliana (Missie), eldest daughter of Benjamin Marsh, Esq., late of Ballycarvin House, Moate.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on Page 6.

BROUGH—January 19, 1924, at her daughter's residence, 17 Queen's Park, Holyhead, Alicia, widow of the late John Brough, Church rd., Dublin. Interred Holyhead Tuesday, January 22nd.

BRUCE—December 24, 1923, at Stanger, Natal, South Africa, of heart failure, Doctor William Frank Bruce, second son of the late Major William Tyrrell Bruce, Lesseragh, Borrisokane, Co. Tipperary.

CONCANON—January 24, 1924, Bertha Beckford Sweet, beloved wife of Lieutenant-Colonel Edmond G. Concanon, of 20 Sussex Gardens, London, W. 2, and Rockfield, Athenry, Co. Galway, and dearly-beloved sister of Mrs. Baradoff, of Dinard, France. Funeral at Athenry.

DAY—January 25, 1924, at Ballyneskar, Wexford, Mary Day, in her 92nd year. Funeral at 2 p.m. to-morrow (Sunday) to Blackwater.

GRIFFIN—January 25, 1924, at 70 Lower Mount st., Richard Lewis Griffin. Funeral Mount Jerome this (Saturday) morning, 9.15.

HAND—January 24, 1924, at 98 North Circular road, Stephen, beloved husband of Katie Hand. R.I.P. Funeral private.

HARGRAVE—January 25, 1924, at his residence, W. Haddington rd., Kingstown, Joshua Harrison Hargrave, B.A., M.I.C.E. Past President of Institute of Civil Engineers of Ireland, eldest son of the late Abraham Gideon Hargrave, of Cork. Funeral private. No flowers, by request.

HEALY—January 25, 1924, at his residence, Leinster Villa, Square, Sherrie, John, the beloved husband of William and Mary Healy, aged 26. Deeply regretted by the family and a large circle of friends. R.I.P. Funeral for HolmPatrick Cemetery at 3 p.m. to-morrow (Sunday).

HUGHES—At his residence, 27 Library rd., Dun Laoghaire, Thomas, husband of the late Anne Hughes, Kill av., Monkstown, eldest son of the late Michael and Mary Hughes. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing sons and daughter, sisters, and brother. R.I.P. American papers please copy.

McCLOGHRY—January 21, 1924, at Carrick, Riverstown, Sligo, Kate, widow of the late W. B. McCloghry, J.P.

McCRACKEN—December 29, 1923, at Bournemouth (South of England), Annette (Daisy), the loving and faithful wife of Wm. J. McCracken, late Sandford and Munster st., Dublin. "Gone to be with Christ, which is far better."

MacGROSSAN—January 23, 1924, at her residence, Belgrave Hall, Monkstown, Dublin, Margaret Frances, only surviving child of the late John MacGrossan, of Omagh, Co. Tyrone, Solicitor. R.I.P. Funeral private.

RYLSKI—January 24, 1924, at Northern Bank House, Shaftesbury square, Belfast, suddenly, Anna, beloved wife of Charles Victor Brereton Rylski. Funeral private.

SHEIL—On Thursday, January 24, 1924, at her residence, Hill View, Rathcoole, after a protracted illness, borne with Christian resignation, Mary Sheil, relict of the late Edward Sheil, Esq., aged 70, Mother of Mount Carmel, pray for her. Requiem in mec. Funeral at Saggart, Co. Dublin, after Requiem Mass there at 10 o'clock, this (Saturday) morning.

STELLING—January 20, 1924, at Modena, 60 Peckham rd., London, S.E. 5, after a brief illness, John A. Stelling, L.R.A.M., A.L.A.M., a devoted son, a loyal friend, a practical Christian. Deeply mourned by his old Irish friends. English papers please copy.

SWEETNAM—January 24, 1924, at Laragh House, Bandon, Lydia Sellen, beloved wife of the Rev. George Beamish Sweetnam, late Rector of Aughadown. Funeral from Nursing Home, Bandon, on Monday at 3 p.m. this day (Saturday).

TAYLOR—January 26, 1924, Ethel N., youngest and dearly-beloved daughter of Bernard and Annie Taylor, 3 Church av., Sandymount. "Thy will be done." Funeral to Mount Jerome at 10.30 a.m. to-day (Saturday), 26th January, 1924.

TYRRELL—January 25, 1924, at Oak Park, Castleknock, Florence, dearly-loved wife of Thomas P. Tyrrell. Funeral strictly private. No flowers.

WIDGER—January 25, 1924, at residence, The Manor, Richard (Dicky) Widger, aged 65. Funeral from late residence 1.30 to-morrow (Sunday). Interment St. Mary's, Ballygunner.

IMPORTANT.—As announcements for this column, if posted on Saturday, cannot reach this office in time for Monday's paper, they should be sent by telegram.

IN MEMORIAM.

ATWOOD—In ever-loving memory of our dear father, William Atwood, who entered into rest 27th January, 1921.

Some from earth, from glory some,
Severed only till He come.

CLARKE—In ever-loving memory of Kathleen, who died in London January 27th, 1923. "Until the day dawn."—Florrie.

CASKING—In loving memory of Ada Margaret Casking, who died 27th January, 1922.

HAMILTON—In loving memory of John J. Hamilton, beloved husband of Ida Hamilton, who fell asleep January 26th, 1921, at his residence, 32 Iona Crescent, Glasnevin. "I will go to him."

HODGINS—In loving memory of Alexander George, who departed this life on 26th January, 1919. Inserted by his loving mother, sisters, and brothers.

LEWIS—In loving memory of Elizabeth Lewis, the beloved wife of Rev. John Lewis, Welsh Church, Dublin, Slept in Jesus January 27, 1921. Nahum i., 7.

NICHOLS' 'Phone—276. 'Phone—276.
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MISCELLANEOUS.

ROYAL IRISH AUTOMOBILE CLUB. INTERNATIONAL FOOTBALL MATCH—FRANCE v. IRELAND, LANSDOWNE ROAD, TO-DAY (SATURDAY), 26th JANUARY, at 3 p.m. Members of the Club are informed that, with the concurrence of the Chief Commissioner, Dublin Metropolitan Police, Members' Cars will be parked under the control of Officials of the Club in Newbridge avenue. Proceeding from Dublin, Newbridge avenue is approached by Bath avenue, London Bridge road, Tritonville road, approaching from the South by Serpentine avenue and Tritonville road, or by Sandymount avenue and Sandymount road. Members are recommended not to approach by Lansdowne road.

RUGBY FOOTBALL. IRELAND v. FRANCE. All parties entering by Motor Gate must produce Admission Tickets beforehand. Motor Car Tickets on Sale Fox's, Grafton street.

REQUIRED by old-established Manufacturing Firm, energetic Travelling Representative for West of Ireland; Grocery Trade experience; age about 30 to 35. Full particulars to "Z 4445, Representative," this office.

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REQUIRED in few months, House in Clontarf; Main road, Castle avenue, Haddon or Hollybrook roads preferred. Will become tenant or purchaser. Full particulars to F 221, this office.

ADVERTISER, contemplating opening Auction Rooms (not Furniture), desires to correspond with interested party. Write Box 928, Sells, Fleet street, E.C.4.

CASTLEKNOCK LODGE, CASTLEKNOCK, WITH 25 ACRES. THIS choicely situated Residence, short distance beyond the Ashtown Gate of the Phœnix Park, splendidly equipped for hunting man, will be sold by Auction on the premises NEXT THURSDAY, 31st INST., at 1.30 p.m. See advertisement in Auction Columns.
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DUBLIN PROPERTY MARKET. See our Auction Columns Last Page. BATTERSBY and CO., Auctioneers, 39 Westmoreland street, Dublin.

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ANNIE—Send my Suit from Dartry Dye Works by early morning train; have special appointment at 5 p.m.

ASK your Grocer for and insist on getting ANNE LYNCH'S TEA.

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IRELAND'S WEEKLY SPORTING PAPER.—The "IRISH FIELD," published every Saturday, contains all the latest Racing News, Programmes and Selections. Also Special Articles and Reports on Football, Hunting, Coursing, Golf, Angling, Motoring, Racing, etc. Official Organ of the Irish Kennel Club. All the Newsagents. Price 2d. By post 13/- yearly, post free.

TULLAMORE—The "Irish Times," the "Weekly Irish Times," and the "Irish Field" can be had immediately after the arrival of the trains, from Mr. M. F. Gorry, Harbour street.

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ROUND THE WORLD AND HOME.—A chatty Letter by Bluebird is one of the many attractive features in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES."

RAILWAYS

MIDLAND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

On FRIDAY, 1st FEBRUARY, 1924, the following alterations in the Passenger Train Service will come into operation:—

WEEK-DAYS.

9.5 a.m. Broadstone to Cavan will leave at 9.15 a.m.

1.35 p.m. Broadstone to Westport and Ballina will leave at 1.25 p.m. and will run earlier. A connection will be given to Clara. On Mondays this Train will be EXTENDED to Killala.

7.10 a.m. Broadstone to Sligo, Westport, and Ballina will be slightly altered at intermediate Stations.

7.0 p.m. Broadstone to Sligo, Westport, and Ballina will be slightly altered at intermediate Stations.

7.35 a.m. Westport to Dublin will leave at 7.30 a.m.

7.30 a.m. Ballina to Dublin will leave at 7.25 a.m.

1.45 p.m. and 5.40 p.m. Westport to Dublin will be slightly altered at intermediate Stations.

8.45 a.m., 3.5 p.m., and 6.55 p.m. Sligo to Dublin will be slightly altered at intermediate Stations.

A NEW TRAIN will leave Longford at 7.45 a.m. (Monday's excepted) to connect at Mullingar with 9 a.m. for Dublin. A New Train will leave Clara at 8 a.m. daily for Mullingar, arriving Mullingar 8.50 a.m.

For alterations on Branch Lines and further particulars, see Time Tables or apply to Station Masters.

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From Liverpool day previous.

*Doric	Sun., Jan. 27	*Doric	Sun., Feb. 24
Cedric	Sun., Feb. 3	†Cedric	Sun., Mar. 2

* Via Halifax N.S.—Cabin and 3rd Class Passengers only.
† Via Halifax, N.S.

LIVERPOOL—BOSTON—PHILADELPHIA.
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Doric	Sun., Jan. 27	Doric	Sun., Feb. 24
LIVERPOOL—HALIFAX, N.S.			
*Doric	Sat., Jan. 26	*Doric	Sat., Feb. 23
†Cornishman		*Cedric	Sat., Mar. 1
Tues., Feb. 5			

* Not calling at Portland, Me. † Cargo only.

For further particulars apply White Star Line, Liverpool, Southampton, Bristol, Union Chambers, 63 Temple Row, Birmingham; London, 1 Cockspur street, S.W.1, and 38 Leadenhall street, E.C. 3. Local Agents—A. W. Hewett, 15 D'Olier street, Dublin; T. Cook and Son, Grafton street, Dublin; S. Graham Gobbett, 18 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin; Joseph and Son, Cork; Martin McNulty, The Emporium, Knox street, Ballina; R. F. Kent and Co., Rathdowney; W. Russell and Co., Dundalk; Thomas Reilly and Sons, Bank, Co. Mayo; M. P. Riordan and Co., 62 O'Connell street, Limerick; William Gregg and Sons, Arklow; J. E. O'Neill, Main street, Maghera.

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(A) DONGARRA	Feb. 12	Feb. 13	Feb. 16	Feb. 21
(B) BOONAH	Mar. 8	Mar. 11	Mar. 15	Mar. 20

Steamer.	Middlesbrough Dock.	Hull.	London.
(C) CARINA	Jan. 26	Jan. 29	Feb. 5
(B) PARATTAH	Mar. 1	Feb. 27	—
(C) GILGAI	Mar. 19	Mar. 22	—

(A) Excluding Brisbane.
(B.) Calls Beauty Point and Hobart, if inducement offers.
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Tuscania	Feb. 2	Columbia	March 15
Columbia	Feb. 16	Assyria	March 29
Assyria	Feb. 29	Tuscania	April 12

LONDONDERRY TO HALIFAX, N.S.

Tuscania	Feb. 2	Assyria	Feb. 23
Columbia	Feb. 16	Saturnia	March 29

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NUITS, 1919	84/-
CUTE DE NUITS, 1916	60/-
MONTHELIE, 1916	54/-
SAVIGNY, 1916	66/-
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AY Mornay Hotel, 30 Lower Baggot street, Dublin.—Lounge in which dances are held; also Billiard and Writing Rooms recently added. One minute from Station, Mail Steamers, and Baths. Free Garage. Apply Proprietress. 'Phone 115, Kingstown.
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S, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

CALTHORPE 1921 small 4 Seater, dynamo and starter, grand order, £135; Overland 1921 small 4 Seater, dynamo and starter, as new, £150; Alldays 10 2 Seater, 1920, dynamo lighting, £100; Morris Oxford 3 Seater, grand order, £160; Ford open 2 Seater, £65; Ford 5 Seater, 1916, £65; Maxwell 4 seater, superior order, £100; trial and particulars.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. X

DODGE Two Seater, lighting and starting, in good running order; suit traveller; must sell; owner leaving country; £85.—Christie, 20 Kildare st. 25 C

"ESSEX" Touring Car, new, not run 500 miles, for sale cheap. Address "Z 4432, Car," this office 24 F

FOR Sale, Wolseley Two Seater, in perfect order. Address "Z 4304, Motor," this office. 22 F

FOR Sale, Saloon Ford, 1921, English body, upholstered Bedford cord, electric light, starter; body cost £300; guaranteed perfect; price £160. Address "Z 4350, Ford," this office. 22 F

FORD Four Seater, cheap for immediate Sale.—U. A. Brittain, Ltd., Hatch street, Dublin. 23 A

FORD Shop-soiled Car for Sale, never used, invoiced end August.—M. and J. Dawson, Maynooth. 23 A

FORD Touring Car, thoroughly reliable, in splendid order; lowest £58.—Cathcart's, Wynnefield Motor Works, Rathmines.

MORGAN Do Luxe 1922 2 Seater, water cooled, in perfect condition; any trial; £85.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green.

PEUGEOT Quad, 1923 model, very little used, £115. Automobile Garage, Lemon street, off Grafton street.

TOURING Car for Sale; self starter, electric lighting, first class running order, £155.—Cook's, Kingstown.

VULCAN Motor Car—14-16 h.p. 4 cylinder Aster engine Motor Car, 5 seater, in good going order, and hood, upholstered in leather, Dunlop tyres and Stepney wheel and spare tyre, Bosch ignition, nickel plated lamps, screen fort selling, fuller particulars. Address "Z 4292 Car," this office. 21 X

65 GUINEAS—Light Car, two seater, and dickey, 11 h.p., 4 cylinder, 5 detachable wheels, perfect order and condition; make ideal doctor's car.—The Motor Mart, Ltd., Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

50—CHALMERS late 1921 six cylinder Touring Car, 25 h.p.; excellent appearance.—Apply this office. 23 A

WANTED.

MOTOR Cycle Lamp Wanted, complete with generator, secondhand; state price.—P 267, this office. 22 F

BICYCLES.

A1"—NEW 1924 Models—Sunbeams from 15 Guineas, Swifts, Rudges, Triumphs, Ariels, Centaurs from £7 16/, B.S.A. from £9 15/; a few 1923 Special Models reduced. Duty Payments arranged. Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lemon street, off Grafton street. T

RALEIGHS, Rumbers, Swifts; extraordinary value.—Lee Brothers, Chatham street (immediately off Grafton street). 12 18

CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.

CHAUFFEUR, motorcycle, driving repairs; highly recommended; strict T.T.—P 389, this office.

CHAUFFEUR, long experience all makes, references.—Sheridan, 6 Mountpleasant Parade, Ranelagh. 25 C

MOTOR Mechanic, long experience, reliable, wishes position.—P 118, this office. 23 A

SITUATIONS CONTINUED.

BOOKKEEPER—Wanted, by city firm, thoroughly competent young Man, with experience in the Grocery and Provision Trade; very thorough and must be reliable in checking invoices and balancing accounts and capable of taking charge of office. Reply, stating age, where educated, and salary expected, to this office.

BUTLER NURSE and tenis free. Further particulars on application.—P 306, this office.

CLERK of the Female Orphan House, N.C. roo—Organist and Choir Mistress wanted; duties to begin in Sitting to Registrar, with testimonials. 21 F

CATALOGUE Compilation, Ordering Printed Matter, etc., wanted by Firm (Dame Street) with knowledge of book-making, etc. Required; plenty of scope for advancement.—P 1946, this office. 22 F

CIVIC Guard—All ranks of the force will find matters of interest to them in the "Weekly Irish Times." On all newsagents. Price 2d.

EXPERIENCED shorthand Typist (R.C., with knowledge of office work. Wanted immediately for progressive business; state age, experience and salary expected, to "Z 4368 Typist," this office. 24 B

FIREMAN—Wanted, respectable Man; state age, apply reference, wages expected.—P 416, this office.

GUNDRY—Strong Girl or young Woman wanted for washhouse, able to attend machines.—Swetlis Laundry. 23 A

JOUNDRY—Wanted, experienced Packers and Sorters; good references (copies). Apply immediately to Manager, Jacobs.

LABOURERS, Spademen, with knowledge of concrete and structural work, from Fencing, Gates Stallings, etc., to take charge of old established rooms in Dublin and to cover Leinster and Munster districts; salary and expenses. T

LENS Outfitting — Thoroughly competent Man Wanted; must have full knowledge of hats, shirts, etc., to apply, stating age, experience and salary required.—P 277, this office. 24 F

MANAGER Wanted (married) Cinema; experience as essential. Address "Z 4391, Manager," this office. 24 B

MANTLES and Costumes—Sales Lady Wanted to take charge; must have first class qualifications; age between 30 and 40. Apply in strict confidence, full particulars, P. 389, this office. 24 F

MILLINER Wanted to take charge of workroom; city experience only.—P 349, this office. 25 B

NEWSAGENT Assistant Wanted, for Waterford.—Lady Help. Apply for particulars, Lady Superintendent.

PERSONAL Notes and Photographs form an interesting feature of the "Weekly Irish Times" to Irish men and women. See to-day's issue. Price twopence at all newsagents.

READYMADES—Experienced Man Wanted for city warehouse; must be thoroughly knowledge of readymade trade; state age, experience, and salary required.—P 276, this office. 24 F

ROUND and Square and Home, a chatty Monthly for Blindfold, is one of the many attractive features in the "Weekly Irish Times." On all newsagents.

REQUIRED, Companion Help, R.C., small country town, one lady; well recommended.—P 318, this office.

SMART, experienced Girl required for Dairy and Provision Shop in city; good appearance.—T 134, this office. 25 A

SHORTHAND Typist Wanted; must be capable and self-start, with experience of invoicing, etc. Reply, stating age, experience, and wages, to P 339, this office. 24 F

SMART young Lady Wanted to take charge of Fancy Department, city house, and Boy under engagement; state full particulars of experience and salary expected. Address "Z 4418 Lady," this office. 24 B

SEVERAL disengaged Clerks, etc., required to Train as Outdoors Salesmen in Dublin and district. No experience needed. Applicants must be of good appearance, training, pushing, and of good address; state last employment, age, etc.—P 255, this office.

STORE Clerk—Young Man (R.C.) as Assistant in Dublin Wholesale Grocery Firm; state age, where previously employed, salary expected.—P 407, this office. 25 A

TYPIST, Junior, Male, about 18, Wanted for a Commercial Office, city.—P 38, this office. 22 F

TAILORS Cutter Wanted for divisional trade; state experience and salary required.—P 420, this office.

VACANCY for first class suburban house; for Grocer's Assistant desiring change, to take charge of counter; only those accustomed to high class trade need apply.—P 1994, this office. 22 F

VIOLINIST and Effects Wanted immediately to form trio; good; permanent engagement open to suit; also applicants for pantomime preferred, but not essential.—Apply, Manager, Theatre Royal. 24

WANTED, Foreman for Sawmill. Apply stating qualifications and experience, with wages asked, to Manager, Lisadell, Sligo.

WANTED immediately, Useful Help, Protestant, Sligo, age over 30; farmer's daughter preferred; all duties; small family; salary £20 to £25.—Address, with copies references, "Z 4229," this office. 22 F

WANTED immediately, a Mother's Help Protestant. Apply Mrs. W. J. Kingston, Larkfield, Dalkey. 22 F

WANTED, an experienced young Lady to take charge of Millinery and Assist at General Sales for a good house in the Midlands; good copy reference and lowest salary indoors. Address "Z 4326, Lady," this office. 22 F

SITUATIONS CONTINUED.

WANTED, a competent Manager for Ballinrobe Co-operative Creamery and General Stores; one with knowledge of pig curing preferred. Applications, stating salary expected, together with copies of testimonials, to be forwarded to John J. Lee, secretary, Ballinrobe, Sligo, before 5th February, 1924. 23 A

WANTED, Packer and Storekeeper; must have experience of linen goods; state age, experience, and wages expected.—P 240, this office. 24 B

WANTED, young Gentlewoman, good needlewoman, daily; take charge child three, Kingstown; good remuneration; hours 10-6.—P 187, this office. 24 B

WANTED, Salesman; commercial traveller preferred; experience in Sales of Motor Cars and Motor Cycles; must be energetic and well recommended. Reply, giving references, age, and remuneration, to "Z 4381, Salesman." this office. 23 F

WANTED immediately, experienced Printer and Developer, female. Apply Hely's Ltd., Ruthven House, Dublin. 24 F

WANTED as Confidential Clerk and Secretary from 9 to 5 p.m. daily, young Gentlewoman, with good knowledge of shorthand, typing, and bookkeeping; private state salary required.—P 257, this office. 24 F

WANTED, reliable Man for Seed, Hardware, and Farming Implement Business in provincial town; must be well recommended; state salary expected (outdoor).—"Z 4428, Man," this office. 24 B

WANTED Lady, take charge of house for an elderly man, quiet country place, West of Ireland; must kept; lady by birth, Protestant, not out before preferred; reference exchanged; state age and salary expected. Address "Z 4442, Lady," this office. 25 A

WANTED for Merchant's Office, young Man with experience; state age, references.—P 350, this office.

WANTED, young Girl for Office, Typist, with knowledge of Bookkeeping. Reply, stating age, experience (if any), salary, and copy references.—P 346, this office.

WANTED, as Apprentice, Apply Mrs. Meredith's D'Alton, 3 Molesworth st, Monday, 2-3 o'clock.

WANTED for Dublin, Audit Clerk, capable of conducting audit without supervision; state salary and experience.—P 150, this office. 23 X

WANTED, Boy, smart, capable Useful Help all duties, good at cooking, stirring, vegetables, etc., food children; must wear uniform; early rises essential, and obliging.—Box 1080, Eason's Advertising Service, Dublin.

WANTED, for Monaghan Town, Mother's Help or Nursery Governess Children's Dress children. Address "Z 4460, Help," this office.

WANTED, young Boy, with good references, about 15 years, as Messenger. Address "Z 4457, Boy," this office.

WANTED, respectable Girl, Drapery, Dun Laoghaire locality, part time service.—B 11, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire. 25 C

WANTED, gentlemanly, well educated Lad as Junior Assistant; one having knowledge of Shorthand preferred. Apply, stating age, where educated and enclosing copies of references, to P 378, this office.

WANTED, respectable, intelligent Girls, aged about 19, to train as Assistants at Sales in Retail Wine Merchants' Office in city. Reply, with particulars of education and copies references, to P 375, this office.

WANTED, smart Messenger Boy for Office, age about 15; wages 10/- per week; son of Protestant ex-R.I.C. man preferred.—P 376, this office. 25 B

WANTED, Sales Lady, Curtain Stock, Drapery, Dun Laoghaire; must be thoroughly conversant with Curtain Stock—600 Well-filled Rest Hair Pillows, covered in strong Brown Linen. Were 5/6 each. Sale Price, each 1/3

Great Bargain-Blue Calico—60 Pieces of Extra Strong Blue Calico. Was 1/6 yard. Price, per yard ..... Sale 8½D.

Great Bargain in Bath Towels.—Large Size Bath Towels, in White with Blue Stripe. Were 3/11 each. Sale Price, each 2/11

Great Sale of Ladies' Underskirts.—Ladies' Underskirts, in Black Sateen, with Frill. Were 4/11 each. Sale Price, each 3/11

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White Twill Sheets.—Astonishing Bargain—500 Pairs of Good Quality Heavy Soft White Twill Sheets, remains of a contract. Were 9/6 pair. Sale Price now, each 6/11

Superior White Calico.—200 Pieces Heavy Satin Finish White Calico. Splendid for wear. Was 1/3 yard. Sale Price, per yard ..... 9½D.

Great Sale of Longcloth.—500 Pieces Very Superior Fine Longcloth for Ladies' or Children's Underwear. Double Width. Was 1/11 yard. Reduced now to, per yard 1/-

Great Bargain Best Ticken—Great Bargain in Ticken—Big purchase of best Linen-finish Heavy Ticken, Blue Stripes, 5 feet wide. Was 7/6 yard. Bargain Price, per yard 2/11

Superior Quality Twilled Bed Sheets.—Full Double Bed Size. Worth 5/11 each. Clearing now at, each 3/11

Superior White Sheets.—Big Bargain Purchase of White Heavy Twill Sheets. Were 8/11 each. Bargain Price, each 4/11

Large Damask Table Cloths, nearly 2 yards square. Were 10/6 each. Bargain Price, each 5/11

Damask Dinner Napkins.—Odd dozens, dainty patterns, and snow white. Bargain Price, each 6½

Great Sale of Lace Curtains.—Beautiful Nottingham Lace Curtains, dainty designs. Were 12/6 pair Great Sale Price, ... 3/11

Very Dainty Lace Curtains, fully 4 feet long. Sale Price, ... 7/6 per pair

Trellis Madras Muslin for Curtains.—Wonderful Bargain. Double Width. Bargain Price now, per yard ..... 6D.

Boys' Strong Dark Tweed Knickers.—Great Bargain. Lined throughout. To fit ages 4 to 13 years. Bargain Price, ... 2/11

Boys' Warm Flannelette Shirts, in neat stripes, all sizes. Were 4/11. Sale Price, each, ... 2/11

Great Sale of Boys' Suits.—Boys' Splendid Dark Tweed, 3-Garment Suits, to fit 8 to 13 years. Were 27/6 Sale Price, now, ... 12/6

Great Bargain Pillows.—Astonishing Offer—Consignment of Stock—600 Well-filled Rest Hair Pillows, covered in strong Brown Linen. Were 5/6 each. Sale Price, each 1/3

Great Bargain Bedsteads.—Black Enamelled Iron Bedsteads—Great Bargain in strong Black Enamelled Bedsteads, stretcher make, with splendid strong wire spring. Bargain Price, ... 12/11

Sweeping Reductions Ladies' Shoes—300 Pairs of Ladies' Black Serviceable Leather Shoes. Strong Soles and Cuban Heels. Were 15/6 pair. Sale Price ... 7/11

Men's Boots.—Great Bargain—Men's High Grade Boots. About 200 Pairs of Gentlemen's Best Boots, in Leather throughout, made of Best Black or Brown Leather, splendid make. Were sold at 3/3 per ½lb. Hank. Bargain Price, per pair. 15/6

Great Sale of Ladies' Coats—Sweeping Sale Reductions—Ladies' Well-tailored Fleecy Blanket Tweed Coats, very stylish. Heather, Grey & Saxe. Were 49/6. Sale Price now .. 12/6

Sale of Pure Wool Blanket Cloths—Astonishing Sale Reduction—280 Rolls of 54-inch Pure Wool Blanket Cloths; Heather Stripes of Prune, Jade, Brick, Bottle Green, Saxe, Claret, and Pench. Were 18/6 Yard. Sale, per Yard 2/11

Great Sale of Ladies' Costumes—Many Lots of Superbly Cut Ladies' Costumes, in Mixed Tweeds. Were up to 85/- each. Sale Price from 20/-

Great Sale of Overall Cloth—Astonishing Sale Bargain—Strong Overall Cloth, in Pink Stripes or Helio, Champagne, Strawberry, Eau de Nil. Sale Price, per Yard.. 5½D.

For Sale, 1200 Tib. Stone Jam Jars and 20 Barrels. Apply to Manager, 10 Trinity College, Dublin.

FANCY Leather-Suede (70 shades), Crocodile, Youth Calf, Upholstery Leathers, Glazing Suede and Chamois; Pumice, Rottenstone, Emery Cloths.—Lane and Co., Ltd., Leather Merchants and Boot Upper Manufacturers, 38 South Kings st.

FAMILY Tea Pots, mixed clearing lot, Dublin, 3/-; worth double.—Robert and Co., Grafton street.

GLASS Dishes, good clear finished shape; Butter, 1/-, 1/11; Trifle and Salad Bowls, 2/11, unbelled after cleaning; worth double. Robert and Co., Grafton street.

HELDS, 36 Upper Kevin st.—Vestiaries, Chimney Pots, Cowls, Iron Bins, Gas Engine Flues, Fan Connections, Sheet Metal Work.

HARRY Work at the Home—Hawker, Repairer of Washing Machines, etc.; can and get our prizes. The Daisy Engineering Co. of Ireland, Ltd., 21 and 22 Upper Ormond quay.

LADY'S Gold Keyless Watch, nicely engraved, 4-4. Address "Z 4421, Watch," this office. 23 F

LOST, on Tuesday, £500 Bank Notes, also Gloves, Purse, Ladies' Bags, Attache Cases, Suit Cases, Books, Walking Sticks, Tennis Racquets, and Shoes, Shirts, Ties, and other necessaries; articles at very low prices.—W. Cullen, Agent, 57 Lower Sackville street (opposite the Pillar).

MILK Jugs—Big purchase in three lots, to clear quickly, 6d., 9d., and 1/6; worth double.—Robert and Co., Grafton street. 25 B

RABBIT Traps, Beeches XX and Williams, 30 inches, etc.—Woods, 77 Aungier street. B

RABBIT Traps, Beecher XX and Williams, from stock.—The Irish Forestry Co. of Ireland, Ltd., 21 and 22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 20 T

RAILS for Sale, suitable for Uprights for Hay sheds, Gate Posts, etc.—Mellowes Brothers, Stone street, Dublin. 2 20

SACKS and WATERPROOF COVERS, TARPAULINS, CARTS and LORRY NETS.

PETRIE BROTHERS, MANUFACTURERS 35, 36 and 37 USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

SMITH-PREMIER, Roneo Files, silencers and cords repaired; £5.—Hewett, 15 Upper street. 23 A

SAFES (Fireproof), new and secondhand, from £7.—Whitely, Johnston's Court, Fleet street. 24 B

SINGER Treadle Machine, perfect, £3 10/-; Singer Hand Machine, latest model, £3 15/-; 32 Lad lane, Regent street.

TYPEWRITERS—Some bargains, new and rebuilt.—Imhofs, Harbour Court, rere Eden quay. 23 B

TOILET Sets, in case, 3 pieces, 2/11; worth 5/6; worth 21/.—Robert and Co., Grafton street. 25 B

TEA Sets for 9/11 per set of 21 pieces; just a few left; to clear quickly.—Robert and Co., 50,53 Grafton street. 25 B

TEA Sets, 21 pieces, delivered late for Xmas trade, but very desirable, blue, cream, pink, Indian, floral rose designs, 12/11; worth 19/11.—Robert and Co., Grafton street.

TUMBLERS in ivy and circle half pint size, 3 for 1/6; Pint Tumblers, 1/6 dozen; heavy Cut Glass Jugs, 3/6; Cut Glass Sugar Basins, 1/6 each; 6d. and 1/-.—Robert and Co., Grafton street. 25 B

VEGETABLE Dishes, oval shape, 2/11 and 3/11; worth double. Robert and Co. to clear.—Robert and Co., Grafton street. 25 B

WIRELESS—Everything supplied.—Radio Valve Co., 12-15 Harbour Court, rere Eden quay. 22 A

TUITIONS CONTINUED.

WANTED, March 1st, Protestant Teacher for National School in town near Cork; local aid. Address "Z 4417, Teacher," this office. 24 B

WANTED, R.C. Visiting Governess, afternoon. Apply 5 Rosevale, Park avenue, Sandymount, before 1 or after 7, Saturday.

WANTED, young Lady resits position as Governess and Music for young boy, twice weekly.—P 402, this office.

WANTED, Kilmainham, Teacher of French and Music for young boy, three weekly.—P 402, this office.

WANTED, Governess, I.C., for County Monaghan, young, teach French, music; competent charge 3 children, 10, 8, 5 years; good salary, sending photo, copies references, to "Z 4452, Governess," this office.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

A YOUNG Lady Shorthand Typist (100 words), also bookkeeping, seeks post in city office or business place; highest references.—P 334, this office. B

ASSISTANT, Grocery, Provisions, 31 years' experience, high class, open trade, seeks change; reasonable terms. Address "Z 4430, Assistant," this office. 24 B

ASSISTANT in Dairy and Grocery, young Lady; good experience and references; £13 yearly.—P 335, this office.

A Useful or Mother's Help; country preferred; Protestant.—62, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock.

BUTCHER—Young Man seeks engagement, Shop or Slaughterhouse; strict T.T.; reference.—P 300, this office. 22 F

CLERGYMAN'S Daughter (37), of independent means, sweet disposition and fond of reading, walking, etc., seeks position as Companion in exchange for comfortable home. Address "Z 4453, Companion," this office. 25 C

COMPANION Help desires position; willing to help in all duties; fond of children; small salary; Protestant.—P 350, this office. 25 C

DRESSMAKER, experienced, wants work ladies' houses; costumes; quick worker.—P 87, this office. 23 A

DRESSMAKER, lady's house, Alterations, Furniture Covers, Fur Coats Repaired, 2/6 day; good worker, 374, Irish Times Branch Office, Hazrot street, Bridge.

EX-SOLDIER desires privilege of earning his bread; Manage, Assist every branch Gentleman's Outfitting Store, any position trusted; highest reference.—F 151, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 23 A

EDUCATED Youth seeks position as Junior Clerk; small salary to start; highly recommended. F 376, this office.

FARMER'S Son, desires position, car work; reference and cash security if required.—F 63, this office. 22 F

FURNITURE Salesman seeks engagement, good house; Free Stats preferred; 6 years' experience carpets, linos, furniture, etc. Address "Z 4416, Salesman," this office. 24 F

GENTLEMAN, 40 years of age, disengaged, seeks position as Secretary or Assistant to a Society or Company; fully experienced in all duties.—P 246, this office. 24 B

GENTLEWOMAN, healthy, amiable, offers daily services, 9 to 3; look after delicate person, sew, knit, mend, read, manage, assist housework if desired; non-resident; city; gentlepeople.—P 302, this office. 24 B

IRISH Speaker, Bookkeeper Clerk, long experience, disengaged; excellent references.—F 172, this office. 23 A

IRISHMAN, 26, I.C., ex-Officer, British Army, banking and railway experience, desires position of trust with good business house, city or provincial; highest references.—Box 1038, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast.

LADY Help, capable, Protestant, good needlewoman, required; state wages, references, smallest salary accepted. Address "Z 4459, Lady," this office. 25 B

LADY wishes position as Companion Housekeeper to lady, or attend invalid lady; salary moderate.—F 389, this office.

NATIONAL Army Officer, demobilised, desires position as Secretary; 10 years' experience all classes typewriting work, dramomo, motors and car parts, etc.—F 391, this office.

POLICE Pensioner (R.C., married) desires position as Caretaker, Timekeeper, or other responsible position; discharge very good.—P 256, this office. 24 B

REPRINT, young Lady resits position as Governess; city; highest references. Address "Z 4435, Reprint," this office. 23 A

SECRETARIAL or other light Clerical Work desired by Gentleman to whom occupation is more important than remuneration.—P 295, this office. 25 C

USEFUL Help, household duties; cookery, shopping; indoor or daily; well recommended.—E 179, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

VIOLINIST, first class, open for engagement, cinema or otherwise.—P 381, this office.

WARWICKSHIRE'S Improver wishes to hear of vacancy; good references; Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire. 23

WIDOW desires daily employment, Attendant elderly lady, gentleman; experienced.—P 417, this office.

YOUNG Lady, good Shorthand Writer and Typist, wishes to meet gentleman interview and help with public; has a good knowledge of the Paper Trade, and Hosiery (over 4 years, and has had charge of office in absence of principal).—Address "Z 4454, this office.

YOUNG Lady by birth wishes post as Companion Help; experienced; Protestant. Address "Z 4458, Help," this office. 24

MALE SERVANTS WANTED.

A MARRIED Couple Wanted for small family near Dublin; wife good cook, man silver, parlourwork; £60.—P 397, this office. 25 A

EXPERIENCED Couple required, Co. Dublin; entire work small house, garden; £65, with two rooms, coal, light. Address "Z 4368, Couple," this office. 23 A

HERD Shepherd Wanted; experienced, single, Protestant; send copies discharges. Address "Z 4429, Herd," this office.

RAILWAY Engineers—Wanted, good Men at once Apply R. Lombard, Inishbeg, Cross, Co. Cork.

WANTED, active, capable Man, to Milk; married, with wife willing to look after poultry; highest references must be given. Reply, stating wages required, with copies of discharges, to P 127, this office. 22 F

WANTED, General Man, indoor, for South County Dublin; must be good milker; state wages.—P 228, this office. 23 F

WANTED, Bank Porter, Co. Kildare; drive Ford car; married, ex-army pensioner, preferred.—"Z 4474, Porter," this office. 25

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS WANTED.

GARDENER (Foreman)—Wanted, an experienced Man for inside; well up in fruit growing, propagating, etc. Full particulars, with wages required, to Lee, Powerscourt Estate Offices, Enniskerry. 24 B

GARDENER, single, experienced, over 30, to Milk, Feed Cattle, and Woodland, together with small home farm. Send particulars of qualifications and references to R. 1874, this office. 21 X

MAN and Lodge Near city; state age, if gardening, milk and general work.—F 440, this office.

STRONG Youth Wanted (indoor), help Irish Gardener; fare advanced.—Rector, Comberford, Tuneton.

TWO Inside Foremen Gardeners required for good establishments. Apply, with copies, stating age and full particulars, to Joseph Orr, Son, Limited, Seedsmen, Dundalk. 24 B

WANTED at once, good Working Gardener; rises; wife cook; references; state wages required.—Mrs. Doyle, Brandon New Rose.

WORKING Gardener Wanted, Carrickmines District; single; Sandycove. 23 A

YOUNG Countryman, some similar experience, Wanted for Irish gentleman's residence, Dublin; must live in; to assist in garden, milk, etc.; wages commencing £1 a month (indoor); two other men kept, all Irish servants; must be capable, willing, steady, and good reference; travelling expenses paid; interview in Ireland; state age, experience, and wages.—Mrs. Hubard Gregg, The Grove, Old Windsor, Berks, England. 22 X

MALE SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

GENERAL Man, very trustworthy, wishes place; understands general upkeep of gentleman's small place, stock, farming, plain gardening; married, no family; Rural District preferred; very highly recommended; please state terms. Address "Z 4406, Man," this office.

HERD Wants situation, 21st February; milk, cattle; wife small dairy; 11 years present place; highly recommended.—J. Reilly, Barraghcore, Goresbridge, Kilkenny.

HERD Yardman, butcher, castrate, milker; wife dairy, poultry; highly recommended.—Mrs. Cassidy, Byrne, Rullenrode, Oulart, Gorey.

INDOOR Man Servant, experienced, windows, housework; wants to quiet comfy bachelor, country; immediate.—P 439, this office.

MARRIED Couple disengaged, Protestants, go Indoor Servants to quiet comfy bachelor, country; immediate.—P 440, this office.

MAN experienced in all farm work, good milker, also certified cowman driver; good character and highest references.—P 366, this office. 25 C

MAN, middle age, understands stallions, mares, foaling mares, hunters, stock, break young horses. Gresham, Ashbor. 19 21

MARRIED Couple wants situation; milking, usual yard duties; state terms.—R 1944, this office. 22 F

YOUNG Man, Irish and National, seeks employment; can milk, drive; very good Army character; excellent references.—Apply Thomas Mc'Donagh, Ballymun, Santry, Co. Dublin. 25 C

YOUNG Man disengaged, Care Motor, Help in Garden, Run, Motor, Knockdale, Dundrum. 24 B

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS DISENGAGED.

A GARDENER, disengaged, anxious to be taught Nursery Business in Co. outdoor Address "Z 4413, Gardener," this office. 24 F

GARDENER (R.C.), thoroughly experienced, requires situation; highest references.—D 801, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 22 F

GARDENER disengaged, seeks daily work or permanent; highly recommended.—D 801, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 22 F

GENTLEMAN's valet, any outdoor employment; experienced farm and garden; excellent references; single. Address "Z 4316, Gardener," this office. 22 F

GARDENER, skilled vegetable, Temporary or permanent employment required; pruning, renovation, or any class of work carried out; most excellent references. Apply Gardener, Courtney Cottage, Leopardstown.

HEAD Working Gardener seeks situation; long and satisfactory discharges; Protestant; married, no encumbrances; please state terms.—F 271, this office. 25 C

LADY strongly recommends excellent Gardener, perfect knowledge of fruit, flowers, vegetables, etc. Glenageary, Sandycove.

LADY Gardener desires permanent post, experienced in all branches of gardening, including poultry, also rockery with small garden. Address "Z 4450, Gardener," this office. 25 A

MAJOR Gardner, Sir S. O. Nugent strongly recommends his late Gardener (Working). Particulars on application, Farren-Connell, Mount Nugent, Co. Cavan. 23

STEWARD wants situation; understands stud, use to shooting, all farm, plantation work; handy. 21 Z 4294, Steward," this office.

SCOTCH Land Steward open for engagement; married; highly recommended. Address "Z 4356, Steward," this office.

WORKING Gardener, single-handed; understands fruit, flowers, vegetables, greenhouses; married, no family. Michael Keogh, Ballyfree Lodge, Glenealy, Co. Wicklow.

WANTED, situation as Gardener; 3 days weekly is spare; highly recommended. Apply Gardener, 28 Childers' road, Sandymount. 23

YOUNG Man, Gardener, understands flowers, vegetables and fruit trees, wishes to be employed in a gentleman's place.—P 277, this office. Age 20; single; willful. Address "Z 4437, Gardener," this office. 25 A

DOMESTICS WANTED.

AT Kennedy's (over Purcell's), 68 Sackville st.—Cooks, H. Finalds, H'maids, Finalds, Generals, etc.

WANTED, experienced, practical Working Housekeeper, with knowledge of cooking, for hotel in South of Ireland. Address, enclosing copies, salary, age, etc., to "Z 4308, Housekeeper," this office. 22 F

WANTED immediately, a trustworthy, energetic Working Housekeeper (Protestant), for farmer's house; take full charge; three in family; Small but first class references; treated as one of family. Apply William Gallagher, Kilcullen, Kildare.

WANTED, Lady or Gentleman to recommend retired Girl, 16 or 18 years, to help housework; family of two; Protestant preferred; good wages offered.—Apply 17—Hartley, Anaghmore, Co. Armagh. 24 F

WANTED, a good Daily Girl for housework.—No. 50, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock. 24 B

WANTED, 2 days weekly, good Housework; age Lansdowne road district.—Apply 2 Lansdowne road, Dublin. 23

WANTED, a Nursery Governess to take charge of four children, youngest three years; the three eldest going to school. Apply Mrs. D'Arcy, "Glendeha," Sipperary. 23 C

WANTED, good R.C. Nurse; Governess for City Office; four children, aged from 6 to 10 years. Address, stating salary, qualifications, etc., "Z 4407, Governess," this office. 24 B

WANTED, good Cook and Housemaid; 3 maids kept, 3 in family; County Kildare; good wages; state references. Address "Z 4336, Cook," this office. 23 A

WANTED, good Cook General for Bray; £28; house parlourmaid kept.—810, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray. 23 A

WANTED, experienced Cook General; also House Parlourmaid; family three; both good plain cooking; three in family; three maids kept.—P 319, this office. 24 B

WANTED for quiet country place, Co. Wexford, Cook General and House Parlourmaid, R.C.; elderly maids would suit; send copies and state age and wages expected. Address "Z 4405, Cook," this office. 24 B

WANTED, experienced, capable Cook; between-maid kept; small dairy. Address "Z 4307, Cook," this office. 22 F

WANTED immediately, good Cook; must be young, active, and well recommended. Apply Mrs. Kennedy, Port square, Kingstown. 24 B

WANTED, good Plain Cook; early help given. Apply Mrs. Odlum, Leinster Grove, Naas, Co. Kildare.

WANTED, good young Cook General. Apply 13 Upper Fitzwilliam street after 6 o'clock.

WANTED, experienced, middle aged Cook General; state terms, age, and references.—Hon. Mrs. de la Poer, Clea, Poer Kilsheelan, Co. Waterford. 25 C

WANTED, Cook General for Bandon; good wages to suitable person.—P 297, this office. 25 C

WANTED, good Single-handed Cook (R.C.), three ladies, small country house, one mile from town and shops; three maids kept.—Mrs. Blundell, Moss Grove, North Wales. 24 F

WANTED, Co. Wexford, immediately, experienced Cook General; house parlourmaid kept; small family; near town. Mrs. Fitzgerald, Newpark, Co. Wexford.

WANTED, Cook General, R.C., for King's County. Send copies of discharges, age, wages to "Z 4473, Cook," this office. 25 A

WANTED, 5th February, good Plain Cook; one who understands cooking for children; a reliable and obliging person preferred; good wages and good home. Apply Mrs. A. Moore, The Park, Athlone. 24 B

YOUNG Girl Wanted to train as Cook; one with some experience as kitchenmaid preferred. Apply Landscape, Jinkstown, Rathfarnham. 22 F

GENERALS WANTED.

A GOOD General Servant Wanted.—9 Morne road, Rathmines.

EXPERIENCED General Wanted by Irish lady Feb. 6th; four in family; good plain cooking required. Apply, full particulars, Mrs. Hall, 15 Elmdale road, Clifton, Bristol. 23 F

EXPERIENCED General Wanted. Call, 7 to 8, 31 Fitzwilliam square, South. 24 B

EXPERIENCED young General Wanted, country girl, 3 in family; small family, Kingstown; wages £26. Write with copies references, Mrs. Cooper, Walton's, Kingstown.

GENERAL required (girls to cook) for seven roomed cottage; £2 monthly; good outfitter.—Hamilton, Tower Lodge Poultry Farm, Sway, Hampshire. 23 A

GENERAL, good small family, good cook; £24. Call at 83 Rathgar road, between 5 and 7. 24 B

GENERAL for two in family; good plain cooking, some washing; wages £28. Apply, with references, Mrs. McCann, St. Alban's, Nesk. 25 C

GENERAL Wanted for Millliner, young country girl preferred; two in family; plain cooking, small washing, no scrubbing; good wages £24. Address "Z 4455, General," this office.

GOOD General Wanted; two in family. Apply 17 Carysfort road, Blackrock.

REQUIRED, strong capable General, plain cooking. Call 5 to 7, Yew Park, Castle avenue, Clontarf. 23 A

SMART General Wanted, very quiet place about 12 March, I.C. bachelor's house, no underground, suitable for girl; most laundry sent out; really good plain cooking and housekeeping required; send copies letters and photograph, stating age, religion, terms. Address "Z 4469, General," this office. 25 C

SUPERIOR General Wanted, Monkstown; must be good cook; well recommended; two in family; wages £30 and upwards; enclose copy references.—P 369, this office. 25 A

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

WANTED for 1st February, young Girl with some experience of general housework; simple duties; light work. Apply, with references, Mrs. Hanna, Castletown, Celbridge.

WANTED, elderly Working Housekeeper for manse in southern county; no duty, clean and active, children; with copies reference, stating age, to "Z 4463, Housekeeper," this office. 25 A

WANTED, a strong country Girl for Morgan's Hotel, Shankill. 24 B

WANTED, tidy Girl, light housework; two family; outdoor or indoor; references essential.—P 409, this office.

YOUNG Girl Wanted; small family, no children; good wages; Terenure. Address "Z 4456, this office. 25 B

VACANCIES FOR SERVANTS.

There are many vacancies in the REGISTRY of the "IRISH TIMES" for all classes of Good Servants. Terms and particulars will be forwarded. No fee charged. MATRON can recommend comfortable Homes where Servants can stay while waiting for situations. T

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

COOK General, young, Protestant, Required; share housework and cooking with other young maid; general; family of three; Dublin suburbs.—P 1945, this office.

COOK General and House Parlourmaid Required for Co. Kilkenny; two in family. Address, sending copies of references, wages and wages expected, to "Z 4336, Cook," this office. 22 F

COOK General for Maryborough; two in family; small washing; good outings; state wages. 23 A

COOK Wanted, middle February; good cooking; kitchenmaid kept. Apply, with references and copies of references, Henry, Luttrellstown, Clonsilla.

COOK Dairymaid Wanted for Monkstown; R.C., not under 30. Send copies of discharges, age and wages to P 254, this office.

COOK General and two Generals required for institution; good references; plain cooking; country girls preferred; wages £26 per annum.—F 3, this office. 25 B

COOK General Wanted immediately, young; must be good cook; no scrubbing; small family; good kept. Apply after 3 o'clock Monday or Tuesday, Blood, Agus Leon, Paris avenue, Dundrum.

COOK General Wanted, four miles city; house parlourmaid kept; four in family; good wages.—P 343, this office.

CAN a Lady recommend for Killiney a reliable Cook General (R.C.) for small family? Over 40, actively inclined, thoroughly honest; kitchenmaid kept; good cooking discharges to "

PIM BROS., Ltd.

Special Stocktaking Sale

FOR THREE DAYS ONLY.

We have now been through our Stocks for the purposes of our Half-yearly Stocktaking, and have put aside all Remnants, Stock-soiled or other Goods which we wish to dispose of before the commencement of the new season.

We shall offer these for Sale on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Next at Greatly Reduced Prices to effect a Clearance.

Our Winter Sale Ends To-day.

PIM BROS., Ltd.

South Great George's Street.

SWITZER'S SALE

All oddments and remnants of Silks, Dress Fabrics, Laces, Ribbons, etc., will be offered to-day at prices that will well recompense you for calling.

ENDS at 1 p.m. TO-DAY

Final Clearance offers of Costumes, Coats, Millinery, Blouses, Lingerie, Gloves, Hosiery, Footwear, Children's Wear and Gentlemen's Outfitting.

SWITZER & CO., LTD., GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN

MACHINERY CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.

FOR Sale, or Let, Portable Engine, 10 n.h.p., Marshall; also new Bench table in two parts, bished, 80' x 20', all in good working order; standing at Dunsilly district, Midlands. For terms apply "Z 4267, Engine," this office. 24 B

FOR Sale, Secondhand 6 h.p. Hornsby Portable Engine, in good steel frame and steel wheels, with patent coiling arrangement, and spare set of rings. Price £60, f.o.r. Cork. Apply McKenzies, Cork. 23 A

FOR sale, Lister Diesel Plant, 20 b.p. National engine, suction gas plant, electric light dynamo, switch board, 60 cell 520 amp battery set, suitable for cinema; can be seen working; £570. Address "Z 4476, Engine," this office. 25 C

LATHE, 9½ inch centre, 8ft. bed, S.S. cones, &c., good order—Simpkin, 19 Lower Abbey street, Dublin. 24 B

LISTER Lighting Set, brand new, direct coupled, 60 volts, 50 amps, mounted on iron bed plate, com for 6 h.p. for portable work, cost £171, Sell, £90—Clarke, Kenturk. 21 X

OIL Engine, Grinding Mills, Graters, Threshers, and 1d. 21 and 22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 10 T

PLOUGHS and Plough Fittings of all makes from land, 21-22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 9 T

REPAIRS to Engines, Boilers and Machinery Made, repaired. Boilers, Tubes supplied from stock.—Wilson & Co., Smithfield, Dublin. 24 B

SCREWCUTTING Lathe, back geared, 6in. centres, bed, change wheels and countershaft in good condition; £25, carriage paid to Irish port.—Parker, "Saddler," 24 O

SCREWCUTTING Lathe, back geared, 5in. centres, 9ft. bed countershaft, change wheels; good condition; £30, carriage extra, but a bargain; must be sold at once; cost plaything; but a tool right for work; £27 10s., carriage free to Irish port.—Parker, "Saddler," 24 O

TWO 35-40 h.p. Clayton Paraffin Caterpillar Tractors, almost new, £175 each.—Thompson, 19 Lower Abbey street, Dublin. 23 F

VERTICAL Steam Boiler Wanted, about 9 feet x 3 feet, working pressure 80lbs.; must be in good order. Full particulars to Pearson and Son, 38 Capel st., Dublin. 23 F

WANTED, Steam Derrick Crane, with 55ft. lattice jib, 3-ton lifting capacity, in good working order. Address "Z 4469, Thompson," this office. 24 B

WANTED, 4 Horizontal Petrol Engines, magneto ignition, in new condition; about £300, carriage paid to Irish port. Inquiries solicited.—Parker, "Saddler," Derby. 24 O

8 TON Steam Roller, compound spring, mounted with complete wheels and fittings to convert into motor traction; also 5½ Ton Motor Roller, also 4 Traction Engines.—Thompson, 19 Lower Abbey street, Dublin. 23 F

60 H.P. Suction Gas Refuse Producer Plant, for sawdust, peat, waste timber, etc.; practically new.—Thompson, 19 Lower Abbey street, Dublin. 23 F

DRESS AND COSTUME.

ABOUT Clothes—Miss Higgins, 1 Ayden's quay; highest prices Ladies' Gents' Children's Left Off Clothing, Jewellery, Artificial Teeth; country parcels received.

ABOUT Clothes—Miss Cohen, 5 Dame street, Dublin, highest prices for Left Off Clothing, Furniture, etc.; distance no objection.

ABOUT Clothes—Highest cash paid for all sorts OF Clothes, Jewellery, Silver Plate, False Teeth, Old Furs, Gentlemen's Left Off Clothing, etc.; postcard immediate attention; distance no objection.—Solomons, 43 Rathbone street, Dublin. 25 X

ABOUT Clothes—Highest prices for Ladies', Gents', Children's Left Off Clothing. Furniture, etc.; distance no objection.—Mrs. Watts, 16 Aungier street. 24 F

ALL French Cloaks, Costumes, Gowns, etc.—Madame Clare, 25 Nassau st., first floor; costumes and materials made up; Remodelling done; Furs Renovated. 24 F

ATTENTION Wives!—Guy Thorne contributes a Special Article on this topic in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. 24 F

CLOTHES and Uniforms, Tailors, 51 Lower O'Connell st., Dublin, second floor. Cut, Make, Trimmed, own materials; terms moderate. 24 F

DASHING Notes and Illustrations of latest styles appear in the Woman's Page of the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. 24 F

J. B. Johnstone, 21 Nassau street, Dublin, Ladies' Tailor, Habit Maker, Gent's Outfitter. 24 F

LADY, giving up country, has for Sale House Linen, Underclothing, Costumes, Coats, Dresses, Furs, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Gloves, Jewellery, Silver, Cutlery, Glass, Pictures, Books, Carpets, Rugs, Curtains, Blankets, Sheets, Quilts, Bedding, Kitchen Utensils, Garden Tools, Bicycle, Sewing Machine, Typewriter, Gramophone, Records, Cycle Lamps, Oil Stoves, Heaters, Fenders, Irons, Fire Irons, Fire Guards, Coal Boxes, Scales, Weights, Clocks, Watches, Chains, Rings, Brooches, Studs, Cuff Links, Pins, Purses, Bags, Cases, Trunks, Portmanteaux, Rugs, Shawls, Umbrellas, Sticks, Walking Sticks, Fishing Rods, Tackle, Guns, Cartridges, Cameras, Films, Plates, Lenses, Tripods, Enlarger, Developing Dishes, Lamps, Shades, Globes, Wicks, Chimneys, Oil, Paraffin, Candles, Matches, Soap, Brushes, Combs, Mirrors, Perfumes, Toilet Requisites, Medicines, Tonics, Pills, Ointments, Liniments, Lotions, Drugs, Chemicals, Bottles, Jars, Tins, Boxes, Packets, Cartons, Labels, Stamps, Envelopes, Writing Paper, Pens, Pencils, Rubbers, Ink, Blotting Paper, Rulers, Compasses, Protractors, Drawing Boards, Tables, Chairs, Desks, Stools, Forms, Easels, Blackboards, Maps, Globes, Charts, Books, Pictures, Frames, Ornaments, Vases, Flowers, Plants, Pots, Seeds, Bulbs, Tools, Implements, Barrows, Ladders, Hoses, Sprinklers, Pumps, Tanks, Cisterns, Pipes, Taps, Valves, Fittings, Tiles, Slates, Bricks, Cement, Lime, Sand, Gravel, Stones, Timber, Doors, Windows, Sashes, Glass, Locks, Keys, Bolts, Hinges, Screws, Nails, Tacks, Hammers, Saws, Planes, Chisels, Gimlets, Axes, Hatchets, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Dishes, Plates, Cups, Saucers, Basins, Jugs, Teapots, Kettles, Pots, Pans, Saucepans, Frying Pans, Stewpans, Boilers, Coppers, Ovens, Ranges, Grates, Fireplaces, Mantelpieces, Surrounds, Hearthstones, Hearthrugs, Mats, Linoleum, Oilcloth, Floorcloth, Tablecloth, Sheets, Blankets, Quilts, Bedding, Mattresses, Pillows, Bolsters, Bedsteads, Cots, Perambulators, Prams, Toys, Games, Dolls, Bears, Rocking Horses, Bicycles, Tricycles, Motor Cycles, Motor Cars, Motor Lorries, Motor Vans, Motor Omnibuses, Motor Coaches, Motor Ambulances, Motor Hearses, Motor Fire Engines, Motor Tractors, Motor Rollers, Motor Ploughs, Motor Harrows, Motor Mowers, Motor Reapers, Motor Binders, Motor Threshers, Motor Diggers, Motor Pumps, Motor Generators, Motor Dynamos, Motor Batteries, Motor Accumulators, Motor Tyres, Motor Tubes, Motor Rims, Motor Wheels, Motor Axles, Motor Springs, Motor Engines, Motor Gearboxes, Motor Clutches, Motor Brakes, Motor Steering Gear, Motor Bodies, Motor Hoods, Motor Screens, Motor Windows, Motor Lamps, Motor Horns, Motor Speedometers, Motor Petrol Tanks, Motor Petrol Pumps, Motor Petrol Gauges, Motor Petrol Taps, Motor Petrol Pipes, Motor Petrol Unions, Motor Petrol Valves, Motor Petrol Filters, Motor Petrol Strainers, Motor Petrol Carburettors, Motor Petrol Jets, Motor Petrol Needles, Motor Petrol Floats, Motor Petrol Chokes, Motor Petrol Primers, Motor Petrol Starters, Motor Petrol Magnetos, Motor Petrol Coils, Motor Petrol Condensers, Motor Petrol Contact Breakers, Motor Petrol Sparking Plugs, Motor Petrol Plug Spanners, Motor Petrol Plug Testers, Motor Petrol Plug Cleaners, Motor Petrol Plug Gauges, Motor Petrol Plug Adjusters, Motor Petrol Plug Insulators, Motor Petrol Plug Caps, Motor Petrol Plug Leads, Motor Petrol Plug Connectors, Motor Petrol Plug Terminals, Motor Petrol Plug Nuts, Motor Petrol Plug Washers, Motor Petrol Plug Gaskets, Motor Petrol Plug Sockets, Motor Petrol Plug Boxes, Motor Petrol Plug Cases, Motor Petrol Plug Covers, Motor Petrol Plug Guards, Motor Petrol Plug Shields, Motor Petrol Plug Screens, Motor Petrol Plug Windows, Motor Petrol Plug Lamps, Motor Petrol Plug Horns, Motor Petrol Plug Speedometers, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Tanks, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Pumps, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Gauges, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Taps, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Pipes, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Unions, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Valves, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Filters, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Strainers, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Carburettors, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Jets, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Needles, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Floats, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Chokes, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Primers, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Starters, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Magnetos, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Coils, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Condensers, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Contact Breakers, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Sparking Plugs, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Plug Spanners, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Plug Testers, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Plug Cleaners, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Plug Gauges, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Plug Adjusters, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Plug Insulators, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Plug Caps, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Plug Leads, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Plug Connectors, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Plug Terminals, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Plug Nuts, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Plug Washers, Motor Petrol Plug Petrol Plug 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KEMPTON PARK RESULTS.

1.30—WEYBRIDGE ELLING STEEPLECHASE of £175. 2½ m.

Mr. Tattersall's b. g. NED CARVER, by Crathorne, dam's ped. unknown, 10, 12-2 ..... F. Rees 1
Mr. J. Wood's SIR EYRE, 10, 12-7 T. Costello 2
Mr. Lines' BRIGHT PROSPECT, 5, 11-10 ..... F. Fish 3

Also ran—Lord Callart (J. Burns), Irish Field (M. Tighe), John Cheek (J. L'Estrange). Off 1-32. (Winner trained by G. Pooley).

Betting—5 to 4 agst. NED CARVER, 7 to 2 Irish Field, 6 to 1 Lord Callart, 7 to 1 Sir Eyre, 10 to 1 any other.

Won by four lengths; three lengths.

Where was no bid for the winner.

2.0—SUNBURY FOUR-YEAR-OLD SELLING HURDLE of £175. 2m.

Mr. Humphrey's b. c. PETER PAX, by Rock Flint—Irene Catherine, 10-0..... A. Smyth 1
Mr. Lines' RUN HONEY 10-5..... F. Fish 2
Sir H. Bird's CODFORD, 10-5..... J. Lefebre 3

Also ran—Flighty (G. Duller), Belasco (J. Burns). Off 2-1. (Winner trained by Smyth.)

Betting—11 to 10 agst. Flighty, 3 to 1 PETER PAN, 9 to 2 Codford, 5 to 1 Run Honey, 10 to 1 Belasco.

Won by a length and a half; four lengths.

The winner was bought in for 80 gns.

2.30—KEMPTON PARK HANDICAP HURDLE of £300. 2m.

Mr. V. Thompson's b. g. REDHILL, by Ricefield—Divine Flower, 5, 11-13 M. Beary 1
Mr. D. Barnett's ULSTER DIVISION, 7, 11-15 ..... F. Wootton 2
Mr. Wells' TOMAHAWK, 6, 12-0 ..... A. Smyth 3
Mr. Waldman's Hong Kong, 5, 11-7. G. Duller 0
Mr. Adams' Balloon, 6, 10-0..... T. Morgan 0
Lady Wallscourt's Flaming Sword, 6, 12-0 ..... F. Rees 0
Mr. Whitaker's Groomsport, 5, 11-13. A. Escott 0
Mr. L. Phillips' Perry Hill, 9, 11-7. T. Leader 0
Lord Rosebery's High Force, 5, 11-6 ..... D. Dick 0
Mr. Tait's Honeycomb, 6, 10-5..... W. Speck 0

Off 2-31.

(Winner trained by F. Hartigan.)

Betting—7 to 4 agst. Flaming Sword, 6 to 1 Hong Kong, 7 to 1 Honeycomb, 8 to 1 each REDHILL, Tomahawk, Ulster Division, High Force, and Perry Hill. 100 to 8 Groomsport, 20 to 1 Balloon.

Won by three-quarters of a length; four lengths.

3.0—LITTLETON HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of £200. 2m.

Mr. Platt's br. g. ARDGOUR, by Ardeven—Goura, 13-0..... F. Morgan 1
Mr. G. Knight's LOVELY BIRD, 7, 11-4 ..... A. Escott 2
Lord Henry Nevill's MERRY HORN, 6, 11-7 ..... W. O'Neill 3

Also ran—Hackdene (T. Duggan), Ardmore (J. Burns), Flibet (J. Mahoney, sen.), Lone Hand (T. Costello), Silken Prince (P. L'Estrange), Sage Fell (Lefebre), Victor Noir (D. Dick). Off 3.1 (Winner trained by F. Hartigan.)

Betting—11 to 8 agst. ARDGOUR, 6 to 1 Flibet, 7 to 1 Sage Fell, 8 to 1 Lovely Bird, 10 to 1 any other.

Won by three lengths; four lengths.

3.30—AMATEURS' HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of £150 (amateurs who have not ridden more than 25 winners under any rules). 3m.

Mr. Platt's b. c. MANTOL, by Sunloch—Leaside, 6, 12-3 ..... Mr. Tennant 2
Capt. Stansfeld's CONDOR, 7, 11-2 ..... Owner 2
Mr. Wilson's WICKERHEAD, a, 10-2 ..... Owner 3

Also ran—Perseverance (Owner), Peter Glen (Owner). Off 3.31. (Winner trained by F. Hartigan.)

Betting—3 to 1 on MANTOL, 10 to 1 any other.

Won by six lengths; a bad third. The others fell.

4.0—MIDDLESEX HURDLE of £250. 2m.

Mr. Reed's b. g. BATTLE CRUISER, by Mercutio—Petti Sing, 4, 10-5 ..... A. Smith 1
Mrs. Howeson's ALL AWAY, 4, 13-6 ..... F. Rees 2
Mr. Whitaker's HOLCHURCH, 4, 10-5..... H. Bell 3

Also ran—Bonne Race (T. Leader), Isle of Wight (F. Wootton), Squarson (G. Duller), Telemachus (A. Wescott). Off 4.0. (Winner trained by F. Hartigan.)

Betting—7 to 4 on All Away, 7 to 2 agst Squarson, 7 to 2 BATTLE CRUISER, 100 to 8 Vic's Choice or any other.

Won by four lengths; six lengths.

TO-DAY'S SELECTIONS.

The hurdle races to-day will attract much the largest number of the competitors, but it is possible for the Cranford Steeplechase to provide the best betting race, as several respective Liverpool horses are among the likely competitors here, and it will be interesting to watch the performance of Arravale, the handicapping of whom for the principal steeplechase in the Gatwick programme next week spoiled the acceptances for that event. In the Cranford Steeplechase Kirkwood is put out of the running by his penalty, as I cannot see him conceding weight to Sir Huon or 13lb. to Arravale. The condition of the "going" may prove the undoing of Habton, who would be a thorn in the side of the best on the top of the ground. Selections:—

Fulwell Hurdle—**Priority.**
Staines Steeplechase—**Charlton III.**
Echam Hurdle—**Household Brigade.**
Cranford Steeplechase—**Sir Huon;** if absent, **Arravale.**
Novices' Steeplechase—**Charlie Wise.**
Brentford Hurdle—**Long Corrie.**

[The figures in front of the names of the horses are an index to placings in their last three engagements—reading from right to left; (s)signifies started slowly.]

1.30—FULWELL (S.) HURDLE of £175. 2m. Aged lb.

030	HIGHLINA (Mr. Stokes) ..... Smyth	5 11 0
112	PRIORITY (Sir M. McAlpine) ..... Poole	9 11 0
220	PRINCE OLIVER (Mr. Longlands) ..... Longlands	5 11 5

(The above has arrived.)

154	CHALTOI (Mrs. D. Baker) ..... Martin	11 12 0
133	MANICO (Mr. Bennett) G. Bennett	10 12 0
011	KING GEORGE (Mrs. Bennett) Bennett	7 12 0
040	SCOTTISH KNIGHT (Mrs. Brock) ..... G. Bennett	8 12 0
401	S ARWICK (Mr. J. Cohen) ..... Lober	12 12 0
110	BUCKET (Mr. W. Grace) ..... Hume	6 12 0
220	PETTY CURY (Mr. T. Hartigan) ..... Poole	5 12 0
004	BOLD CHAP (Mr. A. Holmes) ..... Hogan	7 12 0
011	PUCK (Mr. Hutton) ..... Poole	6 12 0
042	CASTLEISKO (Mr. Benson) ..... W. Nightingall	7 12 0
205	SHOTMAKER (Lord Queenborough) ..... Gore	11 12 0
321	PERICO (Mr. Stevens) ..... Stevens	7 12 0
000	WARRINGTON (Capt. H. de Trafford) ..... W. Payne	6 12 0
000	ROMULEA (Sir A. Bowen) ..... W. Payne	6 12 0
130	LADY BESSA (Mrs. Cameron) Cameron	8 11 5
130	LADY GUY (Mr. W. Dawson) E. Dawson	5 11 2
0	RED INDIAN (Mr. Stevens) ..... Stevens	4 10 7

2.0—STAINES CHASE of £200. 3m.

203	PICTURE HALL (Mr. G. Lee) ..... Withington	10 12 5
110	CHARLTON III. Capt. H. de Trafford) ..... W. Payne	a 12 5
000	BROCHIL (Mr. Kershaw) ..... Anthony	11 12 5

(The above has arrived.)

212	POTHEEN (Lord Londesborough) ..... Coulthwaite	5 12 3
133	MISS FARLEY (Mr. Chapman) ..... Coulthwaite	11 11 8
041	SOUTHERNER (Col. Croft) ..... Law	6 12 8

2.30—ECHAM A.-Y.O. H'CAP HURDLE of £175. 2m. st.lb.

000	ANOTHER DUKE (Mr. Bennett) ..... Kirk	12 0
	ARCHANGEL (Mr. Larkin) ..... Larkin	12 0
0	ANOTHER DUKE (Mr. Bennett) ..... Stubbs	12 0
0	JUMP FOR JOY (Mr. H. Brown) ..... H. Brown	11 9
	MORE PRIDE (Mr. P. Shaw) G. Bennett	11 7
	LAUGHING CAVALIER (Mrs. Baker) ..... Martin	11 6
	HERRY BOB (Mr. Bartholemew) ..... Kelly	11 0
	OLLY BUTCHER (Mr. Cameron) ..... Cameron	11 4
	COLCANNON (7lb ex) (Mr. W. Alden) ..... Alden	11 3
	UNCERTAIN (Mr. Edge) ..... Edge	11 2
	RAMMONT (Mr. Bassett) ..... Batho	11 2
	PLANCO O'WHYTE (Mr. Fraser) ..... Fraser	11 0
	NICE ONE (Lady Tortington) ..... Sourar	11 0
	HARRIBOB (Mr. Waldman) ..... Martin	11 0
	COTTERELL BIBIGAL (Mr. Edge) ..... Poole	11 0
	MARLUX (Mr. S. Wootton) ..... Hulse	10 13
	WAGER (Miss Rodeomachi) ..... Powell	10 13
	MONTAGUE (Mr. Stratton) ..... Stratton	10 12
	ARMY ORDERS (Mr. Hamber) ..... Hamber	10 11
	THE BOATSWAIN (Mr. Reardon) ..... Reardon	10 10
	POTYPETCES (Mr. Humphrey) ..... Smyth	10 10
	PARAMOUNT CHIEF (Mr. Shoer) ..... Dare	10 8
	MISS FLUTTER (Mr. Betteridge) ..... Hancock	10 8

3.0—CRANFORD HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of £350. 3½ m.

140	ARRAVALE (Mr. Bennett) ..... Whitaker	9 11 11
132	SIR HUON (Lt. Wedgwood) ..... Gore	10 12 4
121	HABTON (7lb ex) (Mr. E. Platt) ..... F. Hartigan	6 12 10
222	IRISH LIGHT (Mrs. Lawlor) ..... Law	9 11 3

(The above have arrived.)

330	HABTON (Mr. Tiemp-on) ..... F. Hartigan	6 12 7
310	BEGGAR'S END (Lord Queenborough) ..... Gore	9 12 7
321	CHIN CHIN (Sir F. Price) ..... Gillett	8 12 5
000	CHIN CHIN (Mr. Bennett) ..... G. Bennett	8 12 5
334	ST. ENDAS (Miss R. Black) ..... Wood	11 11 8

3.30—NOVICES' STEEPLECHASE of £200. 2 m.

0	SPRIG (Mr. Portefield) ..... T. Leader	7 12 9
201	CHARLIE WISE (Mr. Barnett) ..... Hastings	7 12 9
233	DOUBLE BED (Mr. H. Blagrave) ..... H. Blagrave	7 12 2

(The above have arrived.)

021	REAHILLS (Mr. J. Hartigan) ..... Hartigan	5 12 0
001	CANOPUS (Mrs. D. Baker) ..... Martin	5 12 3
040	SCOTTISH KNIGHT (Mrs. Brock) ..... G. Bennett	8 12 2
024	WILD TIMES (Mr. H. Brown) ..... H. Brown	7 12 2

FOR TO-DAY'S KEMPTON MEETING

2.0 RACE.	2.30 RACE.	3.0 RACE.	3.30 RACE.	4.0 RACE.
Jump for Joy.	Arravale.	Charlie Wise.*	Euphrosynus.	
Paramount Chief.	Sir Huon.	Attaboy.		
Laughing Cavalier.	Habton.	Benjamin Cherry.		
Army Order.	Clonree.*	Double Bed.	Rookwood.	
Army Order.	Arravale.	Charlie Wise.	Benjamin Cherry.	
Laughing Cavalier.	Arravale.	Charlie Wise.	Rookwood.	
Glanforte.	Clonree.*	Canopus.	Euphrosynus.	
Colcannon; if ab., Dublin Pie.	Arravale (next best).	Charlie Wise.*	Beyrob; if ab., Bennett's selected.	
Laughing Cavalier.	Clonree.	Charlie Wise.	Rookwood.	
Paramount Chief.	Chin Chin.	North Waltham.	Euphrosynus.*	
Army Order.	Habton.	Sprig.	Beyrob.*	
The Boatswain.	Arravale.	Le Cellier.	Benjamin Cherry.*	
Paramount Chief.	Beggar's End.	Charlie Wise.	Benjamin Cherry.	
Laughing Cavalier.	Clonree.	Canopus.	Poole's selected.	
Laughing Cavalier.	Clonree.	Canopus.	Beyrob.	

THE FRENCH RUGBY TEAM IN DUBLIN.

Special *Irish Times* Photograph taken at the Shelbourne Hotel last night.

Back Row (left to right)—R. Lasserre (Grenoble), R. Piquiral (Racing Club), Henga, A. Ribeyre (Narbonne), L. Béguet (Racing Club), L. Pardo (Stade Hendayais), L. Lopatey (Mazamet), Panion, L. Cluchague (Biarritz).

Middle Row (left to right)—Bayard, L. Galau (Stade Toulaisain), A. Dupont (Rouen), R. Crabos (Saint Sever), R. Got (U.S. Perpignaise), A. Bihotéguy (Aviron Bayonnais).

Front Row (left to right)—Basson, D. Mourau (Beziers), J. Etcheberry (Cognac).

221	KIRKWOOD (Mr. Caudwell)	Gilbert	7 12	2
	BIRDY O' MINE (Mr. T. Clarke)	Clarke	7 12	2
004	CLYDIA (Mr. Bulow)	Earl	7 12	2
112	YORICK (Mr. Harris)	Evans	8 12	2
033	SWINTON (Mr. Harrison)	Wootton	8 12	2
044	KNIGHT OF THE ORIENT (Commander McCowen)	Bradford	6 12	2
300	FERRY SWALLOW (Mr. A. Scott)	Woolland	7 12	2
400	SHOOTING STAR (Mr. Stratton)	Stratton	9 12	2
010	ENNISCORTHY (Lt. Westmoreland)	Westmoreland	4 10	7
112	NORTH WALTHAM (Mr. J. White)	Whitaker	7 12	2
022	ROYAL SPORT (Mr. G. Bennett)	Bennett	4 10	7
400	LE CELLIER (Mr. T. Hankinson)	Whittington	5 11	10
	IRELAND'S HOPE (Mr. Dennis)	Dennis	5 11	10
003	CHILTINGTON (Mrs. Goode)	Goode	5 11	10
030	VOCALION (Mrs. Norman)	Kemp	5 11	10
	DOUBLE FIRST (Mr. Rogers)	Rogers	5 11	10
145	ANAVIL (Mr. Warren)	Stevens	5 11	10
124	TURDILL (Mr. Weedon)	Larkin	5 11	10
041	SIGNET (Mr. Bennett)	Bennett	5 11	10
	CONDODOLIN (Mr. S. Wootton)	Wootton	5 11	10
00	MANAMBAR (Col. H. Ruthen)	Whittington	4 10	7
	FASSAROE (Capt. Bibby)	Withington	4 10	7

4.0—BRENTFORD HANDICAP HURDLE of £200. 2 m.

00	ELULA (Lady Tennyson)	Poole
323	MOTHER ATTRACTION (Mr. P. Shaw)	G. Bennett
003	SIMON'S LIGHT (Mr. ——)	Gore
140	LONG CORRIE (Mrs. Colin)	G. Bennett
130	ARRAVALE (Mr. Bennett)	Whitaker
210	HAIRCELL (Lt. Fleming)	Kilmaine
000	POLYTAINT (Mr. Gordon)	Gordon
032	BEYROB (Mr. Rubin)	Smythe
011	MASTER'S PRIDE (Mr. Weedon)	Weedland
000	KILFLMYON LI (Mr. Gordon)	Gordon
000	AMOSE (Mr. J. Cuneo)	Earl
000	OAK LOCHINVAR (Mr. Gordon)	Gordon
000	SANS DOUTE (Mr. Saunders)	Clement
000	WHITE FRIAR (Mr. Bennett)	G. Bennett
402	ATTAROY (Mr. Dreiech)	Wigott
000	BENJAMIN CHERRY (Mr. Purefoy)	Clement
000	RED CITY (Mr. Bartholomew)	Kelly
000	PERHIA (Mr. Whitaker)	Whitaker
000	SILVERPARK (Mr. Reardon)	Reardon
234	EUPHROSYNUS (Mr. Dennis)	Poole
000	YAHNA (Mr. T. Hartigan)	H. Brown
000	ENVOY (Mr. H. Brown)	H. Brown
000	BELGIAN BOY (Mr. Richards)	Tabor
020	IRELAND GRAND (Mr. Bertish)	McMorran
3	DESERT ROSE (Mr. Miller)	Lewis
000	POLISSO (Mr. Weedon)	Larkin
0	TELLTOSE (Mrs. Putnam)	G. Fenwick
004	PHOO (Mr. D. Martin)	Martin
400	LADY DRAMSHOT (Mr. Barnett)	Earl
000	TOM (Mr. A. Hayes)	Poole
400	BRANDYBALL (Mrs. Dawson)	W. Nightingall
000	BLENHEIM (Mr. Lonsdale)	Hume
000	PROLIS (Mr. Poole)	Poole
002	ROSEWOOD (Mr. Phillips)	W. Nightingall
000	GOLD WILLOW (Mr. Mitchell)	Kelly
000	DIMANCHE DEAL (Mr. Dove)	Beller
000	GONDOLIER (Mr. Alden)	Alden

KILDARE AND NATIONAL HUNT (PUNCHESTOWN) RACES,

APRIL 29th and 30th.

Entries for the following race CLOSE on WEDNESDAY NEXT, January 30th, with Mr. F. H. Clarke, 9 Hume street, Dublin:—

LA TOUCHE MEMORIAL CUP and 400 sovs. added. A Perpetual Challenge Cup. A silver replica of the Cup will be given to each winner, with 400 sovs. (in specie) added, of which the second will receive 80 sovs., and the third 25 sovs. For horses five years old and upwards, the property, and in the possession, on and since January 1st, 1924, of members of, or of subscribers of not less than 10 sovs. to any established pack of fox or drag hounds in Great Britain or Ireland, or a pack of Harriers qualified to hold a point-to-point meeting under Rule 1, N.H.S. Rules, or of officers of the Free State or British Army who have, either individually or through their regiments, subscribed to the funds of such hunt during the season 1923-1924. A certificate to the effect that each horse has been regularly hunted with such hounds, by a person qualified to enter during the season 1923-24, signed by the Master and three members of the Hunt, must be lodged with the Registrar of the I.N.H.S. Committee not later than April 2nd or the horse will not be qualified to start. Exclusions—Horses that have been placed first, second, or third, in a race of the value of 90 sovs. exclusive of the value of Cups—under any recognised rules, on or since January 1st 1923, or that have won at any time won a racer, of any value under any recognised rules, are excluded. Weights—Five years old, 12st.; six years old and aged, 12st. 7lb. Penalties—The winner of a race or races collectively value 40 sovs., 6lb. extra; of a race value 80 sovs., 14lb. extra; of a race value 150 sovs., 21lb. extra. Riders—Those qualified to enter, and who are also "Qualified Riders" under I.N.H.S. Rules. About four miles and a quarter, over the "Old National Hunt Cup Course." Entrance 3 sovs. Horses not struck out on March 5th pay 5 sovs. extra. To close on January 30th.

4-Farmers' Races, the National Hunt Cup at Punchestown, King's Cup at Gatwick, and races confined to one specified Hunt, the Military Hunters' Race at Punchestown, Navan, or Fairyhouse, and Regimental Races are excepted.

—(Advt.)

LEOPARDSTOWN CLUB FIRST MARCH MEETING,

SATURDAY, MARCH 1st, 1924.

The following Races CLOSE on WEDNESDAY NEXT, January 30th, with Mr. H. Harold Clarke, 5 Hume street, Dublin:—(Telegraphic Address—"Turfclub, Dublin").

MAIDEN AUTUMN PLATE RACE of 100 sovs. One mile and a half.

THE DUN LAOGHAIRE HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 100 sovs. One mile and a half.

THE CARRICKMINES HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 100 sovs. One mile and a half.

THE SILVERPARK STEEPLECHASE of 100 sovs. Two miles and about 175 yards.

THE BRAY HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of 100 sovs. Two miles and about 175 yards.

THE LEOPARDSTOWN STEEPLECHASE of 200 sovs. Three miles and about 100 yards.

—(Advt.)

NEXT WEEK'S ENGLISH MEETINGS.

We are informed that every endeavour is being made to run Nottingham meeting on Monday and Tuesday, despite the railway strike continuation.

Haydock Park Executive intend carrying on next week's card meeting, provided sufficient horses can get to the course. Horses engaged will be accepted now onwards, and the exercise course will be available for work at all times.

SPECIAL SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY.

Daily Mirror :—Double — Warrain (nap) and Clonree.
Daily News :—Double — Priority and Charlie Wise.
Daily Graphic :—Double—Chin Chin and Euphrosynus.
Daily Express :—Double — Arravale and Charlie Wise. Safety bet—Charlie Wise.
Daily Chronicle :—Double — Clonree and Euphrosynus.
"To Beat the Book":—Euphrosynus.
Westminster Gazette :—To-day's best — Benjamin Cherry. Double—Charlie Wise and Benjamin Cherry.
Daily Mail :—Special selection—Canopus.

SPORTING PARAGRAPHS.

Crombill Belle has gone into Hanley's stable at Epsom.

The 10st. given to Epinard in the Lincolnshire Handicap is a record for the race, the previous highest weight being the 9st. carried by Polymelus in 1907. Polymelus did not accept.

Owners and trainers are reminded that entries for the La Touche Memorial Cup, to be run at Punchestown on the 30th April, close on Wednesday next.

Only three times in the last twenty-five years has the Grand National been won by a horse carrying more than 12st. Manifesto (1899), Jerry M. (1912), and Poethlyn (1919), each had 12st. 7lb.

Mr. MacGuire, the executrix of the late Mr. J. P. MacGuire, has notified the Keeper of the Match Book that she has taken over all the engagements of the horses lately the property of the deceased.

"THE IRISH FIELD."

Those who propose to visit Lansdowne road to-day—and the Dublin sporting world does intend doing so—should find the current issue of the *Irish Field* the best possible guide, philosopher and friend, seeing that a copy will serve to identify the players on both the Irish and French teams. Individual photographs of the Irish Fifteen are given and a photo group (taken only last evening) of the French visitors. With the *Irish Field* in hand it will be possible to follow clearly the ebb and flow of the game and its players; and here let us hope that the odds-on chance will be bowled over this afternoon, for we all must admit that the French are the favourites for to-day's journey. To-day it just runs to twenty-four pages of varied sporting information, and includes, amongst other details, some interesting special articles—to name a few: "A Jockey's Letter-Box," "Impressions on Horse Shows in Canada and Ireland," and "The Kerry Beagle."

HOCKEY.

The Rugby International at Lansdowne road to-day will take a toll from hockey fixtures, but the Leinster semi-final round of the Irish Senior Cup will be played as will also three ties in the second round of Leinster clubs in the Irish Junior Cup competition.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

IRISH CUP—SECOND ROUND.

Three Rock Rovers v. Monkstown, Foxrock (2.15 train from Harcourt street). Umpires—Messrs. F. Jackson and D. J. Cotter.

Dublin University v. Dublin Union. College Park, 12.30. Umpires—Rev. J. Crockett and Mr. S. M'Ilveen.

JUNIOR CUP—SECOND ROUND.

R. and S.P. Union 2nd v. Dublin University 2nd. Park avenue, 1 o'c. Umpires—Messrs. J. S. M'Mahon and P. Robinson.

Pembroke Wanderers v. Dalkey. Serpentine avenue, 1.30. Umpires—Messrs. W. F. M'Donnell and D. Robinson.

Y.M.C.A. v. Royal College of Science. Claremont road. Umpires—Messrs. A. Cork and Bolger.

Three Rock Rovers 2nd v. Monkstown 2nd, postponed.

MIDLANDS SECTION.

Moate v. Tullamore. At Moate. Umpires—Messrs. C. Bruton and F. Kelly.

LEINSTER LEAGUE.

INTERMEDIATE A.

Enfield v. Portarlington. Enfield.

Monkstown 3rd v. Kingstown G.S. 2nd. Royal tce.

Dalkey 2nd v. Pembroke Wanderers 2nd. Dalkey.

Bray v. Dublin University 3rd. Bray.

National Bank 2nd v. C.L.T.C. Terenure.

College of Surgeons v. Three Rock Rovers 3rd. Terenure.

JUNIOR LEAGUE.

Y.M.C.A. 2nd v. Kingstown G.S. 3rd. Claremont road.

Fairview C.Y.M.S. 2nd v. Dalkey 3rd. Dalkey.

Monkstown 3rd "A" v. Dublin University 3rd "A." Royal terrace.

LADIES' MATCHES.

Victoria A v. Old College A. Milltown, 3 o'clock.

Victoria B v. Civil Service B. Temple Hill, 3.30.

TEAMS.

R. and S.P. Union—I. Ryan; K. Browner, K. Downey, J. Pratt, W. Chiddick (capt.), J. Ryan; T. Brown, J. Bell, J. Thompson, C. Waller, P. Gillespie.

R. and S.P. Union 2nd—C. Pielow; E. Short, J. M'Elveen, A. Black, J. Larkin (capt.), O'Donoghue; H. Bollard, T. Bissette, W. Hennessy, Pearman, R. Powell.

There are Reserves—W. P. M'Cormick; J. Pilkington, C. Blair White; R. Brown, E. W. Hornidge, W. Campbell, N. Mitchell, J. Cairnes, J. Mahony, C. O'Reilly, G. Y. Boyd.

LEINSTER LADIES' TEAM.

The following have been selected to represent Leinster v. Connaught, in Dublin, next, 31st inst., at Milltown. If any are unable to play, they are asked to notify the Hon. Secretary, Miss L. K. Darling at once:—

Goal—Miss Gregg (Old College).

Fulls—Misses O'Reilly (Maids), Levingston (Trinity).

Halves—Misses Dilworth (Old College), Taylour (Monkstown), Mrs. Mahony (Monkstown).

Forwards—Misses Perrin (Optimists), Wallis (Maids), Hornidge (Monkstown), M'Cann (Maids), M'Intosh (Old College).

There will be several changes in this team for the match v. Munster on Friday.

NATIONAL BANK v. PEMBROKE WANDERERS.

Players and umpires please note that this fixture is postponed.

COUNTY DUBLIN BOARD, N.A. AND C.A.

At the fortnightly meeting of the Board, Mr. P. Lynch, K.C., presiding, lists of registration were submitted by Castlerilla Harriers, G.S. and W. Rly. Harriers; and D.M.P.A.C., and passed. A number of transfers of athletes were lodged and accepted. Entry forms for the Junior Cross-Country Championship, to be held over Phœnix Park Racecourse on Saturday, 9th prox., were distributed. The scrutiny and draw for stations will take place at the next meeting on Monday, 4th February. The Hon. Secretary reported that application had been made to the Board of Works to have a plot of ground selected in the Phœnix Park by the Board, reserved as a training ground for the athletes of Dublin.

Communications were read from a number of the Dublin schools re the proposed Athletic League, and the matter was adjourned till next meeting, when it is expected replies will have been received from all the schools communicated with on the subject. A further list of encouraging replies were read from sporting organisations, schools, etc., re the proposal to have a conference held shortly with a view to the establishment of a system of physical training, etc., for the youth of Ireland.

HUNTING.

HUNTING APPOINTMENTS.

THE WARD UNION.

Date—January.	Meet	Hour
Saturday, 26th	Prestown Cross-roads	1.30
Wednesday, 30th	Dunleckney	1.30

February.

Saturday, 2nd	Rathgate	1.30

THE KILDARE.

January.

Saturday, 26th	Enfield	11. 0
Tuesday, 29th	Edenstown Chapel	11. 0
Thursday, 31st	Dunlavin	11. 0

February.

Saturday, 2nd	Celbridge	11. 0

THE MEATH.

January.

Monday, 28th	Lake View, Mullagh	11. 0
Tuesday, 29th	Rathkenran	11. 0
Thursday, 31st	Patrickstown Cross	11. 0

February.

Friday, 1st	Somerville	11. 0

TIPPERARY HOUNDS.

AN EIGHT-MILE POINT.

Despite the difficulties of the Tipperary Hunt, there are communications in the phenomenal sport which is limited following are now enjoying. This week produced the run of the season. Many famous foxes in Tipperary can never be forgotten, and the Mardyke fox can now be added to the list. In anticipation, an unusually large field arrived at Hanora Hoare, on Wednesday. The first draw was Pront's, where four bad foxes occupied the time ringing until 1 o'clock, when Mardyke was called on, at 2.10 o'clock. At 2.15 the great fox was viewed away, not slinking by the fences or avoiding the people, but straight for his point by Ballyclough House. Leaving the village on his left, he crossed the Hill of Knockanure House, Knockanure old cover, towards Ballyphilip, and crossed the Ballincurry and Ballingarry roads at such a pace that the field became reduced to six. The big dog hounds raced over a lovely bank country, through Lower Graban, up the hill come to Wilford, through Upper Crohan, and into Ballylusky cover, where this great fox was left, at 2.53 o'clock, having covered eight miles. He did not pass one ploughed field, and only two strands of wire were cut in one fence, while the going was fairly sound considering the conditions.

So, even with our limited means, there is every prospect of a good future for the Tipperary Hounds. REMOVANT.

LONGFORD HARRIERS.

A big field met these harriers at Castlewilan, the residence of Mr John Keogh, a keen supporter of the Hunt, on Tuesday last. Hounds moved off in the direction of Rathaney and soon found, and after a run of two miles ensued, when puss ran out of sight. They then found in the lands of Mr. C. Coily, and hunted towards Sunfield, on by the left over the park, famous for its walls. Still by the left, through Liscormack, into Knockagh, through Dr. Flood's paddocks, near Colehill village, and back to where they found. This was a real good hunt.

WATERFORD HOUNDS.—January:—Monday, 28th, Kildarmody; Wednesday, 30th, Grace Dieu. February:—Friday, 1st, Rathgormack; Tuesday, 5th, Sportsmount; Friday, 8th, Kilmacthomas. 11 o'clock (weather permitting).

WATKINS, 77 and 78 DAME ST., DUBLIN.—Hunting, Polo, and Racing Bootmaker and Legging Specialist. Boots to measure in one week. —(Advt.)

T. J. MURRAY, SADDLER, 58 DAME STREET. —(Advt.)

GAELIC GAMES.

CURRENT TOPICS.

(BY PAT'O.)

So well have the Army footballers been playing recently that the match between the selected Army team and Dublin was eagerly awaited. We are disappointed to-day that the match is postponed for a fortnight, several members of the Army team being down with influenza. In view of the big trial championships carried on in the Army, and a powerful side were concentrated in the Curragh for training. Whilst the lads in the middle of the month of the Dublin and Curragh Commands, Waterford is strongly represented, and the Cork, Limerick, and Galway contingents are showing a keen interest in the steady progress at the Curragh; trial matches were played to get the individuals familiar with one another, and the Dublin selectors had a difficult task, which it was hoped to lower the colours of the famous O'Toole combination. The latter had their full share of the play in hope, but Gilsenan, Dunne, Kickham's, Mary's, Geraldine's, and Keating's. But we must now await February 10th for this attractive game.

This postponement gives us a light bill for Sunday, and leaves Croke Park vacant, but the Leagues will be on at other venues, namely Parnell Park, James's Park, and the Phœnix Park have full programmes. The well-known Colleges, Belcamp and Terenure, meet at Croke Park this afternoon, and such keen rivals ought to provide an exciting game. The Schools' Leagues have almost a score of matches down for decision, and form is still scarce and of hurling is rapidly improving.

Spirited rivalry always exists between Dublin-born and country-born Gaelic footballers, and the match arranged for February 3rd is receiving widespread attention. The city-born teams has been selected by Mr. P. M'Donald, of the O'Toole's, and is as follows:—

J. M'Donnell (O'Toole's), goal. P. Carey (O'Toole's), J. Fitzgerald (do.), W. Robbins (do.), J. O'Reilly (do.), Jos. Synott (do.). P. M'Donald (do.), capt.; John Synott (do.), W. Rooney (Geraldines), Carroll (St. Mary's), M. Bradshaw (do.), C. M'Donald (do.), M. Shanahan (do.), J. Murphy (Keating's), Dan Doyle (Geraldines), and Dan Doyle.

The country-born footballers have been selected, and are being captained by Wm. Donovan (Kickham's). The full forwards are:—Sherlock (Kildare), Fallon (goal), Kirwan (Galway), Sherlock (Kildare), Walshe (Kildare), Hunt (Mayo), Norris (Meath), Holland (Cavan), Egan (Kildare), Hennessy (Cork), Kirwan (Cavan), Kilcoyne (Sligo), Stynnes (Kildare), Williams (Tipperary), Burke (Kildare), Connolly (Galway).

Speculation is rife as to the respective merits of the teams. The city-born men will be the better combination, for they have repeatedly played together, but the men from the provinces are all sound footballers, who have been playing brilliantly with city clubs recently. A nine miles per hour and ten miles cycle—both handicaps—add to the attractiveness of the programme.

For the first time since its destruction the Cork athletic grounds were re-opened last week, and a fine crowd watched a good football final for the 1923 Cork Championships between Lees and Youghal. Lees managed to scrape through, and won their first championship for many years. The latter is stated to have been the best seen down South for some years, and Cork County selectors are not without a hope of winning the Munster title this year. Cork won the football championship in 1911, but have never shown up prominently since then, being regularly beaten by either Kerry or Tipperary. Latest reports from the latter counties speak of a football revival in Munster. The hurling final between Limerick and Tipperary is listed for the Cork grounds at an early date, and will provide an exciting struggle.

The first G.A.A. handball convention takes place at Croke Park next Sunday. Delegates from twenty counties are expected. The strong handball counties of Limerick, Cork, and Tipperary have thrown in their lot with the G.A.A., and the exchampion, Bowles, is one of Limerick's delegates. His colleague, Mr. William Gleeson, of Pedamore, has done more for handball and native games generally than most men. Though a veteran (his years have not staying for years), Mr. Gleeson still cycles as much as 90 miles in a day to see a big match.

The cross-country season, which is rapidly drawing to a close, has been a very successful one in the metropolis. Clonliffe is once more the leading club and unless Cork springs a surprise the Warns will capture both championships, for they pack better than any other club. Their team won comfortably last Saturday, and this outstanding club deserves its success. The senior cross-country championship will be most important this year

PARLIAMENTARY NOTICES.

In the Oireachtas

Session 1923-1924.

DUBLIN ELECTRICITY SUPPLY.

(Incorporation and purposes of Company; Capital and borrowing powers and; Reduction of capital and borrowing powers and; formation of fund for that purpose; Limitation of dividend in relation to the regulation of price, by reference to dividend rate; Payment of interest out of capital; Authority to subscribe for securities of or lend money to incorporated Companies; Company's stock debentures, etc., to be trust securities; Power to local authorities, etc., to subscribe for hold, etc., stock debentures, etc., of Company; Meetings of the Company, preparation of accounts, rights of voting; Nomination of directors by subscribing local authorities, etc.; Authority to construct and maintain works; Limits of deviation; Breaking up and otherwise interfering with public and private roads, etc.; Extinction of rights of way, etc.; Dredging and alteration of the River Liffey and King's River, etc.; Alteration of level of Saint Mark's Graveyard; Placing of electric lines above ground; Exercise of powers of Electricity (Supply) Acts, etc.; Acquisition of lands, etc., compulsorily or by agreement; Authority to erect generating and transformer stations; Exemption from provisions of section 68 Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845; Agreements between Company and owners of any lands, etc.; Purchase money and compensation in respect of lands, etc.; Power to erect depots, etc., dwellings for employees; Power to retain or sell, etc., lands; Authority to extend the limits of supply; Area of Supply; Erection of posts, etc., sub-stations, transforming stations, etc.; Conditions of supply of charges, etc.; Acquisition of other electricity undertakings; Application for provisional and other Orders under public authorities Acts; Agreements between Company and local authorities, etc., for supply; Authority to deal in electric plant and fittings; Authority to acquire patents, etc.; Power to make agreements for purposes of Bill; Incorporation, Application, repeal and amendment of Acts; Saving of rights inconsistent with Act; Deposit of plans, maps, sections and book of reference; Supply of copies of Bill.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application is intended to be made to the Oireachtas of Saorstat Eireann in the present Session for leave to bring in a Bill (hereinafter referred to as "the Bill") for all or some of the following purposes (that is to say):—

1. To incorporate a Company (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") for the purpose of producing and generating electricity by water power or steam or other power and distributing and supplying and using electricity and of constructing and establishing works for all or any of such purposes and for the sale of, or dealing in, or using necessary for or ancillary to those purposes and generally for the purposes of the Bill.

2. To define the capital and borrowing powers of the Company and to confer upon the Company various powers for or in connection with the raising and borrowing of such capital and issue of capital debentures or debenture stock (whether redeemable or irredeemable) and by borrowing on mortgage or by all or any of those means and to make other financial provisions.

3. The Bill will or may provide for the reduction of the capital and borrowing powers of the Company by the purchase or repayment or redemption and cancellation of stock mortgages debentures or debenture stock of the Company and for the formation of a fund or funds for that purpose.

4. The Bill will or may provide for or for the limitation of the rate of dividend on the ordinary capital of the Company in relation to the price for the time being charged by the Company for the electricity supplied by them to all or some of their consumers or alternatively will or may provide for the regulation of the price to be charged by the Company for electricity supplied to all or some of their consumers by reference to the rate of dividend from time to time paid on their ordinary capital or will or may make such other provision as may be thought fit for regulating or limiting the profit to be derived from the interests to be created or acquired or taking by the holders of stock of the Company.

5. To authorise the Company to pay out of capital interest on their ordinary capital and on mortgages debentures or debenture stock during the period of construction of the intended works or for such other period as may be defined in the Bill or otherwise prescribed and to provide that no such interest so paid shall not be liable to income tax.

6. To authorise the Company to subscribe for securities of or money to incorporated companies taking or agreeing to take a supply of electricity from the Company or carrying on any undertakings for purposes incidental to or connected with the purposes of the Company.

7. To provide that all or some of the stock mortgages debentures debenture stock and other securities of the Company shall be deemed to be securities in which Trustees may invest trust moneys.

8. To authorise local authorities bodies and companies having jurisdiction within or possessed of undertakings within the area of supply to subscribe for purchase hold and dispose of stock debentures debenture stock or other securities of the Company and to make provisions as to the rates and revenues or to borrow or raise money on the security thereof for that purpose.

9. To make provisions as to the meetings of the Company the preparation of accounts the directors of the Company the rights of voting the appointment of proxies and other administrative matters.

10. To authorise local authorities bodies or companies subscribing for debentures or debenture stock of the Company to nominate directors of the Company and to make provisions as to the powers functions and tenure of office of directors so nominated.

11. To authorise the Company to make and maintain in the Counties of Kildare Dublin and Wicklow or some or one of them or parts or part thereof respectively together with ennoakments dams bridges roads approaches culverts tanks waste sluices sluice quays channels sewers drains pipes telegraphs telephones wires turbines machinery pumping plant buildings and other works and conveniences with conveniences connected with or ancillary to the said works or any of them or necessary or convenient for constructing maintaining altering or repairing cleansing managing and using the same.

The said intended works are the following (that is to say):—

WORK No. 1.—A reservoir in the townlands of Bishopsland Horsepasstown Ballymore Eustace Kane Falaheen Commons Ballynakill Kilmanoge and Glebe East all in the Nass No. 1 Rural District and County of Kildare and in the townlands of Tuthercastle Oldcourt Waterfall Crossbarbour Holyvalley Haylands Blessington Knockieran Lower Burgage Moyle Burgage Moyle Boughlone Turnerscastle Oldcourt Lower Russellstown Russborough Lackan Tullarris Rathbellying Boystown or Baltyboys Upper Ballinahowly Britstonstown Hempstown Baltyboys Baltydoyle Hempstown Commont or Cross Harristown Johnstown Blackditches Lower Annacarney Lockstown Lower Carrigacurra Ballykinnahan and Ballynakill all in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow to be formed by a dam across the River Liffey at a point 356 yards or thereabouts above Poulaphouca Bridge measured in a direct line from the centre of that bridge and to extend up the River Liffey for a distance of 3 miles 2 furlongs 8 chains or thereabouts from the junction thereof with the King's River measured in a straight line up Woodend Brook to a point 200 yards or thereabouts measured in a straight line below Woodend Bridge up Ballynakill Brook to a point 1950 yards or thereabouts above Priests Bridge measured in a straight line up Oghill Brook to a point 1835 yards or thereabouts from Priests Bridge measured in a straight line up Ballynakill Brook to a point 840 yards or thereabouts from Cock Bridge measured in a straight line up Annacarney Brook 1260 yards or thereabouts from Cock Bridge measured in a straight line and up the King's River for a distance of 4 miles 3 furlongs 8 chains or thereabouts from the said junction measured in a straight line. The said dam will commence in the said townland of Bishopsland at a point 354 yards or thereabouts measured in a straight line in a north-easterly direction from the centre of Poulaphouca Bridge and 70 yards or thereabouts measured in a north-westerly direction from the centre of the River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam and will terminate in the said townland of Bishopsland at a point 379 yards or thereabouts measured in a straight line in a north-easterly direction from the centre of Poulaphouca Bridge and 67 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said river at the said point of intersection.

WORK No. 2.—An aqueduct conduit or line or lines of pipes in the townland of Bishopsland in the Naas No. 1 Rural District and County of Kildare commencing in the intended Reservoir (Work No. 1) hereinbefore described at or near the dam thereof and terminating in the intended generating station to be erected by the Company on the right bank of the River Liffey at a point below Poulaphouca Bridge 34 yards or thereabouts measured along the said river from the centre of that bridge.

WORK No. 3.—A reservoir in the townlands of Boystown or Baltyboys Upper and Humphrystown Silverhill Lower all in the Naas No. 1 Rural District and County of Kildare and in the townland of Blakestown Lower in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow to be formed by a dam across the River Liffey at a point below Poulaphouca Bridge 53 yards or thereabouts measured along the said river from the centre of that bridge and to extend up the River Liffey for a distance of 2 miles 6 furlongs 2 chains or thereabouts measured along that river in a westerly direction from the centre of Poulaphouca Bridge.

The said dam will commence in the said townland of Bishopsland at a point 1390 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the centre of Poulaphouca Bridge and 65 yards or thereabouts measured in a northeasterly direction from the centre of the said river at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam and will terminate in the said townland of Broadmeadows Commons in a point 1050 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a westerly direction from the centre of Poulaphouca Bridge and 45 yards or thereabouts measured in a southwesterly direction from the centre of the said river at the said point of intersection.

WORK No. 4.—A reservoir in the townlands of Walterstown Coonmore Lockstown Lower Lockstown Upper Longstone Lower Knockanaboley Grenaleagh Upper Corduff and Glenmalure all in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow to be formed by a dam across the King's River at a point below Lockstown 225 yards or thereabouts measured along that river from the centre of the said bridge and to extend up the King's River for a distance of 3 miles 2 furlongs 8 chains or thereabouts measured along that river from Lockstown Bridge and up the Douglas River for a distance of 2340 yards or thereabouts measured along that river from the junction thereof with the King's River and up the Little Douglas Stream for a distance of 4620 yards or thereabouts measured along that stream from the junction thereof with the King's River.

The said dam will commence in the said townland of Lockstown Upper at a point 259 yards or thereabouts measured in a direction from the centre of Lockstown Bridge and 152 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction from the centre of the said King's River at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam and will terminate in the said townland of Walterstown at a point 248 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a northerly direction from the centre of Lockstown Bridge and 131 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the centre of the said King's River at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam.

WORK No. 5.—A reservoir in the townlands of Ballysmuttan Upper Aldown Ballynatona Ballydonnell Knockboy North Ballynacrock Scourlockstown and Ballylow all in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow to be formed by a dam across the River Liffey at a point 361 yards or thereabouts measured along the said river from the centre of the said bridge and to extend up the River Liffey for a distance of 2238 yards or thereabouts measured along that river from Ballysmuttan Bridge and up the Ballylow Brook and Ballydonnell Brook for distances of 1310 yards and 1480 yards or thereabouts respectively from the junction of the said brooks or one of them with the said River Liffey measured along the said brook or brooks. The said dam will commence in the said townland of Scourlockstown at a point 476 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a northerly direction from the centre of Ballysmuttan Bridge and 306 yards or thereabouts measured in a north-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 574 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in an easterly direction from the junction with the said River Liffey at a point in the western side thereof 676 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a northerly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge.

PARLIAMENTARY NOTICES.
(Continued).

WORK No. 6.—A reservoir in the townlands of Greatconnell Walshestown and Boarstown all in the Naas No. 1 Rural District and County of Kildare to be formed by a dam across the River Liffey above Connell Ford at a point 535 yards or thereabouts measured along the said river from the said ford and to extend up the River Liffey for a distance of 3070 yards or thereabouts measured along that river from the said ford.

The said dam will commence in the said townland of Greatconnell at a point 542 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in an easterly or south-easterly direction from the centre of the said ford and 150 yards or thereabouts measured in a north-easterly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam and will terminate in the said townland of Walshestown at a point 558 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Connell ford 78 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-westerly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam.

WORK No. 7.—A reservoir in the townlands of Castlefin Demesne Parsonstown St. Wolstans Conerpurrow Lodge Castlefin Park and Castlefinn all in the Celbridge No. 1 Rural District and County of Kildare and in the townlands of Deadrinagh and Backweston Park all in the Celbridge No. 2 Rural District and County of Dublin to be formed by a dam across the River Liffey above Leixlip Bridge at a point 650 yards or thereabouts measured along that river from the centre of the said bridge and to extend up the River Liffey for a distance of 3600 yards or thereabouts measured along the said river from Leixlip Bridge.

The said dam will commence in the said townland of Confordrinagh at a point 488 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a southerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge and 102 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction from the centre of the said River Liffee at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam and will terminate in the said townland of Leixlip Demesne at a point 548 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-westerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge and 40 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection.

WORK No. 8.—A diversion in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of (a) the road leading from Valleymount to Burgage and Blessington (b) the road leading from Baltyboys or Ballyboys Upper to the road connecting the said roads (a) and (b) near the King's River such deviation commencing in the said townland of Boystown or Baltyboys Upper by a junction with the last-mentioned road at a point in the southern side thereof 853 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in an easterly direction from the junction thereof with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin.

The said dam will commence in the said townland of Greatconnell at a point 542 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in an easterly or south-easterly direction from the centre of the said ford and 150 yards or thereabouts measured in a north-easterly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam and will terminate in the said townland of Walshestown at a point 558 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Connell ford 78 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-westerly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam.

WORK No. 9.—An alteration in the townlands of Crossconlanhoran and Tiercastle in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the level of the road from Blessington to Ballyward such alteration of level commencing in the said townland of Crossconlanhoran at a point 276 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the point at which the said road crosses the culvert forming the boundary between the said townlands and terminating in the said townland of Tiercastle at a point 258 yards or thereabouts measured along the said road in a north-easterly direction from the point at which the said road crosses the said culvert.

WORK No. 10.—A deviation in the townland of Butterhill in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road from Ruadie Bridge to Woodend Bridge such deviation commencing by a junction with the said road at a point in the southern side thereof 720 yards or thereabouts measured along the said road in a westerly direction from Woodend Bridge and terminating by another junction with the said road at a point in the northern side thereof 893 yards or thereabouts measured along the said road in a westerly direction from the said bridge.

WORK No. 11.—A deviation in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Butterhill in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Blessington to Butterhill such deviation commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower by a junction with the said road at a point in the northern side thereof 60 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the centre of Ruadie Bridge and terminating in the said townland of Butterhill by another junction with the said road at a point in the northern side thereof 760 yards or thereabouts measured along the said road in a westerly direction from Woodend Bridge and terminating by another junction with the said road at a point in the northern side thereof 893 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction from the said bridge.

WORK No. 12.—A diversion in the townlands of Ballykinchan and Carrigmcurra in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from the village of Ballykinchan to the road from Blackditches Bridge to Valleymount such diversion commencing in the said townland of Ballykinchan by a junction with the first mentioned road at a point in the south-eastern side thereof 413 yards or thereabouts measured along the said road in a north-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the Ballykinchan Brook and terminating by another junction with the same road at a point in the southeastern side thereof 200 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a south westerly direction from the point at which that road crosses the Ballykinchan Brook.

WORK No. 12a.—A widening in the townland of Carrigacurra in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow on the northern side of the road leading from the village of Ballykinchan to the road from Valleymount to Blackditches Bridge such widening commencing at the point of termination hereinbefore described of the intended diversion of the first mentioned road (Work No. 12) and terminating at a point 167 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction from the point at which the first mentioned road crosses the Annacarney Brook.

WORK No. 12a.—A diversion in the townlands of Carrigacurra Annacarney and Valleymount or Cross in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from the village of Ballykinchan to the road from Valleymount to Blackditches Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland of Carrigacurra by a junction with the first mentioned road at a point in the southern side thereof 167 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction from the point at which the first mentioned road crosses the Annacarney Brook and terminating in the said townland of Valleymount or Cross by a junction with the said road at a point in the eastern side thereof 187 yards or thereabouts measured in a northerly direction from the junction thereof with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin at a point 412 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a westerly direction from the centre of Ballymuttan Bridge and 944 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a westerly direction from the centre of Ballymuttan Bridge and 226 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a north-easterly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection.

WORK No. 13.—A diversion in the townlands of Boystown or Baltyboys Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of (a) the road leading from Valleymount to Burgage and Blessington (b) the road leading from Baltyboys or Ballyboys Upper to Poulaphouca and (c) the road connecting the said roads (a) and (b) near the King's River such deviation commencing in the said townland of Boystown or Baltyboys Upper by a junction with the last-mentioned road at a point in the southern side thereof 853 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in an easterly direction from the junction with the road from Poulaphouca to Dublin and terminating in the said townland of Humphrystown by a junction with the said road at a point 826 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a north-easterly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof by the said road.

WORK No. 14.—A diversion in the townlands of Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road from Poulaphouca to Baltyboys such diversion commencing in the said townland of Humphrystown by a junction with the existing road from Poulaphouca to Baltyboys at a point in that road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a direction in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof by the said road with the Rinsend Road and ending at a point 87 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a northerly direction from the centre of Humphrystown Bridge and terminating in the said townland of Boystown or Baltyboys Upper by a junction with the said road (a) hereinbefore referred to at a point in the western side thereof 365 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in an easterly direction from the junction with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin.

WORK No. 15.—A road in the townland of Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow connecting by a junction with the existing road from Poulaphouca to Baltyboys at a point in that road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a direction in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof by the said road with the Rinsend Road and ending at a point 87 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a northerly direction from the centre of Humphrystown Bridge and terminating in the said townland of Boystown or Baltyboys Upper by a junction with the last-mentioned road at a point in the southern side thereof 853 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in an easterly direction from the junction thereof with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin.

16. To authorise an alteration of the level of St. Mark's Graveyard in the townland of Burgage More in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County Wicklow and to make provisions with respect to such alteration of level.

17. To authorise the Company to place maintain and use electric lines above ground in over along or across the Company's generating stations roads and footpaths and private and other lands.

18. To enable the Company to exercise all or any of the powers of the Electricity Supply Acts 1882 to 1922 and the Electric Lighting (Clauses) Act 1899 and the Gasworks Clauses Act 1847 and any Acts amending or extending the same in the townlands of Bishopsland Horsepasstown Ballymore Eustace Kane Falaheen Commons and Nicholastown in the Naas No. 1 Rural District and County of Kildare Ballynakill Kilmanoge and Glebe East all in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow Ballysmuttan Upper Aldown Ballynatona Ballydonnell Knockboy North Ballynacrock Scourlockstown and Ballylow all in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow Greatconnell Walshestown and Boarstown all in the Naas No. 1 Rural District and County of Kildare and in the townlands of Castlefin Demesne Parsonstown St. Wolstans Conerpurrow Lodge Castlefin Park and Castlefinn all in the Celbridge No. 1 Rural District and County of Kildare and in the townlands of Deadrinagh and Backweston Park all in the Celbridge No. 2 Rural District and County of Dublin to be formed by a dam across the River Liffey above Leixlip Bridge at a point 650 yards or thereabouts measured along that river from the centre of the said bridge and to extend up the River Liffey for a distance of 3600 yards or thereabouts measured along the said river from Leixlip Bridge.

The said dam will commence in the said townland of Confordrinagh at a point 488 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a southerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge and 102 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction from the centre of the said River Liffee at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam and will terminate in the said townland of Leixlip Demesne at a point 548 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-westerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge and 40 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection.

WORK No. 8—A diversion in the townlands of Blessington and Haylands in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow commencing in the said townland of Blessington by a junction with the intended road diversion (Work No. 8) hereinbefore described at a point 208 yards or thereabouts measured in a north-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 574 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in an easterly direction from the junction with the road from Poulaphouca to Dublin at the road leading from Blessington to Ballyward and terminating in the said townland of Haylands by a junction with the last-mentioned road at a point in the southern side thereof 853 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in an easterly direction from the junction thereof with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin.

18. To authorise the Company to stop up and to extinguish rights of way or other rights over or in roads streets footpaths and ways as may be defined in the Bill and to vest the site and soil thereof in the Company or to make such other provision (if any) as to the vesting thereof as may be thought fit.

19. To authorise the Company to dredge deepen widen and alter the course of the River Liffey and of the River Liffey the King's River and any other rivers streams brooks or watercourses within the limits of deviation marked on the said deposited plans.

20. To authorise an alteration of the level of St. Mark's Graveyard in the townland of Burgage More in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County Wicklow and to make provisions with respect to such alteration of level.

21. To provide that the provisions of the Acquisition of Land (Assessment of Compensation) Act 1919 shall apply (with or without modification or amendment) to the compulsory acquisition of land by the Company and to provide that the Company shall be a public authority within the meaning of that Act.

22. To exempt the Company from the provisions of Section 68 of the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act 1845 and to empower them to purchase parts only of houses buildings or manufactories without being obliged to purchase the whole thereof and to empower the Company to purchase or acquire compulsorily or by agreement easements of rights over or in respect of the same.

23. To authorise the Company upon all or any of the lands next hereinafter described or any lands adjacent thereto to erect and maintain works and use stations for producing generating using and transforming electricity and any material produced matter or thing and to erect and maintain works and use stations for producing generating using and transforming electricity and any material produced matter or thing in connection therewith and for the generation or transformation with all necessary or convenient dynamos batteries accumulators storage motors prime motors transformers condensers turbines engines pipes pumps plant machinery works buildings appliances apparatus and conveniences connected therewith or enabling or to enable generate transform transmit convey store use and distribute such electricity materials products matters and things and to use the same within the area of supply hereinafter mentioned.

The said lands are the following (that is to say):—

(1) Part of the townland of Bishopsland in the Naas No. 1 Rural District and County of Kildare on the right bank of the River Liffey and extending along that bank from a point 25 yards or thereabouts from the centre of Poulaphouca Bridge measured along the river to a point 500 yards or thereabouts from the same Bridge measured along the river and extending a distance of 155 yards or thereabouts at right angles therefrom to the said River Liffey.

(2) Part of the townland of Bishopsland in the Naas No. 1 Rural District and County of Kildare on the right bank of the River Liffey and extending along that bank from a point 500 yards or thereabouts from the centre of Poulaphouca Bridge measured along the river to a point 2445 yards or thereabouts from the same Bridge measured along the river and extending a distance of 155 yards or thereabouts at right angles therefrom to the said River Liffey.

(3) Part of the townland of Knockatiflane in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County Wicklow on the left bank of the River Liffey extending from a point on the said right bank 700 yards or thereabouts from the junction of the Shaukin River with the River Liffey measured along the river to a point 820 yards or thereabouts from the same junction measured along the River and extending back from the river a distance of 80 yards or thereabouts.

(4) Part of the townlands of Watterstown and Jonstown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow on the left bank of the King's River extending along that bank from a point 1478 yards or thereabouts from the junction of the Little Douglas Stream with the King's River measured along the said river to a point 1867 yards or thereabouts from the same junction measured along the said river and extending back from the said river a distance of 125 yards or thereabouts.

(5) Part of the townlands of Greatconnell and Walshestown in the Naas No. 1 Rural District and County of Kildare and in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow on the left bank of the River Liffey extending along the river from a point 250 yards or thereabouts above Connell Ford measured along the river to a point 25 yards or thereabouts below Connell Ford measured along the river and extending back from the river on both banks a distance of 80 yards or thereabouts.

(6) Part of the townlands of Cooldrinagh and Backweston Park in the Celbridge No. 1 Rural District and County of Dublin on the right bank of the River Liffey extending along that bank from a point on the said bank 600 yards or thereabouts from Leixlip Bridge measured along the river to a point on the said bank 975 yards or thereabouts from Leixlip Bridge measured along the river and extending back from the river for a distance of 60 yards or thereabouts.

(7) Lands in the City of Dublin comprising an area of 1.48 acres or thereabouts adjoining the Liffey Loop Line Railway and bounded on the north thereof being 44 yards or thereabouts from the centre of Griffith Bridge measured in a straight line in a north-easterly direction and on the east by the boundary of Rathdown and the County of Wicklow

is bounded by an imaginary line as follows:—

Commencing at a point on the boundary of the County of Dublin thence due west to Balcurris House in the County of Dublin from thence to Burnaby House in the County of Dublin thence to Offaly Bridge in County of Kildare from thence through part of County Meath to Fernanisock Station on the Great Southern and Western Railway in the County of Kildare from thence to the summit of the Hill of Allan in the County of Kildare from thence to Kilpatrick House in the County of Kildare from thence to the Pipers Stones Brownell Hill in the County of Kildare from thence due east to the Sallins Bridge in the County of Kildare thence to Wicklow from thence to the Summit of Mullaghcleevaun in the County of Wicklow from thence to the Sugarloaf Mountain in the County of Wicklow thence to the Summit of the Three Rock Mountain in the County of Dublin and from thence due east to the point of commencement in the aforesaid boundary of the City of Dublin back to the Stand Hose Baldoyle County of Dublin.

24. To authorise the Company to erect construct lay down and maintain on in under or over the surface or bed of streets footways bridges rivers or places in the said lands buildings engines machinery standards poles stays and supports and sub-stations transforming stations and other works in addition to such other works and apparatus as are hereinbefore referred to.

30. To make provisions with respect to the rights and obligations of the Company as to the supply of electricity and the terms and conditions on and subject to which and the bodies and persons to whom and the purposes for which the same may be supplied the charges for electricity supplied by the Company and to authorise the Company to enter upon take and use any lands and property for the purposes of supplying electricity and to recover charges for the supply of electricity or other moneys due or payable to them under or by virtue of the provisions of the Bill.

31. To provide for and authorise the acquisition by agreement by the Company of electricity undertakings and plant and property connected therewith and of any rights and powers and to vest the same in the Company and to make provisions and regulations as to the terms and conditions on which and the bodies and persons to whom and the purposes for which the same may be supplied the charges for electricity supplied by the Company and to authorise the Company to enter upon take and use any lands and property for the purposes of supplying electricity and to recover charges for the supply of electricity or other moneys due or payable to them under or by virtue of the provisions of the Bill.

32. To authorise the Company to apply for and obtain Provisional Special or other Orders under the Electricity (Supply) Acts 1882 to 1922 and the Electric Lighting Act 1899 with respect to the supply of electricity in any area in or adjoining the area of supply or for amending or extending any such Orders or any of the powers conferred thereby.

33. To authorise the Company and local authorities companies bodies or persons to enter into and carry into effect agreements for and with respect to the supply in bulk or otherwise of electricity to or by the Company and for the sale or hire of any of the Company's plant fittings or materials or with respect to the execution of works.

34. To authorise the Company to acquire or provide and use or to sell let on hire erect and maintain or otherwise deal in or dispose of electric lines and electric services and apparatus and transformers fittings lamps and other machinery apparatus and appliances and to provide that any articles or things let on hire by the Company shall not be deemed to be landlords fixtures or be subject to distress or to the landlords remedy for rent or to be liable to be taken possession of by any Court or any proceedings in bankruptcy against the person in whose possession the same may be.

35. To authorise the Company to acquire and hold patent and other rights and licences in relation to the generation or use of electricity.

36. To authorise the Company to carry into effect of agreements and arrangements with respect to all or any of the purposes of the intended Act and to sanction and confirm any such agreement or arrangement which has been made or may be made during the progress of the Bill relating to any of the matters hereinbefore referred to or provided for in the Bill.

37. To incorporate with the Bill or to make applicable to the Company and their undertaking (with such modifications extensions and amendments if any as may be prescribed by the Bill) or to exempt the Company and their undertaking from or to vary in whole or in part the provisions of their undertaking all or some of the provisions of the Companies Clauses Acts 1845 to 1889, the Lands Clauses Acts, the Railways Clauses Consolidation Act 1845, the Railways Clauses Act 1863, the Electricity (Supply) Acts 1882 to 1922, the Electric Lighting (Clauses) Act 1899, the Gasworks Clauses Act 1847 and any Act or Acts amending or extending those Acts.

38. To vary or extinguish all or any rights and privileges inconsistent with or which would or might interfere with the objects of the intended Act and to repeal or alter all or any other privileges.

39. Duplicate plans and sections describing the lines situations and levels of the intended works and the lands through which the line or lines will be made and duplicate plans showing the lands and property which may be taken or used compulsorily under the Bill together with a map and with a Book of Reference to such plans containing the names of the owners or reputed owners lessees or reputed lessees and the occupiers of such lands and property will on or before the 30th day of January instant be deposited for public inspection with the Principal Clerk of the Private Bill Office, Leinster House, Dublin; the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Kildare at his office at the Court House, Naas, in said County; the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Dublin at his office at the Session House, Green Street, in the County of the City of Dublin; the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Meath at the Crown Office, Trim, in said County; the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Wicklow at his office at the Court House, Wicklow, in said County; the principal officer of the Ministry of Local Government at his office Government Buildings, Upper Merrion Street, Dublin; the principal officer of the Ministry of Industry and Commerce at his office Government Buildings, Upper Merrion Street, Dublin; the principal officer of the Ministry of Fisheries at his office 3 Kildare place, Dublin; the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners of Public Works at his office at the Court House, Naas, in said County; the Secretary of the Dublin County Council at his office 11 Parnell Square East, in the City of Dublin; the Secretary of the Meath County Council at his office in the County Hall, Navan, in said County; and the Secretary of the Wicklow County Council at his office at the Court House, Wicklow, in said County; with the Town Clerk of the Borough of Dublin at his office Law Department City Hall Dublin; the parish or Dublin Poor Law Union Board of Guardians at their respective offices of the Rotunda Hospital Parnell Square Dublin; the Clerks of the respective Rural Districts of Naas No. 1 and No. 2 and Celbridge No. 1 and 2 Naas No. 1 and 2 Athy No. 1 and 2 Baltinglass No. 1 and Donaghmeden respectively at their respective offices 66 Middle Abbey street, Dublin; Clane, Naas, Celbridge, Kilcullen, Naas, Athy all in the County of Kildare; Loughlinstown, County Dublin; Blessington in the County of Wicklow; and Baltinglass in the County of Wicklow; and with the principal officer of the Land Commission at his office Upper Merrion Street, Dublin, and a printed copies of the Bill will be deposited in the Private Bill Office on or before the 20th day of February next and on and after the 21st day of February next a copy of the Bill may be inspected and copies thereof may be obtained at the price of 5/- each at the offices of the undersigned Solicitors to the Company Agents.

Dated this 19th day of January, 1924.

D. and T. FITZGERALD, 20 St. Andrew Street, Dublin, Solicitors and Parliamentary Agents for the Promoters.

SIR JOHN PURSER GRIFFITH, Rathmines Castle, Rathmines, Co. Dublin.

ALFRED DOVER DELAP, Priorsland, Carrickmines, Co. Dublin;

DARRELL FIGGIS, 24 Kildare Street, Dublin.

JOHN WM. GRIFFITH, Greenane, Temple Road, Rathmines, Co. Dublin.

GEORGE MARSHALL HARRISS, Montrose, Queen's Park, Monkstown, Co. Dublin.

The area within which it is proposed to empower the Company to supply electricity and which comprises the whole or part or parts of the following area (that is to say):—

(a) The Whole of the City of Dublin

(b) Parts of the Counties of Dublin Kildare Meath and Wicklow

(c) The Urban Districts of Rathmines and Rathgar Pembroke Blackrock Dun Laoghaire Dalkey Killiney and Ballybrack and Howth

(d) Parts of the Rural Districts of North Dublin South Dublin Celbridge No. 1 Celbridge No. 2 Naas No. 1 Naas No. 2 Rathdown No. 1 Rathdown No. 2 Athy No. 1 Baltinglass No. 1 and Donaghmeden

(e) The Barony of Newcastle County Dublin and parts of the Baronies of Cosloch Castlekieran Upper Cross and Rathdown in the County of Dublin the Baronies of North Salt South Salt North Naas and South Naas all in the County of Kildare and parts of the Baronies of Breathy and Oughterany Clane Connell East Offaly West Offaly Kilcullen and Narragh and Reban East all in the County of Kildare parts of the Baronies of Dunboyne and Upper Deece in the County of Meath and parts of the Baronies of Rathdown and Lower Talbotstown County Wicklow

(f) The parishes of Howth Kilbarrack Raheny Clontarf Clonturk Drumcondra Glasnevin and parts of the parishes known as part of Grangegorman part of St. Georges and the parish of Kilmainham and parts of the parishes of Saint Audoen Saint Michan Saint Mary Saint Paul Saint Thomas Saint James and Saint Catherine all in the County of the City of Dublin; the parish of Chapelizod the parishes known as part of the parish of Castleknock Clonsilla and part of the parish known as part of Finglas all in the County of Dublin the parish of Ballyfermot the parish known as part of Esker the parish of Palmerstown the parishes known as part of Tallaght the parish of Catherines part of St. James part of St. Judes part of St. Nicholas Without part of the parish of Donnybrook the parish known as part of Booterstown the parish of Dalkey the parish of Crumlin all in the Barony of Upper Cross and County of Dublin the parish known as part of Booterstown the parish of Dalkey the parish known as part of Donnybrook the parishes of Kill Kilmanod, the parish known as part of Monkstown the parishes of Killiney and Ballybrack part of the parishes of Kilgobbin and Killiney and of the parishes known as part of Rathdarragh and part of Tuney and of the parish of Tully all in the Barony of Rathdown and County of Dublin the parishes of Balheen Conshaboo Donnybrook Dunmurryhill Kilcock Templeogue and part of the parishes of Clondrury and Scullogesown all in the barony of Healthy and Onchterany in the County of Kildare the parishes of Bridestchurch Curragh Clane Downings and Killybegs and part of the parishes of Ballinaffech and Timahoe all in the Barony of Clane and the parishes of Ardclonagh and Castlemitchell in the Barony of East Offaly and County of Kildare part of the parish of Kilcullen and County of Kildare part of the parishes of Kilcullen and County of Kildare and part of the parishes of Davidstown and Usk in the Barony of Narragh and Reban East in the County of Kildare part of the parish of Ballyshannon in the Barony of West Offaly and County of Kildare part of the parishes of Ballymore Eustace and Hollywood in the County of Kildare and County of Wicklow and part of the parishes of Ballysaggartmore Blessington Baltyboys Upper and Baltyboys Lower and Donaghmore in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow and part of the parishes of Ballymore Eustace Ballynakill Glebe East Kilmanoge Ballynakill Glebe West Kilmanoge and Ballynakill all in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow and part of the parishes of Ballysmuttan Upper Aldown Ballynatona Ballydonnell Knockboy North Ballynacrock Scourlockstown and Ballylow all in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow and part of the parishes of Greatconnell Walshestown and Boarstown all in the Naas No. 1 Rural District and County of Kildare and in the townlands of Castlefin Demesne Parsonstown St. Wolstans Conerpurrow Lodge Castlefin Park and Castlefinn all in the Celbridge No. 1 Rural District and County of Kildare and in the townlands of Deadrinagh and Backweston Park all in the Celbridge No. 2 Rural District and County of Dublin to be formed by a dam across the River Liffey above Leixlip Bridge at a point 650 yards or thereabouts measured along that river from the centre of the said b

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS

THEATRE ROYAL
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
PHI-PHI,
NEXT WEEK—
A WHIRL OF GIRLS,
Featuring
MAGGIE DICKINSON and SYD CULVER,
DIRECT FROM "THE MUSIC BOX" REVUE.

THEATRE ROYAL.
SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 3rd, at 8 p.m.
ARMY SCHOOL OF MUSIC
No. 1 BAND.
Conductor:
COLONEL FRITZ BRASE.
Vocalist—Mr. MICHAEL GALLAGHER.
PROGRAMME.
Irish March ..... G. Molyneux Palmer
Vorspiel and Liebestod from "Tristan and Isolda" ..... Wagner
Solveig's Song ..... Grieg
Grand Fantasy, "The Valkyrie" ..... Wagner
Introduction and Chorus from "Carmen" ..... Bizet
Irish Fantasy No. 1 ..... Fritz Brase
(In answer to numerous requests.)
L'Invitation à la Valse ..... Weber
Overture, "Maritana" ..... Wallace
Prices (including Tax):—Boxes (see plan), Dress Circle, 5/3, Parterre, 3/6, Upper Circle (Unreserved), 2/4, Gallery, 1/-.
Booking at Theatre Royal.

TIVOLI (6.45 and 9. Tel. 4125.) THEATRE
THE FLYING WINSKILLS,
Sensational Comedy Acrobats.
Tara Noon, Billy French, Bros. Sullivan.
Arthur Beresford, Les Mandells.
KAMAKURA FAMILY.

PAVILION, DUN LAOGHAIRE
LAST DAY OF
NORMA TALMADGE'S GREAT PICTURE,
The VOICE FROM THE MINARET
At 5.55, 6.15, and 8.45. "Felix the Cat."
LARRY SEMON in "THE BARNYARD."
MON.—Alma Rubens in "Find the Woman."

LA SCALA THEATRE.
LAST DAY.
REX INGRAM'S FAMOUS PRODUCTION,
"TRIFLING WOMEN."
ALL STAR CAST.
SHOWING AT
3.15, 5.45, 8.15.

CORK SPRING SHOW AND SALE
OF
PEDIGREE AND NON-PEDIGREE BULLS AND HEIFERS,
ALSO SWINE.
TO BE HELD ON 28th FEBRUARY.
ENTRIES CLOSE FEBRUARY 7th.
For Prize Lists and all particulars apply
J. BYRNE, Secretary, 21 Cook street, Cork.

FEIS CEOIL, 1924.
DUBLIN,
MAY 12th to 17th.
SYLLABUS NOW READY.
Price 2d., post free, from
Music Shops, or 37 Molesworth street.

IMPERIAL BALLROOM (CLERY's).
TO-NIGHT, 8 to 12.
TWO BALLROOMS.
MR. MRS. and MISS LEGGETT BYRNE.
VENTRILOQUISM AND CONJURING.
"PRIMER,"
Celebrated Entertainer.
Open for Engagements. Schools and Children's Parties, Concerts, etc. Terms reasonable. Apply to GILLS, 15 Nassau st. 'Phone No. 2284.

DANCING.
MISS HAINES,
13 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
Private Lessons by Appointment. Classes as Usual

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.
In the Goods of
MARK BROWN, late of Ashmount, Clara, in the King's County, Esquire, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given that by a Codicil to his Will, dated the 26th day of April, 1923, said Codicil being dated the 25th day of June, 1923, the above-named Deceased bequeathed the following charitable bequest to the Representative Body of the Church of Ireland, the sum of £250, to be invested by the said Body, and the Income thereof to be applied by the said Body in aid of the yearly assessment of the Parish of Clara, and on condition that the said Body shall take all necessary steps to maintain his plot in the graveyard of the Parish Protestant Church of Clara in proper order every year to the satisfaction of his Trustees.
Probate of said Will was, on the 16th day of January, 1924, granted forth of the District Registrar at Mullingar of the High Court of Justice in Ireland Eireann to William Paterson, of 5 Cornwall street, Belfast, and Francis O'Dowd, of 24 Ormeau gardens, Belfast, the Executors and Trustees named in said Will.
Dated this 22nd day of January, 1924.
A. and L. GOODBODY, Solicitors for the said Executors, Tullamore, and 24 Dame street, Dublin.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.
In the Goods of
ARCHIBALD HENRY MONTFORT, late of the Stewart Institution, County Dublin, Medical Doctor, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 30 and 31 Vic., Chap. 54, that the above-named Archibald Henry Montfort, deceased, who died on the 1st day of November, 1923, by his Will, dated the 11th day of June, 1907, devised and bequeathed to
All the rest, residue, and remainder of his Property, real and personal, of which he should die seized of or possessed, as to one moiety thereof to the Treasurer for the time being of the Parish of St. Nicholas Without and Saint Luke, in the City of Dublin, and as to the other moiety thereof to the Treasurer for the time being of the Parish of Coolkenno in the County of Wicklow, to be by them respectively invested in the names of the Treasurer of the respective Parishes, or other trustee parties, and the income thereof to be applied by the Rector and Church Wardens of the said Parishes respectively each year on Christmas morning within the precincts of the said Churches, by payment thereof in sums of one pound sterling in gold to such poor Protestant widow resident in the said Parishes respectively and should there not be sufficient poor widows resident in the said Parishes the remainder of such income to be paid in like manner and in like sums to poor Protestant orphans resident in the said Parish, with power to the said Rector and Church Wardens, should there not be sufficient widows and orphans in the said Parishes respectively to increase the sum of one pound each to such sum, as shall be available under the circumstances then arising.
Probate of the said Will, and a codicil thereto, was granted on the 14th day of July, 1923, forth of the Principal Registry of the King's Bench Division (Probate) of the High Court of Justice, Saorstat Eireann, to the Reverend Archibald de Montfort, one of the executors, the other executor having pre-deceased the deceased.
By Order of the High Court of Justice, Saorstat Eireann, of the 14th November, 1923, it was declared that the said bequest to the Treasurer of the Parish of St. Nicholas Without and Saint Luke was now payable to the Treasurer of the Parish of St. Luke, in the City of Dublin, and that the said bequest to the Treasurer of the Parish of Coolkenno was now payable to the Treasurer of the Parish of Aghold, in the County of Wicklow.
Dated this 11th day of January, 1924.
McCOY and COMPANY, Solicitors for the said Executor Clones.
To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests, and all other persons concerned.

IN THE MATTER OF
JAMES NOLAN, late of Castle street, Nenagh, Deceased, and
MARY NOLAN, Widow of the said James Nolan.
All persons having any claims against the above, or either of them, are requested immediately to furnish, in writing, full detailed particulars of same to
JAMES O'BRIEN, Solicitor, Nenagh.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
ADELAIDE SULLIVAN, late of 117 Stephen's Green, 59 South Great George's street, and also of "Abody," Dartry road, Upper Rathmines, in the County of Dublin, Deceased, who died on the 19th day of January, 1924.
Take Notice, that the Creditors of the above-named Adelaide Sullivan are hereby required to send to the undersigned Solicitor for the Executors, full particulars of their Claims (if any) within seven days from the date hereof.
Dated this 25th day of January, 1924.
FRANCIS CLINCH, Solicitor for the Executors, 44 Fleet street, Dublin.

THE ROYAL SANITARY INSTITUTE.
EXAMINATIONS
FOR SANITARY INSPECTORS
And for
HEALTH VISITORS AND SCHOOL NURSES.
The Certificates of the Institute are well known and adopted as qualifications for appointments throughout the British Empire. EXAMINATIONS will be held in Dublin in October, and Belfast in April, 1924. Other Examinations are also held in sanitary subjects. Full particulars of the requirements and dates on which the Examinations are held can be had from the Secretary, 90 Buckingham Palace Road, London, S.W.1.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

RAILWAY STRIKE IN GREAT BRITAIN.
THE LONDON, MIDLAND AND SCOTTISH RAILWAY COMPANY WILL, UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, ACCEPT GOODS AND PASSENGER TRAIN TRAFFIC AND LIVE STOCK FOR CONVEYANCE VIA HOLYHEAD TO STATIONS ON THE LONDON, MIDLAND AND SCOTTISH RAILWAY COMPANY'S SYSTEM, SUBJECT TO THE SPECIAL CONDITIONS IN OPERATION DURING THE PRESENT STRIKE OF LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS AND FIREMEN IN GREAT BRITAIN.
ONLY TRAFFIC FOR STATIONS ON THE LONDON, MIDLAND AND SCOTTISH RAILWAY WILL BE ACCEPTED.
BY ORDER.

GREAT SOUTHERN AND WESTERN RAILWAY.
PUBLIC NOTICE.
RAILWAY STRIKE
IN
GREAT BRITAIN.
Notice is hereby given that, as a result of the strike of the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen in Great Britain, and of the curtailment of cross-Channel steamer services and reduced train service in Great Britain, this Company will only accept Passenger, Merchandise and Live Stock traffic on the distinct understanding that they will not be responsible for any loss expense, damage, deviation, inconveyance, misdelivery, delay or detention arising from, or in consequence of, such curtailment or interruption of services.
E. A. NEALE, General Manager.
Kingsbridge Station.
28th January, 1924.

CONARTE-DAILE BRI CUALANN.
NOTIFICATION OF RESTORATION OF NAME OF BRAY TO IRISH FORM, BRI CUALANN.
Please take notice that the following Resolution was unanimously adopted at a Meeting of the Wicklow County Council, held on 10th December, 1923, viz.:—
RESOLVED.—That in pursuance of the powers vested in the Council under the provisions of Article 14 (1) of the Local Government (Application of Enactments) Order, 1898, we, the Council of the County of Wicklow, hereby approve and sanction the proposal of Bray Urban District Council to change the name of the town of Bray to the Irish form, Bri Cualann, and that due notice of this change be given to the general public by means of a poster put up throughout the entire County, and by means of an advertisement in the three Dublin morning papers, in the weekly papers circulating within the County, and in at least one issue of "Iris Oifigiuil."
Seán Mac Cathmaoil,
Cléireach an Daile.
Ard-Oifig an Daile, Bri Cualann,
24/1/24.

INDUSTRIAL ASSURANCE COMMITTEE.
The Committee will begin to hear Evidence on Saturday, February 2nd.
Any persons desiring to be heard should send to the Secretary of the Committee, at Room 215, Government Buildings, Upper Merrion street, Dublin, a precis of the evidence they wish to adduce.
Witnesses will be notified of the dates and hours of the Committee's Meetings.
The terms of reference to the Committee are to inquire into the present state of the law relating to the business carried on by Industrial Insurance Companies and Collecting Societies, and to report whether any amendment of the law is desirable.
G 5880. W.H.Co.

DIOCESAN INTERMEDIATE AND COMMERCIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
Adelaide road, Dublin.
AT HOME FOR PAST PUPILS
AT THE SCHOOL
On FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 15,
8-10 p.m.
All wishing to attend are requested to communicate with Miss Foster before February 4.

ABSTRACT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF
PROSECT AND GOLDEN BRIDGE CEMETERIES for the Year ending 31st December, 1923.

		£ s. d.
Dr.		
To Balance from last Account		6,648 15 6
„ Golden Bridge Perpetuities, Interments, and Incidentals etc.	£77 4 6	
„ Prospect Perpetuities, Interments, Incidentals, Grazing Rents, Building, etc.	17,426 8 8	
„ Hand Maps, Histories, Interest, Contingencies, Special Trust Fund paid into Law Costs, Redemption of Victory Bond, Refund under N.H. Insurance, etc., etc. ...	1,501 2 10	
„ Dividends Cemeteries Maintenance Fund, Income Fund, Special Trust Fund, etc.	2,434 14 3	
		31,459 10 3
		£38,088 5 9
		£ s. d.
Cr.		
By Golden Bridge Wages, Charges, Chaplain, Rent, etc.	£229 3 0	
„ Prospect Wages, Improvements, Salaries, Chapiains, Conveyance for, Clothing, Insurance Acts Contribution, etc.,	9,038 1 5	
„ Accountants, Auditors, Salaries, Committee Fees, Law Costs, Rents, Taxes, and Insurance ...	4,939 18 6	
„ Coal, Lighting, Paints, Painting, Printing, Advertising General Charges, Building Vaults	1,841 2 10	
„ Horse Upkeep, Implements, Repairs, Brushes, Outlay on Labourers' Cottages	238 11 6	
„ Outlay on Mortuary Chapel, Exit Gates, Prospect, Maintenance of Plots in Perpetuity, Architect's Fees Outlay on Offices, Outlay on Clareville, etc.,	594 6 10	
Paid for Sundry Government Stocks, including Trust Funds	7,070 5 9	
By Balance in Bank, Cash in Clerk's hands, and from Petty Cash	4,136 15 11	
	28,088 5 9	
	£28,088 5 9	

We have examined in detail the original entries from which the above account has been compiled. The receipts from the different branches of revenue we find fully and distinctly classified, and the totals under the separate heads accurately rendered. The various items of expenditure we have gone through seriatum, and find that, in all cases, they have been satisfactorily vouched for.
THOMAS GEOGHEGAN, Chartered Accountant, 4 College Green, Dublin,
PATRICK J. THUNDER, Accountant, 68 Upper O'Connell street,
Auditors.
24th January, 1924.
(Signed), J. CARTON, Chairman.
25th January, 1924.

BANK OF IRELAND.
25th January, 1924.
A Final Dividend of 7 per cent. and a Bonus of 2 per cent. will be made to the Proprietors of Bank Stock for the year ended 31st ultimo, on and after the 1st proximo.
By Order,
ROBERT J. BUCKLEY,
Secretary.

THE FRENCH SCHOOL,
BRAY, CO. WICKLOW.
CAMBRIDGE LOCAL EXAMINATIONS,
DECEMBER, 1923.
LIST OF SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES.
SCHOOL CERTIFICATE:
Primrose Beckett—Pass in Religious Knowledge, English, Roman History, French, Spoken French, Mathematics and Drawing.
Edith Leahy—Pass in Religious Knowledge, English, Roman History, French, Spoken French, Arithmetic and Drawing.
Helen Stanford—Mark of Distinction in Spoken French. Pass in Religious Knowledge, English, Roman History, Geography, French and Arithmetic.
JUNIOR.
Sheila Pim—Pass with Honours, Mark of Distinction in Religious Knowledge, French, and English Authors. Pass in Mathematics, English History, Geography, Latin, Spoken French, Model and Memory Drawing.
Kathleen Parson—Pass with Honours, Mark of Distinction in French and English Authors. Pass in Mathematics, Religious Knowledge, English, History, Geography, Latin, Spoken French, Model and Memory Drawing.
Margery Aliment—Mark of Distinction in French, Spoken French and English Grammar. Pass in Arithmetic, Religious Knowledge, English, History, Geography, Model and Memory Drawing.
Nancy Fayle—Mark of Distinction in French, English Literature and Grammar. Pass in Arithmetic, Religious Knowledge, History, Spoken French, Model Drawing and Design.
Pearl Pilkington—Pass in Arithmetic, Religious Knowledge, English, History, French, Model and Memory Drawing.
May Pim—Mark of Distinction in English Grammar. Pass in Arithmetic, Old Testament, English, History, Geography and French.

THE WEEKS EVENTS IN IRELAND are recorded in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES," The Paper for Home and Foreign Readers. Price Twopence.

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.
BOYS' FOOTBALLS,
2/6, 3/6, 4/6, 5/6 each.
MATCH BALLS,
12/6, 21/-, 23/6, 25/- each.
SPECIAL LINE,
COMPLETE WITH BLADDER,
9/6.
MARVEL HOCKEY STICKS,
10/6.
ELEPHANT HOUSE,
45 & 46 LR. O'CONNELL ST., 76 MIDDLE ABBEY ST., 34 NASSAU ST., 68 DAWSON ST. } DUBLIN.
ALSO AT CORK AND LONDON.

Ready for Service
SUITS, 4 to 7 GNS.,
LESS 10 PER CENT.
DURING SALE
Now proceeding.
THOMPSONS, 8 Westmoreland street, Dublin.

KENNEDY'S BREAD.
FINEST QUALITY
MADE.
BAKERIES:
127 & 128 GREAT BRITAIN ST.
AND
ST. PATRICK'S BAKERY, DUBLIN.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

COUNTY DUBLIN COMMITTEE OF AGRICULTURE.
BULL PREMIUMS
To be awarded in 1924 of the following values:—
Pure-bred Registered Dairy Bull (sire and dam registered) £25
Pure-bred Registered Dairy Bull (dam only registered) £22
Pure-bred Shorthorn, Aberdeen Angus, Hereford and Registered Dairy Bull (other than pure-bred) £15
Premiums for four years (and in the case of Dairy Bulls for more than four years) may be obtained for the same bull.
BOAR PREMIUMS.
For large Irish White Boars.—£10 for first year and £5 for second year.
Applications for the above Bull and Boar premiums are invited from farmers in the County.
COW-TESTING ASSOCIATIONS.
The Committee is prepared to assist farmers in establishing Cow-testing Associations, so that we may grade up our Dairy Cattle and weed out unprofitable cows.
POULTRY STATIONS.
The names and addresses of persons in the County holding Turkey Stations and Hen and Duck Stations for 1924, with full details, can be had on application to the Secretary of the above Committee.
ANNUAL REPORT.
The Committee's Annual Report containing details with reference to the above schemes, their Library and other schemes, and the results of experiments conducted in the County can be had on application to
THE SECRETARY,
Co. Dublin Committee of Agriculture,
11 Parnell Square, Dublin.

SERMONS.

ORMOND QUAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

AN EVANGELISTIC MISSION
WILL BE CONDUCTED BY
THE MARECHALE
Assisted by
MISS EVELYN BOOTH-CLIBBORN,
A.T.C.L., R.A.M.,
From
SABBATH, 27th JANUARY, to FEBRUARY 8th, 1924.
SERVICES ON SABBATH, 12 o'c. noon and 7 o'c. p.m.
WEEK NIGHTS at 8 p.m.
Song Service at 7.45.
Prayer Meeting each Week-night at 7 o'clock.
ALL CORDIALLY INVITED. COME!

CITY OF DUBLIN Y.M.C.A.
LOWER ABBEY STREET.
TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) NIGHT,
At 8.30 o'clock. Singing from 8.15 o'clock,
SPECIAL ADDRESS
By
REV. FRANK J. EXLEY,
General Secretary of the British Society for the Propagation of the Gospel among the Jews, who has recently returned from the Holy Land.
Hearty Singing. Hymn Books Provided, EVERYBODY WELCOME.

UNITARIAN CHURCH.
12—"Camouflage."
7—"Dickens as a Moral Influence."
IV.—"The Old Curiosity Shop."
PREACHER:
REV. E. SAVELL HICKS, M.A.

ST. MARY'S PARISH.
SERVICES,
PARISH CHURCH, 10 o'clock and 7 o'clock.
Preacher: REV. GAGE DOUGHERTY.
ST. MARY'S CHAPEL OF EASE.
11.30—Morning Service.
3.30—Service for Young People.
Preacher: REV. GAGE DOUGHERTY.

MAGDALEN CHURCH.
11.30—Visions of Heaven in the Revelation of St. John.—(3) "Death Shall be no More."
Anthem—Nazareth (Gounod).
Preacher—Rev. J. F. MONCRIEFF COX, B.D.

RATHGAR METHODIST CHURCH.
11.30 a.m.—REV. R. LEE COLE, M.A., B.D.
7 p.m.—REV. JAMES M. ALLEY.

TO-DAY'S ENGAGEMENTS.

Gaiety Theatre—"Dick Whittington," 2.0 and 7.30 p.m.
Theatre Royal—"Phi-Phi," 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"Aftermath," 2.30 and 8 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—"Cinderella," 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Olympia Theatre—"Aladdin," 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—Varieties, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
La Scala Theatre—"Trifling Women," 3.15, 5.45 and 8.15 p.m.
Metropole Cinema—"The Prodigal Son," 2.0, 4.10, 6.20, and 8.30 p.m.
The Grafton—"Merry Go Round," 1.30, 3.50, 6.10 and 8.30 p.m.
Princess, Rathmines—"Wild Honey."
Pavilion, Dun Laoghaire—"The Voice from the Minaret," 3.55, 6.15 and 8.45 p.m.
Dublin and District Motor Cycle Dinner, Dolphin Hotel, 6.30 p.m.
Dublin National Teachers, 36 Parnell square, 12 noon.

INTERNATIONAL MATCH DANCE.
A special cinderella dance has been arranged by Mr., Mrs., and Miss Leggett Byrne in connection with to-day's International Rugby Match. Two ballrooms have been arranged in Clery's premises, Sackville street. Dancing will commence at eight o'clock and continue until midnight. The intervals in the two ballrooms will be at different hours, so that patrons will be able to dance continuously. The French and Irish teams will attend.

The Irish Times.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1924.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

The Senate yesterday passed the Public Safety Bill through all its stages. It will come into operation immediately.—(Page 7.)

The Housing Bill received a second reading in the Dail yesterday.—(Page 7.)

The Northern Government have begun to liberate the men who are interned in Larne Workhouse. Fifteen of them have already returned to their homes.—(Page 7.)

The annual dinner of the Old Boys of St. Andrew's College was held yesterday evening at Clery's Restaurant, Dublin. Over one hundred "old boys" and guests were present.—(Page 8.)

We print to-day an abstract of the second interim report of the proceedings of the Irish Grants Committee from October 16, 1922, to December 1, 1923.—(Page 7.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

There is no change in the railway strike position.—(Page 7.)

Mr. Dan Irving, a Labour M.P., died suddenly last night.—(Page 7.)

ABROAD

It is proposed to re-name Petrograd after Lenin, whose funeral has been postponed until to-morrow.—(Page 7.)

FINANCIAL.

The annual meeting of the Bank of Ireland, at which Mr. H. S. Guinness presided, was held in Dublin yesterday. The Governor devoted considerable attention to the successful flotation of the National Loan.—(Page 10.)

The Right Hon. Reginald McKenna took "Monetary Policy" for the subject of his address at the meeting of the Midland Bank in London.—(Page 10.)

London Stock Markets were very steady, with a general advance in prices and more business passing.—(Page 10.)

Money in Lombard street was not so plentiful as usual on a Friday, and discounts were barely steady. The foreign exchanges improved.—(Page 10.)

Dublin Stock Market was firm and business fairly good.—(Page 10.)

Banks and Currency.

Once again the Irish banks have had a most successful year. At the annual meeting of the Bank of Ireland, in Dublin yesterday, Mr. H. S. Guinness, the Governor, announced that the profits for 1923 had been £549,000, or an increase of £16,000 on the working of the previous year. A dividend for the half-year of seven *per cent.* was declared, which, with a two *per cent.* bonus, brings the dividend for the whole year up to 16 *per cent.* The balance sheet is wholly satisfactory, and the fall of £2,000,000 in deposits can be explained by the large subscriptions to the recent Free State Loan. £200,000 have been placed to reserve and £69,000 have been carried forward. The Munster and Leinster Bank has a net profit for the half-year of nearly £98,000, and has declared a dividend at the rate of 20 *per cent.* Its deposits and current accounts also show a decline from £30,333,271 in 1922 to £27,187,804 in 1923. In the case of the Provincial Bank, the net profits for the half-year were £61,000, or about two thousand pounds less than those of the corresponding period of 1922, which, in many respects, was a "record" year. Deposits fell by almost one million; yet the Bank has declared a tax-free dividend of 16½ *per cent.* In all these cases the fall in deposits may be traced to the response by the public to the National Loan. The actual business for the year has been excellent, and the Irish banks never were in a stronger position than that which they occupy to-day.

Mr. H. S. Guinness, in the course of an admirable speech, referred to unemployment in the Free State; and a comparison of his remarks with the speech of Mr. Reginald McKenna at the annual meeting of the Midland Bank, in London, yesterday is very interesting. Mr. Guinness condemned roundly any attempt to improve the conditions of trade and employment by methods which, in one way or another, must involve some tampering with either the currency or the gold standard of value. Nothing, he said, could be more dangerous or ineffectual. What was required was a proper elasticity, secured through a currency system capable of expansion and contraction as trade should increase or decline; but the gold standard should be maintained at all costs. Mr. McKenna, naturally, surveyed a wider field than his Irish colleague. The problems arising out of unemployment in Britain are far greater than ever they are likely to be in this country, and the Chairman of the Midland Bank believes that they cannot be solved by what one may term "normal" methods of financial policy. He is opposed strongly to inflation in so far as it means the mere printing of paper money to enable the Government to meet its immediate liabilities without having recourse to additional taxation; but he draws a distinct line between inflation of this kind and the provision, or creation, of new money to meet improving conditions in trade.

Mr. McKenna's argument is that, if trade improves and unemployment decreases, prices are bound to rise unless the amount of money in circulation is increased *pari passu* with improving conditions. He blames the Treasury for ultra-conservatism in its financial policy, and, while he admits that inflation is a terrible evil, he asserts that its converse is almost as bad. He agrees with Mr. Guinness in demanding elasticity in monetary affairs. Mr. McKenna argues that when the national production is below productive capacity the policy should be to let money out; when production has reached its *maximum* the outflow of money should be checked. Of course, there can be no real comparison between financial conditions in Britain and those in the Free State. Unemployment here is a transitory phenomenon, attributable almost entirely to the political disturbances of the past few years; in Britain it is the most vital of all national problems and artificial expedients of every kind have failed to solve it. Nevertheless, the fundamental laws of finance apply equally to Britain and the Free State, and both Mr. McKenna and Mr. Guinness are appealing to the arbitrament of these laws when they call for elasticity in monetary policy. Rigid finance is as prejudicial to the progress of a nation as rigid politics. There is always a *via media* between recklessness on the one hand and timidity on the other. That is the way on which the feet of Irish, as well as British, financiers should be set.

Traveller's Joy.

Is the Free State Senate a more human and sympathetic assembly than the *Dail*? We have noted, at any rate, that it is quicker to deal with matters that concern the smaller, but not unimportant, amenities of life. Yesterday the Earl of Mayo introduced the subject of the mail-boat pier at Kingstown, or Dun Laoghaire—the change of name has not affected the conditions with which all cross-Channel travellers are familiar. In wet or wild weather this pier is one of the most disconsolate places in the world. It is unsheltered from the elements and is so dismal in all its aspects that, by contrast, a third-class railway carriage is a snug retreat. The discomfort has been increased by the new Customs barriers, which involve confusion and delay, although the Customs officials are as polite and long-suffering as the best of their tribe in any country. The traveller's ordeal would be mitigated in considerable measure if the pier were protected adequately from wind and rain and were better lighted, and if the arrangements for the purchase of tickets were improved. In former days Carlisle Pier was under the jurisdiction of three potentates, known as the Commissioners of Kingstown Harbour, who wore a special and highly imposing uniform at the Lord Lieutenant's Levées. To-day their authority resides in the Board of Works, and the pier's discomforts seem to be the result of a lack of co-operation between that body and the Customs department. We hope that the Senate's criticism will cause the Government to put the necessary improvements in hand without further delay. It is a curious thing, which all observant travellers have noticed, that railway companies never appear to realise the importance of first and last impressions. When a tourist enters a new country in gloomy and irritating circumstances the memory of them prejudices his net impressions of his visit, and it is reinforced if he goes out by the same door wherein he went. Yet most railway termini are dingy and draughty places, where the traveller kicks his heels in bare waiting-rooms; and the railway entrance to many great cities runs through their most uninviting slums. During recent months some of the big English companies have begun to pay attention to the psychology of travel. In particular, the London, Midland and Scottish Company's scheme to brighten its stations with the work of leading artists is admirable and may inaugurate a beneficent revolution. Could not the Irish companies take a leaf from the same book? Some of our Dublin termini are places that few can enter without a sinking of the heart. Most of them have distinctive smells that in themselves suffice to breed melancholia. Soap and paint could work wonders, and we suggest that a "clean-up week" in all Irish railway stations would be an excellent thing for the country's health and self-respect. There is another reform which is absolutely essential if we intend to make Dublin a populous gateway for a profitable stream of tourist traffic. As a "modern" capital Dublin will continue to rank with Angora until taxi-cabs, plying at fixed and moderate tariffs, can be hailed in any of its thoroughfares.

Finance of Exile.

Some light is thrown upon the extent of destruction in the Free State by the disclosures of the report of the Irish Grants Committee. The report deals with a period which began on October 16th, 1922, and ended on December 1st, 1923. The Committee, which was reconstructed in March of last year, recommends payment of claims for compensation under the Criminal Injuries Acts and the Irish Free State Damage to Property Compensation Act. Five thousand six hundred applications for immediate assistance were examined, and 4,330 were approved. Grants amounting to £13,501 and loans to the extent of £10,422 were sanctioned. In the current financial year, up to December 31st, the Irish Grants Committee made advances of £69,826 against pre-Truce decrees and claims, and of £117,363 against post-Truce claims. So much work remains to be done that the Committee will be kept in existence for at least another year; and it recommends that, with a view to an early adjustment of the whole matter, small periodical payments shall be replaced by final settlement grants. The most difficult problem which faces the Committee is the disposal of refugees who are, or believe themselves to be, unable to return to the Free State. Many of them are farmers who are not qualified to support themselves in other occupations. The purchase of farms outside Ireland for these people would involve a large expenditure, and it is difficult to decide where they could be located. Emigration to the Dominions is mentioned as a solution, but there is a danger that refugees would not be able to accommodate themselves to the altered conditions of life. The Committee hopes that pre-Truce claims will be settled quickly, and urges the expeditious investigation of post-Truce claims by the Free State courts.

London's Example.

The steps that are being taken in London to deal with the expected rush of visitors to the Empire Exhibition ought to be watched carefully in Dublin. It is thought that a quarter of a million people will require accommodation during the early weeks of the Exhibition. Lists of hotels and boarding houses are being prepared and tabulated to suit all classes. Tourist agencies are preparing the lists, and their names and addresses are published, with a description of the particular type of accommodation in which they specialise. It is announced that hotel prices will remain unaltered. This fact is most important, and Dublin hotel-keepers and others would do well to exercise a like restraint. Charges of "profiteering" on such occasions have been brought against hotels in Ireland before, and often with good reason. It must be realised that there is a grave risk of killing the goose that lays the golden egg. Substantial profits are assured by an influx of tourists on a large scale, without any increase in charges. People who come to Dublin for the Horse Show and the Tailteann Games will note the conditions under which they are entertained and will be influenced thereby in their plans for future holidays. Exorbitant charges or a marked disparity between prices in London and Dublin must have fatal results. This question has not escaped the notice of the Tailteann Committee, and we wish them success in dealing with it. We commend to them London's system of publishing the names of agents to whom application may be made by visitors from overseas.

COURT AND PERSONAL.

Elaborate arrangements are being carried out in connection with the unveiling of the war memorial to the men of the Civil Service Rifles by the Prince of Wales at Somerset House. The Civil Service Rifles, of which the Prince is Honorary Colonel, will parade in the square, and will be inspected by the Prince, who will take the salute. After the unveiling and dedication ceremony the buglers will sound the "Last Post" and "*Ricevitte*," and all ranks will join in singing the National Anthem.

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King Manoel and Queen Augusta Victoria are staying at Cannes, where this week's arrivals include Violet Lady Greville, Lord Charles Hope and Lord Blyth. The Marquis and Marchioness of Blandford have left London for St. Moritz. The Norwegian Minister and Madame Vogt have left London for a two months' tour in Egypt and Palestine. Captain the Hon. Sir John and Lady Ward have left Dudley House for Beaulieu, and will not return to London till April.

* * *

The Earl of Derby had an audience with the King on Thursday morning, and yesterday the official announcement was made that His Majesty will be the guest of the Earl and Countess of Derby at Knowsley Park for the Grand National Steeplechase on March 28th. The Countess of Derby left London yesterday for Leighton Buzzard, but will return early next week.

* * *

The Duchess of Newcastle spent a few days in London this week, but has now returned to Clumber. Viscount and Viscountess Boyne have left Burwarton, and are in residence at Belgrave House, London. Lady Rendlesham has arrived in London from Suffolk. The Duke and Duchess of Northumberland and their sons, Earl Percy and Lord Hugh Percy, have arrived in London from Alnwick Castle. The Earl and Countess of Carlisle have arrived in London for the season.

* * *

Two heirs to English marquisates celebrate their birthdays to-day. The Earl of Cardigan is twenty, and is the only son of the sixth Marquis of Ailesbury and his wife, the daughter of the late Mr. and Lady Caroline Madden, of Hilton Park, County Monaghan. Viscount Weymouth, who is nineteen, is the only surviving son of the Marquis of Bath, his elder brother having been killed in action in 1916. The marquisate was created in 1789, but the Viscounty of Weymouth and the Barony of Thynne were conferred on Sir Thomas Thynne, Bart., M.P., more than a century earlier.

* * *

Lieutenant-General Sir Edward Bellingham, Bart., celebrates his forty-fifth birthday to-day. He is the elder and only surviving son of the late Sir Henry Bellingham, whom he succeeded in 1921. During the South African campaign he served in Cape Colony, Orange River Colony, and the Transvaal, and was on active service from 1914 to 1919 in the late war. He was mentioned twice in despatches and obtained the D.S.O. and the C.M.G. The heir to the baronetcy is his nephew, the only son of the late Captain Roger Bellingham, who was killed in action in 1915.

* * *

Sir Victor Warrender, M.P., and Lady Warrender, Sir George and Lady Watson, and Captain and Mrs. Evan Wallace have left London for St. Moritz, where the visitors include the Duke and Duchess of Alba, the Earl and Countess of Northesk, Lady Elizabeth Lindsay, Lord Balniel, Captain the Hon. Ian and Mrs. Maitland, Colonel Alan and Lady Theresa Fletcher, the Hon. Mrs. Tevor Lewis, Lady Pearson, Commander the Hon. Sereld and Mrs. Hay, Mrs. Moore Brabazon, the Hon. J. Lindsay and Commander Fleetwood Nash.

* * *

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place early in February, at All Souls' Church, Coimbatore, Madras, between Robert Steele Browne, Indian Forest Service, second son of R. F. and Mrs. Browne, Ard Caein, Sligo, and Elsie Mary, youngest daughter of Mrs. Bull, Dalginross, Cobham, Kent.

* * *

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Walter Fitzgerald Browne, Indian Civil Service, eldest son of R. F. and Mrs. Browne, Ard Caein, Sligo, and Enid Estelle, elder daughter of S. C. and Mrs. Aldridge, of Mussourie, N.P., India.

Switzer's Sale will end to-day. All remaining stock is now marked down heavily to effect a complete clearance.
Hundreds of Remnants—Wrap, Dress Fabrics, and Silks to be cleared regardless of cost.—W. Holme, Dublin, Ltd., 69, 70, 71 George's street.
Last Days of Robert's Sale—Final Reductions throughout. The Children's Department is offering some superb bargains to-day.—Robert and Co., Ltd., Grafton street.
Salthill Hotel. Special winter terms.
Veronica (Miss Long) has returned from Paris with some of her Spring Models in Evening Gowns by Rameau, Jane Marchand, and Martha Rivière at reasonable prices. Outdoor Spring Gowns and Millinery will be shown from 31st inst.—31 Upper Baggot st.
We are copying new model costumes and coat frocks at tempting prices this month.—Slyne and Co., Ltd., 71 Grafton street.
McBirney and Co.'s Great Annual Winter Sale, this and coming days. Write for Price List.
Exquisite Bouquets, Wreaths, Crosses, Floral Designs, choicest flowers, shortest notice, lowest prices.—Ramsay's, 50 Nassau street.
To Ladies.—Ladies' Department for Medical Appliances of all kinds.—Fannin & Co., 41 Grafton st.
Special Show of Tweed Costumes To-day and To-morrow. All one price, 59/6 to clear; usual price 4½ guineas.—Davis and Co., 45 Grafton street.
High-class Selection of Gowns, Jumpers, Blouses, Coats, etc., in latest designs; special terms arranged to suit Costumiers.—F 263, this office.
Lady's Tailor-made Costume. Indigo Blue Serge. To order, £7 7/-. Best workmanship, style and fit guaranteed.—H. R. Humphrey, 23 Grafton street.

WEATHER FORECAST.

General Inference. — *An anti-cyclone centred over the Mouth of the Channel is moving eastward, and a deep depression westward of Ireland is spreading in the direction of the British Isles. Over South and South-East England fair weather is probable, after morning mist or fog; light, variable winds at first, freshening later from south or south-west. A strong southerly or south-westerly wind current is likely over the remaining areas, reaching gale force in places, and the weather will be fair to cloudy, with some rain or drizzle. The day will be generally mild, but the early morning will be cold over most of England.*

Ireland. — *Wind south-westerly or southerly, strong to a gale; cloudy or dull, some rain or drizzle; mist at times; mild.*

South-West Seaboard, Mouth of Channel to South-West Ireland; Irish Sea and St. George's Channel. — *Wind south-westerly to southerly, becoming str

PUBLIC SAFETY BILL

TO COME INTO OPERATION IMMEDIATELY.

SUBSIDIES FOR BUILDERS.

LABOUR'S VIEW OF GOVERNMENT'S SCHEME.

The Senate yesterday passed the Public Safety Bill through all its stages, and declared that it ought to come into operation immediately. No amendment of importance was passed.

The Minister for Home Affairs mentioned that evidence against certain prisoners was being collated, and, where possible, prosecutions would be instituted.

On the motion of the Earl of Mayo, a resolution was passed directing the attention of the Government to the lack of proper accommodation at Kingstown Pier.

In the Dail the Housing Bill received a second reading. The leader of the Labour Party criticised the measure in detail, and said that it did not go far enough.

THE SENATE.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL

TO PILOT THE JUDICIARY BILL.

Lord Glenavy took the chair at 2.30 o'clock yesterday.

Mr. Douglas moved to insert a new standing order as follows:—

"It shall be within the power of the Seanad to invite any member of the Government other than a Minister to be present in the Seanad, and to take part in the different stages of any bill or other proceeding in which his department is interested."

Mr. Guinness seconded the resolution, which was adopted.

Mr. Douglas moved that the Attorney-General be invited to attend the Senate and to take part in the proceedings during the various stages of the Judiciary Bill.

Mr. S. L. Brown, K.C., seconded the resolution, which was passed.

PUBLIC SAFETY BILL.

The Committee stage of the Public Safety (Powers of Arrest and Detention) Temporary Bill was resumed.

Colonel Moore moved an amendment to Section 1, line 20, after the word "persun," to insert the words "subject to Article 18 of the Constitution." He said that it might be argued that this question of detention or arrest of a member of either House could be argued in the Courts of Justice. Before the Senate was asked to pass the bill they should be sure that there was nothing therein that was contrary to the Constitution. He contended that if there was a bill containing some constitutional matter it ought not to be within the power of the Minister to come and say that this was a matter that must not be discussed, but should be left to the Courts of Justice. He quoted Article 18 of the Constitution, which, he claimed, granted immunity from arrest to any member of the Oireachtas coming to or going from the meetings of the house. He thought that meant that the members must have liberty of going to and coming from the Oireachtas.

Some parties who had been elected to the Dail were kept in such close confinement that they could not even send out a message.

Mr. Kevin O'Higgins said that Senator Moore seemed to suggest that the detention of certain persons was contrary to the Constitution, and, therefore, irregular and illegal. He did not know of any such case. The question of the legality of detention of any person was a matter that could be tested in the courts. The Constitution was the fundamental law, and every piece of legislation passed by the Oireachtas could be tested in court in relation to the Constitution, and, if found to be infringing any provision of the Constitution, it would be declared void and inoperative.

The senator seemed to have a somewhat broader interpretation of Article 18 than he believed the courts would follow. He said that no person who was a member of the Parliament might be arrested except for treason felony and two other offences. The practical operation of that doctrine would mean that, except for three offences named, no person elected to Parliament could be arrested at all, because almost every person in the country went to the Parliament. In his opinion, there was no such intention in that article of the Constitution. It meant that members should be free to attend Parliament, except for certain offences. It did not mean that their liberty should not be curtailed because it would necessitate their absence from Parliament.

The amendment was declared lost.

IMPRACTICABLE.

Colonel Moore moved, in Section 1, line 22, to omit the words "having been engaged." He said that this was a Public Safety Bill, and was for the purpose of preventing people from committing crime. There were people in the country committing crimes, and if it only applied to them he would not say any more on the matter; but they knew that there were a number of persons locked up who had not committed any crime. Political prisoners had declared that they would not resort to arms again, and they had rigorously adhered to the order to lay down arms.

Mr. O'Higgins said that Colonel Moore stated that the amendment was put down so that persons might not be arrested or detained who were reasonably suspected of having been engaged or concerned in any one of the crimes set out in the schedule. That suggestion was utterly impracticable. A particular robbery and a particular burning took place; then there was a period of investigation, and the results were reported, and it was then decided whether an order should issue for the arrest and internment of the person or persons reasonably suspected of having been engaged in the outrage. If the Senator meant that persons who in the past had been engaged or concerned in a conspiracy against the State, and who now professed to be no longer engaged in any such conspiracy, ought not to be arrested under the provisions of this Act, then he should have attempted to say so, but the amendment as it stood was utterly impracticable.

Arms were still withheld from those who alone had any legal or statutory authority to control lethal weapons in the country. The question was asked—Why were arms detained. About a month ago he received an official report that a person elected to serve on the Dail passed through a village in Limerick, at the head of 18 or 19 men, in full war equipment.

They could not take the professions of the persons referred to at their face value—the Government was not taking them at their face value—if the people of the country generally, and those responsible for legislation, did so, they would find themselves greatly mistaken.

The amendment was lost. Clause 2 stood part of the bill.

REINFORCEMENTS.

Mr. O'Farrell moved to insert a new Section 3, as follows:—

"In any case where a responsible officer of the military forces of Saorstat Eireann has reasonable ground for anticipating that it will be necessary to enter a dwelling-house for the purpose of effecting an arrest, to be made by him under this Act, it shall be the duty of such officer to arrange that an officer of the Dublin Metropolitan Police or the Garda Siochana is present at such entry, and the Minister for Defence and the Minister for Home Affairs shall make such arrangements as may be necessary or desirable for this purpose."

Mr. Bagwell supported the amendment.

The Chairman suggested that the military might act, subject to a responsible officer having a signed authority, which should be produced in the house.

The Minister for Home Affairs said that the object of the amendment was very desirable and proper, and was absolutely in line with the Government's trend and outlook, which was to bring the country gradually back to the absolutely normal conditions. In many parts of the country that was practically the situation at present.

In some counties, however, the situation fell little short of the war situation. In many areas of the County Cork the conditions were such that no one could question what a man said. Many desperate men were still at large, with a loose combination of followers at their disposal, and were still actively preying on their neighbours, living by robbery and going about without any definite political objective; for the feeling scarcely existed now in sufficient proportion to be called a real menace to the fabric of the State, but it was a very real and practical menace to the security of life and property. That had been the situation in some counties—in Cork, portion of Tipperary, and in East Galway—up to quite lately.

The prominent members of these gangs were well known to the military, their names were known, and if the House hampered the Army's freedom of action in this matter by a provision of this kind, it was certainly going to be a factor on the side of the robber and the criminal. If a military patrol got information that one of these leaders was in a certain house, and then had to establish contact with a Civic Guard post, and get a member of the Civic Guard to accompany them, the criminal's chances of escape would be increased.

PATCHWORK.

The position in the country was in a patchwork condition. In Kildare, Carlow, and a great many other places they were on the brink of the normal. If the Senate, because they saw the condition of the city and the counties of Dublin and Kildare and so on, legislated as if that were the situation all over the country they would hamper the forces of the State in the other areas.

Mr. Kenny suggested the words "where practicable" might be inserted in the amendment.

The Chairman said that he was going to suggest himself the words "where reasonably practicable."

Mr. O'Farrell and Mr. O'Higgins agreed to accept this modification, and it was decided to deal with the matter on the Report stage.

Mr. Farren moved to delete Section 3, which provides a Minister of the Executive Council with power to detain in custody men at present imprisoned.

The Minister for Home Affairs said that the acceptance of the amendment would release many criminals against whom charges for serious offences were in course of preparation. The limited number of officials in the departments had had a great deal of business to do within the past twelve months, and, so far, they had not been able to collate guilty persons in custody at all the evidence that was available. Certain of these persons who were pre-eminent in blackguardism and in crime would undoubtedly be brought to trial, and the process of having then charged before the Courts was still going on.

There was now in military custody a gentleman whose writ ran very effectively for many months through East Galway, and definite evidence on forty or fifty serious charges was being gone into, and these in due course would be presented against him. Senator Farren said that he held no brief for people who robbed or burned, and presumably he had no brief for people who murdered or who destroyed public and private property. They could not be mealy-mouthed about it. All those things had been done by practically all those people. There was equality of guilt in all the participators, except that the guilt of those primarily responsible was greater than that of those who were swept in with the tide.

DEGREES OF PUNISHMENT.

Men who had done such material and moral havoc could not be dealt with on the basis of deserts. A comfortable camp bed in Gormanston or Hare Park, with three round meals a day, was not an adequate punishment for the offences of those men. If the court system of the country could have stood it, the vast majority of them could have been tried and sentenced to from five to twenty years' imprisonment. It would have been inadvisable and inexpendient to have done so, and so most of them are released.

The whole thing had to be dealt with on the basis of what the situation in the country seemed to warrant. They had people signing themselves generals and chiefs of staff, and the country inundated with propaganda emanating from what was called an Irish Republic. They could not take all those things seriously, neither could they ignore them. People who professed to maintain a rival government and a rival army to the Government and the Army that had the support of the people of the country, could not be treated like misguided children. The Government had to keep a tight grip on the situation in the country. Those people had not been dealt with cruelly, although they had dealt cruelly with the country. No one wished to keep them living parasitically on the country at a cost of at least £1 per head per week.

It would be unwise to release in a wholesale or haphazard way. There were at least some hundreds who could not be released until the Executive Council felt sure that they could answer to the taxpayers for the protection of their lives and property. That some were still in detention was a check on those outside, especially when they were only building up a normal police establishment. Some 650 out of 800 Civic Guard stations were opened, and until the country was reasonably secured the Executive Council could not turn out wholesale men who, to judge by their past actions, would be a public danger.

STRANGE POSITION.

Mr. O'Farrell moved to delete Section 3, which deals with the detention of persons now in military custody. He said that several leaders were at large, while hundreds of nonentities were in custody. That was a strange position.

Mr. O'Higgins said that there might not be evidence against all of those people, but there would be evidence against others. The persons against whom there was evidence of robbery, arson and foul and heinous crimes against the State would be brought to trial.

Mr. O'Farrell said that the power given under this bill should be sufficient to enable the Government to deal with any emergency that may arise; but detaining in prison people against whom no charge was made would not improve the situation. How was the public to know the relative guilt of these detained and released? A good deal of suffering was being inflicted, not on the people who were in jail—for, perhaps, they were the best off—but the people who were depending on them. A great deal of good might be done by the amnesty of all, except the number whom the Government would try. Keeping certain people in, and making heroes of people who had no heroic traits, was a very foolish policy.

Mr. O'Higgins said that there were certain factors taken into consideration in releasing men. One very relevant factor was the situation existing in the area to which the released persons would return. He agreed that many persons were released who were

(Continued on Page 8, Column 1.)

HOW TO RESTORE THE ARTS.

MR. YEATS'S VIEWS.

THREE GREAT MODERN INSTANCES.

A representative of the *Irish Times* called the attention of Mr. W. B. Yeats to the leading article which appeared in yesterday's issue, concerning the appointment of a Fine Arts Committee by the late British Government. Mr. Yeats was very much interested in the suggestion that the Free State Government ought to appoint a similar Committee without delay, and welcomed the publicity that is being given to such matters at the present time.

According to Balzac, he said, the first advisory Committee of this kind was appointed in the twelfth century. Such Committees always have been appointed in towns which have developed any kind of harmonious beauty, and I think that the proposal is specially important just now, at a time when we are at the beginning of a renaissance of architectural art. One of the chief results of the age of mechanism and industrialism was the degradation of all the arts, and particularly of the art of architecture. The population of every country increased, the people had to be housed at a tremendous rate, and then the mechanical process of repeating ornaments, and so on, destroyed the artist's individuality, and destroyed all national styles.

A change is at hand. There is general agreement, at any rate, that three great buildings have been put up in our own times which compare with the masterpieces of antiquity. These are the Philadelphia Terminus in New York, the Catholic Cathedral at Westminster, and the new City Hall in Stockholm. In these buildings there is an energy of design which is incredible until one has seen them. Someone described some handsome city to William Blake in his childhood; and he said—"I would not call that a fine city; I would call it a fine city if it had houses of gold and streets of silver." If he had seen the City Hall in Stockholm, or the Catholic Cathedral at Westminster, I think that he would have called them fine in his sense of the word, and that he would have ceased to call out for gold and silver. Westminster Cathedral, however, has been spoiled by ignoble decorations. The Irish Chapel of St. Patrick is about the worst of all, and I think that the country that allowed that Chapel to represent it in London is in bad need of artistic guidance.

GREAT DIFFICULTIES.

At the same time, continued Mr. Yeats, I see great difficulties in your proposal. If you put good architects on your committee you cannot employ them. If you appoint an Irish Advisory Board, like that of England, and make our best architects members of it, they cannot very well appoint themselves to do the architectural work for the Government; and in that case we should be worse off than we were before. The matter, however, is hardly pressing, as I do not suppose that the Government will put up any public building of importance for some years. It has first to deal with such urgent questions as the housing of Dublin's poor. What is pressing is that some sort of Advisory Board shall be established, to which can be submitted such things as designs for postage stamps, designs for medals, designs for the Great Seal, and, possibly, even designs for coinage. We have a wide selections of artists who would be suitable members of such a Board—men, for instance, like Mr. Charles Shannon, who is an Irishman, and has such a wide knowledge of art and the various processes of reproduction, that he would be a most competent adviser on any of these things. Mr. Shannon himself, I think, would hardly be ready to undertake any of the actual work of designing—he is far too busy; but we have several other artists of international fame.

Quite possibly the Government has considered the appointment of such a body, which, I believe, would enhance the reputation of the Free State. Our postage stamps, for example, suggest no artistic style, except that of which the Irish House on the quays is the most typical example. There was every excuse for the Government. The stamps were done at a time when the very existence of the State was in peril, and no one had time to think of such things. But, after all, the postage stamp is the ambassador of taste. It goes all over the world, and insensibly affects men's judgments.

"Have you seen, by the by," Mr. Yeats asked our representative, "the new Italian coinage? Two or three of the coins of the Mussolini Government are most admirable things, and I hear great praise of a new Greek coin. The truth is that the applied arts, on the whole, are improving, and a new State, like ours, which has no old precedents to consider, should take the fullest advantage of this fact.

HOW TO GET GOOD WORK.

"We may not get these things all at once. After all, Benvenuto Cellini had to put his pewter plates into the mould before he succeeded in casting his Persius; but there is no other way of getting good artistic work than getting good artists to do it, and by getting men of artistic taste to choose these artists. I notice that the English Committee has the power to add to its number, and that when the members are once appointed they are to fill all vacancies. I also notice that there are to be no ex-officio members. That seems to be an admirable thing, although if an Irish Committee were appointed I should certainly be glad to see a man like the present Director of the National Gallery in an ex-officio capacity."

Mr. Yeats seemed to have been greatly impressed by the new City Hall in Stockholm, which he visited recently to receive the Nobel Prize for Literature, and our representative asked him to describe it. "It never would have existed," said Mr. Yeats, "if there had not been wisely exercised authority in the city. It was the creation of two men—one the Socialist Minister of Culture and the other Prince Eugene of Sweden, who undertook that every artist should be left entirely free. The building itself is magnificent, but the contents are more magnificent still. The Government gave the building; public subscription gave the contents and the copper roof. For ten years all the great artists of Sweden—sculptors, painters, workers in mosaic, workers in iron, designers of textiles and furniture—worked together. Prince Eugene, who himself is a very distinguished artist, is never like the rest, every morning at nine o'clock, and did his day's work. The result is astonishing harmony, nothing insisting on itself, and everywhere imaginative energy. That one building," declared Mr. Yeats, "probably has founded a great school of design; yet, before the war the Budget of Sweden, although the population is greater, was almost the same as the Budget of Ireland.

"We are not too poor to learn to live within our ample income, to care for beautiful things, to employ and, by employing, to create great talent, and make Dublin beautiful. The Parliament of Grattan, and the Parliament before Grattan, planned and built magnificent buildings, and we are proud to-day of what they did. We must not get into any national rut, but study the best that is done in the world to-day, and the world our best, which can only be given by those men who know our best."

FRANCO-CZECH TREATY.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

PARIS, Friday.

The Treaty between France and Czecho-Slovakia was signed here this morning by M. Poincaré, on the one part, and M. Benes, just returned from London, on the other. The Treaty is described here as being a defensive alliance uniting the two States in the maintenance of the Treaties of Peace, but carrying with it no military convention.

M. Benes is stated to have informed the British Government during his stay in London that both Czecho-Slovakia and France would rejoice could Great Britain become a third signatory to the Treaty.

REVOLVER SHOTS IN DUBLIN.

At a late hour last night the police in Dublin received a report that about eight revolver shots had been fired in Blessington street. The "Flying Squad" of the G Division drove there, and found that the report was correct, but they could not ascertain by whom the shots were discharged. No person appears to have been injured.

WHITEHALL BARRIERS

PRE-TREATY RELICS TO GO.

FROM OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, Friday Night.

The Government have decided that the wooden barriers in Downing street and King Charles street, which were erected to meet a special emergency, need not be retained, and steps will at once be taken for their removal. The announcement by the Home Office to-night is popular in London, which has long resented the forbidding gates in Whitehall. They were erected by the Coalition Government when the Sinn Fein threats, which preceded the Irish negotiations, caused apprehension of disorders, and they were maintained in order that, in any sort of unrest, such as unemployed riots, the police would find it easier to deal with disorder.

There has never been a crisis which rendered them imperative as a protection, and their removal, by order of Mr. Arthur Henderson, now will make no difference, except to clear away an ugly feature of Whitehall.

ROYAL HOSPITAL.

ITS SITUATION AND CAPACITY.

The Royal Hospital, Kilmainham, is a large quadrangular building in extensive grounds. The main public entrance to the grounds is at the Kilmainham Gate, facing Kilmainham Courthouse, and, because the name of Kilmainham is most often associated with that side of the grounds, the Royal Hospital is by many people thought to be a long way from the centre of the city. As a matter of fact, however, the principal face of the Royal Hospital building is quite near to the departure platform at Kingsbridge Station, and from the Kingsbridge passenger entrance there is only a short walk up St. John's road to the near gate of the Royal Hospital grounds. This same gate can also be reached by a road leading from the James's street "fountain" past Swift's Hospital. The avenue from the gate to the building on this side is not much more than a hundred yards long.

The Royal Hospital is not, therefore, so far from the centre of the city as people are accustomed to think. The near gate is not well known because it was never less a private gate for the household at the time when the Royal Hospital was the residence of the British General Officer Commanding-in Chief.

In going from the city by Kilmainham the visitor to the Hospital after getting out as far as the main gate is able to come back again towards the city by the length of the fine avenue through the grounds. The Royal Hospital park, by the way, including the site of the buildings, the gardens, and some 28 acres of grazing, is about 45 acres in extent.

Besides the main building, there are two large houses, and some minor structures, and, of course, ample space exists for any temporary buildings it may be decided to erect, either in the quadrangle or in the park.

The main building would have to be altered considerably to make provision for the Oireachtas. It has only two large apartments at present. These are the Great Hall and the Chapel. They go to the full height of the building. The Great Hall occupies the central part of one side, and the Chapel, which is entered through the Great Hall, extends to the end of that side. Neither apartment is as large in its present state as would be desired in an ideal place of accommodation for the Oireachtas, and places which would be suitable for supplementary accommodation for members, staff, and others concerned, are not conveniently situated.

A great deal can be done by drastic internal reconstruction, but the main difficulty is the small breadth of each side of the building. The total available space is, nevertheless, considerable, because the sides are long—two of them are 360 feet long, and the other two are 288 feet long. They have three storeys. On the ground floor, except where the Great Hall extends to the full width, a cloistral gallery, open to the quadrangle, occupies some of the breadth, reducing the space for rooms. On the first floor, over the "cloisters," is a fine broad gallery overlooking the quadrangle. Here, again, the rooms occupy only the outer side of the building, and the same thing is found on the top floor, where, however, gallery and rooms are less imposing owing to the slope of the roof. By throwing down the inner partitions, and opening the whole breadth of a side from the outer wall to the quadrangle wall, fairly spacious rooms can be made. The present rooms are about 20 by 20 feet, and there are, including the portion which was the Commander-in-Chief's residence, and is rather differently arranged, about a hundred of them. The accommodation for offices should be ample, and the lighting is good, the number of windows being a striking feature of the building.

The Royal Hospital was established under Charter, and is not in the ordinary sense a Government building; but apparently no difficulty has been made about handing it over to the Free State Government. The pensioners—old soldiers of the British Army—are still in occupation, and as yet no intimation has been received by the Commandant, Colonel Steele, as to what alternative accommodation may be provided for them. In Colonel Steele the men have a warm champion of their interests, and, so far as he is able to influence matters, they will not suffer by the changes that must follow the taking over of the building for the accommodation of the Oireachtas.

It is understood that various plans for accommodation have been prepared for the consideration of the Oireachtas, and that one of the suggestions is to have the Great Hall as a meeting place for the Dail, and the Chapel as a meeting place for the Senate. Services are still held in the Chapel. The Chapel has some fine stained glass windows, and the oak walls of the Great Hall used to be hung with a magnificent array of armour.

The Royal Hospital was evacuated by the British, as far as the military were concerned, on December 18th, 1922, at the general evacuation.

No work has been put in hands there yet.

IRISHMAN KILLED IN MELBOURNE.

VICTIM OF ARMED MANIAC.

One of the victims of the maniac who ran amok with a rifle in the Botanical Gardens, Melbourne, on Wednesday, when two women and a man were shot dead, and a man and woman were injured (as reported in Thursday's *Irish Times*), was Mr. F. W. McIlwaine, of Dunmore Lodge, Carrigans, Co. Donegal.

Mr. McIlwaine was formerly a magistrate for the County Donegal and a member of the Londonderry Board of Guardians. He was a well-known amateur jockey and often rode at local meetings. He had been travelling on the Continent for the last three years, and in December sailed for Australia to attend his niece's wedding.

LABOUR M.P.'s DEATH.

MEMBER FOR BURNLEY SINCE 1918.

Mr. Dan Irving, M.P. for Burnley, died suddenly of heart failure last night. He had been ill for some little time suffering from bronchial pneumonia.

Mr. Irving, who was in his 70th year, was one of the veterans of the Social Democratic Federation. After fighting four unsuccessful contests he was elected for Burnley in December, 1918. At the last election he was returned with a majority of 2,682 over a Conservative in a three-cornered contest.

Born in Birmingham, Mr. Irving was in the Mercantile Marine from the age of 13 until he was 21, and afterwards a railway servant for 17 years. He was Secretary to the Burnley Socialist Party for 25 years.

42-FOOT SHRINE FOR LENIN.

FUNERAL POSTPONED TILL TO-MORROW.

PROPOSAL TO RE-NAME PETROGRAD.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

MOSCOW, Friday.

Lenin's funeral has been postponed until Sunday. Trotsky, whose popularity appears to be increasing, is expected to be present. The Petrograd Soviet has decided in favour of re-naming the city Leningrad. The consent of the Government to the change is now awaited.

(The word "grad" means city or town, and in the time of Peter the Great Petrograd was the generally accepted name for the Russian capital. Later it was Germanised to St. Petersburgh, but in September, 1914, an Imperial decree changed it back to Petrograd.)

Lenin will be buried in the Red Square, facing the monument to Minin and Pharski, the butcher and prince, who liberated Moscow from the Poles in 1612.

Here a shrine more than 42 feet high is to be erected, and to-night a special timber works is being set in operation to provide the carpentry for it.

The grave will be twenty-five feet deep. Since the soil is frozen hard its excavation is no easy matter, and specialists are now exploding charges to break up the top layers of the earth.

There is a queue a half mile long outside the Trade Union Hall, waiting to bid the dead leader a last farewell, and numerous special delegations of school children are particularly noticeable. Delegations from all parts of Russia are expected at the funeral.

Special stamps in honour of Lenin are to be issued by the Moscow Post Office.

TEAPOT DOME OIL SCANDAL.

SENATOR DENOUNCES MR. FALL.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Friday.

The Teapot Dome Oil Leases scandal has reached a startling stage.

Senator T. H. Caraway, whose charges that ex-Secretary Fall accepted bribes from the Sinclair Oil Company for granting Government oil leases at Wyoming, are responsible for the present investigation, is insisting that the Senate shall act on his resolution to cancel the Teapot Dome leases to Mr. Harry Sinclair. In making this demand before the Senate, he stigmatised ex-Secretary Fall as a "traitor."

The name of Mr. Denby, Secretary of the United States Navy, was mentioned by Senator McKellar, who asked Senator Caraway if he suggested that President Coolidge should remove Mr. Denby for approval of the grant of the Teapot leases to the Sinclair group, and also the Government's Californian leases to Mr. E. L. Doheny. Senator Caraway immediately stated his belief that if the disclosures warranted it Mr. Denby should not be allowed to retire, but should be impeached in a Senate trial.

Senator Caraway charged President Harding with acting without authority when he signed the Executive order giving Secretary Fall power to lease the Navy's oil reserves to Sinclair and Doheny. He contended that under the Taft Administration control was given to the Navy Department, and that the President Harding transferred the power he violated the law.

Speaking of ex-Secretary Fall, Senator Caraway declared—"Albert B. Fall stands indicted at the bar of public conscience of the greatest crime of treason. This country knows that Fall sold it."

The name of Attorney-General Daugherty was introduced into the controversy by Senator Walsh, who asserted that there were some features in the case which would bring the Attorney-General, himself, under some degree of suspicion and criticism.

The inquiry is now reaching a white-hot stage. Mr. E. L. Doheny, to whom the Government's Californian leases were granted by Mr. Fall, has volunteered to present himself as a witness, promising to hold back nothing, and intimating that he may attack the Sinclair leases while maintaining his own to be legitimate.

MR. SINCLAIR'S POSITION.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

PARIS, Friday.

Mr. Harry Sinclair, President of the Sinclair Oil Companies, gave a general and specific denial to the charges made against him in the Teapot Dome Oil Lease scandal, when he arrived in Paris.

"I don't know anything about these accusations," he said, sharply. "Archie Roosevelt has been my Secretary, and otherwise employed for more than a year. In fact, he booked my passage on the liner Paris for me. There can be no question of my running away.

"I did not give or lend, or countenance the giving or lending, of any money to Mr. Fall or anybody else in connection with these leases. I know Mr. Edward McLean, who is supposed to have given the money, but I don't know what he has to do with any of the Sinclair companies."

Interviewed in Paris, Mr. Sinclair said that he had not received any intimation from America that he might be called back to testify before the Senate Committee, but he said that he would be willing to tell them anything he could.

"As for those six cows," he remarked, "I have already testified in Washington four or five times about the things. If they want to hear me again they are welcome. My business here will be finished within a month, and I shall return immediately to America. I have nothing to say which could help them much if they are looking for evidence of bribery, because I do not know anything about bribery of any kind."

Mr. Sinclair remarked that it would be "pretty hard" to refuse to testify for a Senate Committee, but he declined to state whether he would be willing to cut short his important business trip if the Senate did cable him a request to return.

DONEGAL LAWLESSNESS.

PROCESS-SERVERS BEATEN.

At Lifford, Co. Donegal, Quarter Sessions yesterday, it was stated that a large number of civil bills had not been served, as several process-servers had been badly beaten and their processes destroyed.

One server said that some people, who assaulted him, declared that they had beaten the English Government, the "Black-and-Tans," and would smash the Free State and those who worked for it.

Judge Cooke said that he would not ask servers to run personal risks, and would deem service good by registered letter.

LORD MAYOR OF CORK RESIGNS.

At last night's meeting of the Cork Corporation a letter was read from the Lord Mayor, Mr. Donal O'Callaghan, resigning the position of Lord Mayor. For upwards of twelve months he has been absent from his civic duties. He states that the cause of his non-attendance during the year was his work for the Republic, on which ticket he was elected. The resignation was accepted.

COTTER DIVORCE CASE.

Mr. Justice Hill, in the Divorce Court, London, yesterday, granted a decree *nisi* in the case in which Lady Ethel Lucy Cotter, of Sussex Mansions, London, petitioned for a divorce from her husband, Sir James Laurence Cotter, Bart., of Rockforest, Mallow, on the ground of desertion and adultery. There was no defence to the action.

RAILWAY STRIKE GOES ON.

MR. BROMLEY'S HINT.

"DEVELOPMENTS DURING WEEK-END."

NO INTERVENTION YET.

FROM OUR LABOUR CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, Saturday Morning.

On the surface there was no change in the railway situation yesterday, so far as the attitude of the managers and the Union Executive is concerned. The four members of the General Council of the Trade Union Congress, who were appointed, with Mr. Bromley as secretary, to watch events, were in consultation yesterday.

As in the case of the boilermakers' dispute, much secret and informal discussion may be necessary before it can be said definitely whether a further attempt at open intervention or mediation could be initiated with any prospect of success. A second failure is not likely to be risked.

Any question of Government intervention is likely to remain in abeyance, pending the clearer knowledge of the situation, which may be gained from the consultations of the General Council Committee.

Mr. Bromley declared yesterday that he was "perfectly satisfied with the position." If some of the N.U.R. men had gone back, he said, others had joined the strikers, and he asserted—in opposition to the statements of the railway authorities, that the traffic conditions had improved—that the position of the Union was growing stronger.

Mr. Cramp, however, declared that in some districts "undesirable elements" outside the railway service had been engaged in picketing, but, he added, "members of the N.U.R. will not be intimidated by lawlessness."

Mr. Bromley hinted yesterday that there might be developments during the week-end, but he gave no indication what was in his mind.

PRIMA DONNA HELD UP.

COVENT GARDEN OPERA SEQUEL.

A sequel to the railway strike occurred at Covent Garden Opera House, London, last night, when Wagner's "Siegfried" was advertised, with Miss Florence Austral, the prima donna, in the part of Brunnhilde. At the end of the second act, however, the manager of the British National Opera Company, announced that the stationmaster at Rugby had telegraphed that the train by which Miss Florence Austral was travelling from the North would not arrive in London in time for her to appear in the third act. The performance of "Siegfried" was discontinued, and the third act of "The Valkyrie" substituted.

THE KINGSTOWN ROUTE.

REGULAR ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

So far as the mail service is concerned things were almost normal yesterday on the Carlisle Pier. The morning in-coming boat was somewhat late, but she carried 123 passengers and the ordinary mails. There were mails and 50 passengers on the outgoing boat yesterday morning. By the evening boat 102 passengers came from Holyhead. The boat also carried over 200 bags of mails and 700 parcel-post packets. The usual mail and 178 passengers left Kingstown last night.

POSITION IN BELFAST.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

BELFAST, Friday.

Fewer coal boats reached Belfast to-day. The supplies of coal available in Great Britain are gradually becoming smaller. Seven colliers are now lying idle at Belfast, and the number will be increased in a day or two. There is a slight improvement in the service for passengers to and from Belfast, and merchandise is now being more expeditiously handled.

DUBLIN'S COAL SUPPLY.

NO CAUSE FOR ALARM.

Although fewer cargoes are arriving in the Liffey there is no occasion for alarm as regards the coal supply of Dublin. This was the reassuring statement obtained by an *Irish Times* representative in well-informed circles yesterday.

It was pointed out that stocks were sufficient for ordinary needs, but that if people got panicky and ordered coal of which they were not in need, it would be hard to satisfy the demand.

Even now some people are ordering more than they want, with the result that merchants are obliged to use their discretion as to what quantity they will supply.

The situation will right itself if householders and manufacturers do not become excited and overwhelm merchants with orders.

A BORDER DWELLER.

FARMER COMPENSATED BY TWO GOVERNMENTS.

At the Monaghan Quarter Sessions Judge Johnston awarded Philip Curran, of Clinconick, County Fermanagh, £6 damages for the malicious destruction of turf and the loss of fowl in September, 1922.

It appeared from the evidence that the applicant lived on the Northern border, his house being in Northern Ireland, and his outoffices a few yards away in Free State territory. He had been already awarded compensation by the Northern authorities for an attack on his dwellinghouse, and he now applied to the Free State Court for damage to his out-offices.

His dwellinghouse is in the County Fermanagh, but the out-offices are in County Monaghan.

ROBBERIES IN DUBLIN.

MONEY TAKEN FROM VAN DRIVERS.

At 6.20 last evening a van-driver, named Kilcoyne, was stopped by two armed men at "The Thatch," Drumcondra. One of them carried a revolver and the other a flash-lamp. They robbed him of £19, the property of his employers.

At 6.40 o'clock Christopher Garvey was driving a van, the property of the Blanchardstown Mills Company, when he was stopped at Bridgefoot street, Dublin, by a man, who was armed with a revolver, who robbed him of 35s. Another man, apparently an accomplice, was present.

289,000 DEPORTATIONS.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

RIGA, Friday.

More than 10,000 persons have been arrested and deported from Moscow since the middle of December. Semenoff, manager of the Housing Department of Moscow, states that 289,824 persons will shortly be listed for expulsion from the Bolshevik capital owing to the extreme lodging and unemployment crises. The majority of those being deported are merchants who have grown wealthy under the new economic policy.

AMERICAN MINE EXPLOSION.

WEST FRANKFORT, ILLINOIS, Friday.

A gas explosion occurred in a coal mine here to-day, entrapping thirty miners. Two hundred and fifty made good their escape. Three were removed from the pit in a badly burned condition.—(Reuter.)

THE BALDONNELL ACCIDENT.

HOW FREE STATE AIRMAN WAS KILLED.

FATAL MISTAKE IN THE AIR.

At St. Bricin's Hospital, Dublin, yesterday, an inquest was held by the Deputy Coroner, Dr. Oswald J. Murphy, on Lieutenant Timothy Nevin, aged 22, of the Free State Air Force, who died on the previous day as the result of an aeroplane accident near Baldonnell Aerodrome on Wednesday morning. The deceased was a native of Loughrea, Co. Galway.

Major-General Sweeney, in charge of Baldonnell Aerodrome, stated that on Wednesday morning the deceased left the aerodrome in a Bristol fighter. The machine was in perfect running order. At 3,000 feet something went wrong with the engine, which was stopped as the machine dived down. Between 1,800 and 1,000 feet the lieutenant did a bad turn in the air and lost his flying speed. The machine then started to spin down, and struck the ground violently. The lieutenant was at once attended to and despatched to hospital.

This type of accident was responsible for 60 per cent. of deaths among pilots. It was called "stalling in a turn."

Dr. M. H. O'Connor, medical officer, said that deceased was admitted to St. Bricin's Hospital suffering from shock and collapse, with numerous injuries. He died nineteen hours after admission.

Captain Thomas Nolan, chief technical officer, Baldonnell, certified that the machine was in perfect flying order when it left the ground. Each machine was thoroughly tested every morning.

A juror asked for the fitter who examined the engine.

Corporal Robert Long said that he had satisfied himself that the machine was in perfect order.

The Coroner said that there was no evidence as to how the mishap occurred.

The jury returned a verdict accordingly, and expressed their sympathy with the relatives of the deceased.

Mr. D. O'Flaherty, on behalf of Major-General Sweeney and his brother officers, joined in the expression of sympathy.

After the inquest an uncle of the deceased came forward and complained that he and other relatives were refused admission to the hospital before Lieutenant Nevin died. They were met with fixed bayonets.

The Coroner said that if complainant had come forward during the inquest that matter could have been raised. It had, however, nothing to do with them, but was purely a matter for the hospital authorities.

The remains of Lieutenant Nevin were subsequently removed to the Broadstone Railway Station for conveyance by the 2.30 p.m. train to Loughrea, where they will be interred in the family burial ground to-day. Two aeroplanes accompanied the funeral train for portion of the way. Among those who attended the funeral were:—Major-General Sweeney, Officer Commanding Air Force; Major-General Reynolds, G.O.C., Cork; Colonel Charles Dalton, Colonel Frank Thornton, Colonel Austin Brennan, a body of men of the Flying Corps from Baldonnell, and a number of his brother officers, including Captain T. Doherty.

M. VENIZELOS WALKS OUT.

SCENE IN THE GREEK PARLIAMENT.

ATHENS, Friday.

In the Greek Parliament to-day criticisms were made of the M. Venizelos Administration in 1915 and 1916 by members of the Extreme Left. M. Venizelos, the Premier, took exception, and by way of protest walked out of the House.—(Reuter.)

PROCLAIMED MEETING.

COMEDY SEQUEL IN DUBLIN POLICE COURT.

In the Southern Police Court, Dublin, yesterday, before Mr. Cooper, K.C., Oliver O'Connor, an elderly man, was charged with obstructing the thoroughfare at Kildare street, and also with assaulting the police and resisting arrest, on Saturday last.

When the defendant entered the dock, he addressed Mr. Cooper in a loud voice as "Citizen magistrate," saying that he wanted his breakfast, as he had been "in cold storage" since Thursday afternoon.

Evidence by the police was to the effect that on Thursday the accused drove along Leinster street on a hackney car, on the back of which a placard was displayed. Later he got on to the footpath, carrying the placard in his hand, and tried to force his way past the police cordon. There was a large crowd collected in the vicinity, as a meeting had been advertised to be held there and had been proclaimed by the Government.

Station-Sergeant Buttimer, D.M.P., said that he remonstrated with the defendant and advised him to go away, but, as he remained obdurate, he had to order his arrest. The defendant, Sergeant Buttimer stated, violently resisted arrest. He struck the sergeant and knocked his helmet off.

The defendant asked the "citizen magistrate" to grant an adjournment, so that he might be able to take steps to prepare his defence.

Mr. Cooper said that he would adjourn the case for a week.

The defendant said that he would give no bail, but he would like to be allowed to provide his own food, as he could not put up with any more of the "skilly" that had been given to him that morning.

"RIDICULOUS."

RECORDER OF DUBLIN AND A HIGH COURT ACTION.

A jury at the Recorder's Court, Dublin, yesterday awarded £10 damages to Edward Byrne, of Montpelier, Bohernabreena, County Dublin, whose claim was against Dubl

PARLIAMENT.

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to catch the 6.30 o'clock train to Cork often had no hope of getting it. Some people did not like to sleep in Dublin. He did not. (Laughter.)

PROTECTION.

He held that the pier ought to be closed in from the weather but he was told that that was impossible—that the pier would be blown away. He did not think so. They could have proper protection for passengers at Kingstown in the same way as at Holyhead, where it was possible to step into the train protected from the weather. It was impossible to use an umbrella on Kingstown pier; it would be blown away.

If they wanted people to come to the Tailteann Games, and to pass through Ireland to the Wembley Exhibition—as many Americans would do, in order to see the scenery, or out of curiosity to see how the Free State was getting on—it would be a very wise thing to make the pier more comfortable.

His motion was intended to stir up the railway authorities, the Board of Works, and anybody else that was responsible. He hoped that the Senate would pass his motion, as he did not want to be told that their country was a beastly country and a country to keep away from. There ought to be more porters, and the pier ought to be closed in. The people who said that could not be done were the sort of people they did not want.

Colonel Moore said that he agreed *in toto* with what Lord Mayo had said. He did not exaggerate in one iota.

Sir John Griffith said that there were only two berths at Kingstown. What they wanted was to have the North Wall service restored, and he hoped the Government would do something to that end. There used to be as many as three steamers running from the port of Dublin, as well as the two mail steamers from Kingstown.

One of the causes of the change was that Kingstown was a national harbour, and about 1903 the London North-Western Company found that by going into Kingstown they were relieved of dues payable in the port of Dublin. The company saved £7,000 for their own benefit to the great loss of the large travelling public between Dublin and Holyhead.

A PUBLIC SERVICE.

The Chairman said that the Earl of Mayo had performed a public service in calling attention to this matter. He had had personal experience of the unnecessary discomfort to which passengers through this route were exposed. Nothing could be worse than the accommodation at Westland row for getting tickets. There was not much better a henhouse. (Laughter.) They were standing in the draught, on ashphalt, and on a cold night it was perfectly miserable. But it was worse if one had to take his ticket at Kingstown, because there they had erected a shed which could not even be described as a henhouse. It only held about three persons, and he had seen queues of people waiting in wind and weather there for tickets.

He thought that it also ought to be included in the motion that people had some reason to complain of the price of tickets. He had to charge for a steeper way. He thought that they had lost a great deal by the absence of the City of Dublin Company's boats, which provided accommodation. He thought that the public were entitled to reasonable accommodation when taking boats, when they were embarking or disembarking, and that they should not be compelled to wait at the pier for an unnecessary period for Customs examination.

It was very important that the London, Midland and Scottish Railway Company should have their attention called to this matter.

Sir Thomas Esmonde said that so far as the "henhouse" at Westland Row was concerned he might be held nominally responsible for it. (Laughter.) He promised the Senate that it would not be his fault if he would not have the cause of complaint remedied. He took no responsibility for the "henhouse" at the Pier. There was no doubt that the accommodation at Kingstown Pier could be improved. Some time ago he suggested a conference between the Customs authorities and the railway companies with a view to alleviating the inconvenience of passengers. As the result of that a certain amount of accommodation was provided at Carlisle Pier, though members of the Seanad did not seem to have discovered it. (Laughter.)

The person really responsible for the Pier was the Minister for Finance, because it was under the control of the Board of Works. He thought that the attention of the Board of Works should be called to it.

The Right Hon. A. Jameson suggested that a copy of the minutes should be sent to Senator Burgess, and that he should be asked to bring it under the notice of his own Board, especially about steamers going to the North Wall and about the fares.

Mr. Douglas thought that next summer a large number of steamers should ply to and from Dublin. He thought that if two or three members of the Seanad went to the responsible authorities some improvements in the conditions complained of might be effected. He also thought that the Customs arrangements could be improved by having heavy luggage registered through and examined at Westland row or somewhere, which would lessen the time at Kingstown.

Sir Thomas Esmonde said that if a committee was appointed they would receive every consideration from the interests which he represented.

SEE-SAWING.

The Earl of Mayo said that he saw the head of the Board of Works in connection with this matter, and told him it was a scandal. The official told him that they had a conference with the Customs authorities, but could not get them to do anything. He saw that he was made a shuttlecock between two departments, and that was the reason he raised the matter at the present time.

The motion was passed.

The Chairman said that he had received a letter from the Dail stating that five members of the Dail had been appointed to examine and report on temporary accommodation for the housing of the Oireachtas, and asking that the Senate also appoint five members. Unless, therefore, would ask the Selection Committee to give the names of five members.

The House rose at 5.45 until 3 o'clock next Wednesday.

THE DAIL.

The Speaker took the chair in the Dail yesterday at 12.10 p.m.

FILM CENSORING.

10/- A THOUSAND FEET.

Alderman A. Byrne asked the Minister for Home Affairs if he would state the conditions having regard to which the Government occupied the Phœnix Street Picture House, which was about to cease to be used for film censoring, and the rent at present paid for the premises; and if he would take steps to find out the price paid for the boxes and seats by the present landlords.

Mr. Gorey, Minister for Home Affairs said that an arrangement had been made with the owners of the Phœnix Street Picture House under which they would supply everything that the Censor required for censoring films—the necessary labour, operating machines, light, etc., for which 10s. per 1,000 feet of the film shown would be paid. The matter had been discussed with the Kinematograph Renters' Society. It was not considered necessary to ascertain the price paid for the premises by the present owners.

Alderman Byrne asked if any rent other than the 10s. per 1,000 feet of film shown was being paid.

The Minister for Home Affairs, said he did not think so.

COUNTY DONEGAL EXPORTS.

Mr. White (Donegal) asked the Minister for Agriculture if he had considered the advisability of prohibiting the export of potatoes and oats from Donegal in view of the acute distress prevailing in congested areas in that county; if he was aware that potatoes were at present being bought up rapidly at high prices in the tillage districts of East and North Donegal for export through the port of Derry; and if he would state at what price officials of his Department were at present buying potatoes in Tyrone for seed supplies in Donegal.

The Minister for Home Affairs said that it would be inadvisable to stop the export of potatoes from any particular place. Farmers in the tillage districts in North and N.-East Donegal had established an export trade, especially in potatoes, and they had grown an area considerably in excess of what they required for their own use. To prevent these men from marketing their produce in the ordinary course (with a view to enabling small farmers in the areas in which there was a shortage to obtain supplies of potatoes on better conditions than it was now open to them to purchase such supplies) would constitute so grave an interference with trade conditions as to render it impossible for justification.

If it was decided that special schemes of seed supplies for the congested areas in Donegal were to be adopted, it would be open to the authorities responsible for the making of such schemes to procure the necessary supplies either in East Donegal or elsewhere as market prices rendered most prudent. In no circumstances could it be expected that the price to be paid for such potatoes could be less than that at which growers were able to dispose of them in the open market.

The potatoes at present being purchased by the Department in Tyrone and the adjoining counties were of special varieties and immune from black scabs, and were being purchased for supply on special terms to small farmers in certain areas in Donegal where black scab had appeared. It would not be possible to procure in the county the quantities of those potatoes required for the purpose. Prices ranged from £7 10s. to £8 a ton.

FIREARMS BILL.

The Minister for Home Affairs (Mr. O'Higgins) asked leave to have printed and circulated the Firearms (Temporary Provisions) Bill, which makes provision during a limited period for the placing of restrictions on the import, manufacture, and possession of and dealing in firearms and other weapons and ammunition, and for other purposes in relation to firearms and ammunition. He said that the position was that the Public Safety Act would expire on the 31st of this month, and the provisions in it, which gave powers to control the use, import and sale of firearms, required to be renewed. A bill consolidating and improving the laws bearing on this subject was at present the subject of inter-departmental discussion and conference, and it would take some time to prepare. In the meantime, it was necessary to make temporary provision to deal with the control of firearms and explosives, and it was with that object that he was introducing this temporary bill.

The permission asked for was granted, and the second stage of the bill was fixed for Thursday next.

OIREACHTAS STAFF.

The following motion by Mr. Johnson (Labour, Dublin County) was passed without discussion and without opposition:—

"That copies of the Report of the Committee on the Oireachtas Staff' (now on the table) be circulated to members, together with a statement showing—(1) The scale of wages and salaries now in operation, and (2) the cash value to the various officers referred to in the report, and the proposed scale when the Oireachtas, at present rates, is added."

HOUSING BILL.

LABOUR LEADER'S DOUBTS.

The debate was resumed on the Housing (Building Facilities) bill.

Mr. Johnson (Labour, Dublin County) said that he regretted that it had not been possible for him to examine the bill with the care which it needed. He was not going to oppose the second reading, inasmuch as the Minister had faith that it would result in the building of houses, and if there was a possibility of that he would be glad to facilitate him in achieving it. But he felt that the bill was not going to do very much in that direction, and he was sorry that, after all the expectations that had been aroused by the Minister's promises, he had so unpromising a solution put into the bill which was the Government's attempt to solve the housing problem.

He would have liked to hear from the President some estimate of the weekly charge for the houses to be built under the bill. They had the maximum rent on weekly letting, and, taking this figure to be an indication of what was likely to be the charge to tenants of the houses built under this bill, and what would in fact be charged upon the occupiers of the majority of the houses which were built under the scheme, they found that the house with five rooms was estimated to be worth a weekly rent of 13s. 10d., and he thought that they might fairly estimate that it was intended that 13s. 10d. a week was to be charged to the occupiers of houses of five rooms—that was, houses in the larger towns. That was the end of the scale.

If they took the other end of the scale, a three-roomed house built in a place where sewers and water mains were not available would be, it was anticipated, let at a weekly rent of 7s. 4d. Now, he asked the Minister for Local Government had in the anticipation of being able to extract a rent of 7s. 4d. from a working man occupying a three-roomed house in the country or in small towns whom he was employing at 25s. or 30s. a week?

"No; I am wrong in saying whom he is employing," proceeded Mr. Johnson. "I should say whose wages will not be allowed to be above 25s. or 30s. a week under the order that he has made."

He had said at an earlier stage that there was an obvious contradiction in the statement of the Minister in introducing this bill, when, on the one hand, he was looking for lower wages for the worker generally, and at the same time producing schemes which inevitably meant an increase in the charge for rent on those earnings, and those rents were irrespective of rates. As the years went by the weekly charges would increase by virtue of the gradual increase of the rates to be paid. It might be said that more stress should be laid on the word maximum. He had made some calculations with the information available since 8 o'clock the previous night, and he could not see the possibility of going below 11s. 6d. for the larger house, and 5s. for the smaller house.

If that was a fair estimate for the minimum under the best possible circumstances, assuming that the State had paid out its subsidy, and the local authority had paid out an equal subsidy, and, in addition to the subsidies, that the local authorities had lent the maximum sum under the scheme, then, if his estimate of the minimum under the best possible circumstances was a fair one, he was afraid that the chances of any large number of houses being built under this bill were not very rosy.

"PETTIFOGGING."

It might be said, he admitted at once, that there was some possibility that congestion might be relieved to the extent of some 3,000 houses in a year, even though the occupiers of those houses were not those mostly in need of them. That was something to the good, he admitted, but it should be realised that this was not a bill that was going to go very far in helping to re-house the poorer classes of the country. His feeling in this matter was that the Ministry had failed to rise to the occasion. They were doing what, he admitted, was quite a generous act regarding financing, but doing it in a mean, pettifogging way, rather nibbling at a big problem and not facing it as it should be faced.

It had been made public that the problem before the country was to provide 60,000 houses; that there was a shortage of no fewer than 60,000 houses in the country; and that there was a steadily increasing deterioration, and decay of those which at present existed. That deterioration would increase, leaving 60,000 quite a minimum of the number that would have to be built to satisfy the housing needs of the country. Admittedly, that was a very big and difficult problem to solve, but when they spoke of 60,000 houses in the Saorstat, it was probable that 25,000 would be required in the City of Dublin. He preferred to refer to that as the problem of rehousing 25,000 in or around the City of Dublin. He did not think that a problem of that magnitude and that urgency was adequately dealt with by the methods proposed in this bill.

It was hoped—Ministers were very careful, hesitating, and doubtful, but it was hoped by them—that they would interest private persons to apply for loans to the State; that they would conform to certain plans, and would receive the loans both from the State, and that local authorities would come forward freely with an equal subsidy, and also help house building by loans chargeable on the rates. Really, from all they had heard from the Minister himself and from deputies, Irish and they any reasonable grounds to expect that the local authorities would be willing to grant those subsidies and make those loans within the next twelve months. He would like to know the ground of the President's optimism in that respect.

OTHER POINTS.

The bill failed in other respects. There was nothing in it to ensure that the houses would be built where they were most needed. It was not doing very much to satisfy the demand for working-class houses. There appeared also to be an intention to remove any control which local authorities might have had in the past in regard to the laying out of sites, and that where something in the nature of town planning was decided on by local authorities, it was now decided that all these decisions should be set aside, and that anybody would be allowed to build houses anywhere, in any fashion, subject to the final decision as to the design of the house by the Minister of Local Government. He thought this policy should not be allowed to continue.

Coming to the section dealing with the purchasing of materials for house-building, Mr. Johnson said that there was, perhaps, a redeeming feature in that section; but the section was too timid, and was only included as something that might have to be applied if the public did not rise to the occasion. If the Minister would asure the House that they were ready now to enter into this project, and that, if there was not sufficient response to the requirements of the case within one month, say, after the passing of the bill, they were then ready to enter into the business of supplying the materials, one might think that it had some real purpose behind it; but inasmuch as there was no assurance of that kind, and not a sign that that was the intention, and if the bill was only a one-year bill, he thought that they could not take too much notice of that clause as being a serious intention to tackle the problem with resolution.

Unfortunately, the trouble with regard to the excessive prices of building materials was not a local trouble at all, but was a general excess, because of the fact that contractors were very largely outside the jurisdiction of the Minister. What was required was a local authority capable of dealing with building materials in a wholesale way.

The Minister had referred to proposals put forward by the Labour Party as to the manner in which this housing problem should be dealt with. He (Mr. Johnson) had not yet seen any criticism of the Labour Party's proposal in this matter which made him alter his opinion that the housing problem would have to be solved eventually, and could only be solved eventually by some such plan as they proposed. They thought that the problem of providing houses for the thousands of people who urgently required them was only likely to be solved if they thought of it as they would think of a national emergency were the country in danger.

BIGGER PLAN NEEDED.

Bearing in hind that they would build only 3,000 in the year, in the ordinary process they would have a twenty years' period before they were going to solve the present housing problem. He thought that this problem ought to be solved on bigger lines and in bigger faith in the capacity of the country. There should be set up a national housing authority, representing the Government through its Chairman, the building trades on the operative side, architects and builders, and, possibly, builders' providers. A Committee representing these elements could give instructions to build houses and have power to see that they were built. Such an authority, he thought, would have to get powers to purchase for a ten years' programme, to go to Norway for timber, to take control, if necessary, building plant in the country, and to call on all those engaged in the trade to place their plant at the disposal of the authority for the purpose of building houses.

On the operative side, he thought that that housing authority should see to the organisation of every man needed in the business—from the architect to the builders' labourer. It seemed to him that they should proceed on the assumption that they had 15,000 men idle for the next year. If they went to those men and told them that they could guarantee them five or ten years' work those men would give of their best. He wanted the Government to remove the fear of unemployment. When they guaranteed employment then they could appeal to the very best instinct of the men.

The Government feared to do the bold thing, and they produced a bill which would not go any way towards effecting a solution of the problem. There were too many conditions and hesitancies. The fact that they were, in fact, endeavouring to drive wages down did not harmonise the prospects. He was sorry that the bill failed to go anyway towards fulfilling all that was foreshadowed by the Minister.

TWO-ROOMED HOUSES.

Mr. Doyle said that he thought that some attempt should be made to provide two-roomed houses where it was feasible under the Act.

Mr. John Good said that he did not think that Deputy Johnson had been at all helpful in his suggestions. If the deputy had been in the building trade for three months he would never have made the suggestion that constant employment should be guaranteed. In one particular year the employer might have works of extension, etc., to undertake, but in the following year he might have no work to engage men on.

As he had pointed out on many an occasion, 50 per cent. of the cost of building was labour, and for that reason he asked the Labour Party to consider seriously what they intended to do towards remedying that state of affairs. The building trade at the moment was an uneconomic proposition. The Government had made an enormous effort on their part, and it was up to Labour to do its part.

It would be extremely unwise to confine the building of houses to any particular material. They should get their houses built at the cheapest possible rate, and with the cheapest and most convenient material. He was not allowing the builders to build the houses of whatever was the cheapest material to hand at the moment there should be some clause empowering the local authorities to withdraw the stringent regulations imposed under the measure.

The figures quoted for the building of the houses were interesting, but if houses were to be built at those figures every party would have to put forward its best effort. For that reason he thought that the local authorities should be empowered in the manner suggested. Not alone might they not provide the sites, but they might also provide pathways, sewers, etc.

He was quite satisfied that the time allotted for the proposals to be carried into effect was too short. It took local authorities a good time to move, and it took over six months to acquire sites, even compulsorily. He thought that the scheme for the repair of houses might also go a little further. It would be a pity if any scheme should result in allowing property to go derelict.

"PROFITEERING."

There had been no evidence of "profiteering" in connection with building material. They in the Free State were anxious to encourage and develop industry in the building trade and in other departments of commerce. To give the Government power to walk in, inspect material, and fix a price was a dangerous principle to adopt. Such a clause had never before been suggested in connection with any building scheme. If the Government put in such a proposal in the housing scheme people would come to the conclusion that the Government would apply the same clause to other departments of commerce. (Hear, hear.) What was going to be the ultimate effect of that on trade, commerce and industry?

A Member—"Profiteering."

Mr. Good said that they should have evidence of "profiteering" before the allegation was made. He had been connected with the building industry, both in Great Britain and Ireland, and he had yet to get any evidence of "profiteering" in connection with the building industry, and evidence was necessary before this clause was put in.

Referring to the schedule, he said they were assuming to build, and it was interesting the many that they would get the problem dealt with. That would bring them to the real point—the difficulty in connection with housing—the cost of housing; and, he said again, the cost of housing had been brought about by high wages. A reduction in the cost of wages meant a proportionate reduction in cost of building material and a reduction in the cost of housing. So he would say to Deputy Johnson, and those with him, that they had more to do with the number of houses to be built under this scheme, or any other scheme, than any other section of the community.

Mr. Lyons said that the bill would do a certain amount of good to Deputy Good and his equals. He would like to know if any tenant going into a house built under the bill would benefit by the grant given to the builder. Landlords who never spent money on their houses might now get an opportunity to repair them and make them fit for habitation by the grant under the bill. Would they be allowed to increase the rent 10 per cent., as was allowed under the previous Act, for the repairs they carried out? He thought that the empty workmen might be utilised for dwellings. He thought that under the scheme it should be possible for the tenant by paying the rent and something extra to become the owner in a certain number of years. Fifteen years was quite long enough to pay rent for a house. The rents proposed were much too high.

RED TAPE.

Alderman A. Byrne congratulated the President on his effort to provide houses. He found that the bill did not provide for those herded in tenement houses in the City of Dublin, and that the bill was surrounded with so much red tape in every clause that it would prevent the small builder or private individual from coming forward and availing himself of the invitation that the bill contained. Two years ago the British Government offered a grant of £260, and the only condition was that a decent house would be built. He was one of the few who availed himself of that. How could they expect, when the sum of £260 was reduced to £100, and surrounded with such conditions, that small builders would build two houses, and compete with the Master Builders' Federation, if he was compelled to sell the house at a certain price.

He hoped that the Minister would see when the grant was given that the builders' providers would not run up the prices. He contended that there was "profiteering" amongst builders' providers, and said that the curse of the country was too many middlemen.

A fine ought not be inflicted if the house was not completed within the specified time, provided there was a reasonable excuse for that delay. He hoped that the bill would do some good, but he was sorry that it was surrounded by so many difficulties.

Mr. Gorey said that in the rural districts cottages were provided almost altogether for the labourer, but in many cases labourers occupied some portion of land, and, because of their ownership of the land, they had been excluded from almost every Act that had been passed. He urged that some measure of consideration should be extended to that class under the present measure.

DUBLIN TENEMENTS.

Mr. E. H. Alton said that to him the bill seemed to be a very wide one, and one that would do more to ameliorate the social evils from which the city and country suffered than any bill that had gone before. The bill would provide a certain number of dwelling-houses, but it would not provide the class of dwellinghouse which the poorest class of workers could pay for. At present the conditions in some of the tenements were unspeakable. A little money would put a tenement house into a more habitable state. Some clause might be inserted in the bill to cover that.

Alderman Corish observed that he could not understand why the Government would not allow the local authorities to participate in the scheme since they were so familiar with local conditions. He had yet to learn that any private builder could be as interested in the conditions of the working classes as the local authorities. Deputy Good asked for the co-operation of Labour, but the only thing in which he wanted co-operation was the cutting of wages. When the Government suggested control of materials he said "Hands off materials." The position of the worker was an open book, but that could not be said of the position of those engaged in the building industry, the Deputy Good.

Professor Thrift (Dublin University) said that he welcomed the bill and believed it would do good, but he doubted that it would do very much to relieve the congestion in Dublin or improve the condition of the wretched people living in tenements. He thought that it might be possible to extend the operations of the bill so as to include in its scope the action of public utility societies.

BUILDING SOCIETIES.

The President said that this bill seemed to resemble the stranger that everybody welcomed but that everybody hoped was not to be anybody. There was nothing in the bill, so far as he could see, which would prevent public utility societies from utilising it to its fullest public extent. He thought that it was only right and fair that he should register his keen appreciation of the work that some of these societies had done in Dublin. The Artisans' Dwellings Co. during many years had rendered great public service at a very fair price to their tenants, and at a fair margin of profit. They had performed a great public benefit to the City of Dublin, and he could only say that if by means of this bill or such other Acts they could persuade such bodies as that to take up the work where they left it off they would be doing good service. There was also the Association for the Housing of the Very Poor, the Tramway Co., railway companies, Guinness's, Watkins, Jameson and Pim, and others, and he would say that it would be necessary, if they were to take any real progress with this problem that bodies such as these should again busy themselves with this question, and endeavour to give some assistance now. Even if there was much more needed than when the Artisans' Dwellings Company started its work, some 40 years ago.

He would like to correct any impression that he was criticising local authorities in what he had said. If he was criticising them, he certainly was not belittling them; but he pointed out that they were necessarily handicapped by reason of charges which were inseparable from the conduct of public affairs. How, he asked, were they to build at the same rate as when labourers' cottages were built from one end of the country to another? Again, the building trades were in their part, and it was up to Labour to do its part.

It would be extremely unwise to confine the building of houses to any particular material. They should get their houses built at the cheapest possible rate, and with the cheapest and most convenient material. He was not allowing the builders to build the houses of whatever was the cheapest material to hand at the moment there should be some clause empowering the local authorities to withdraw the stringent regulations imposed under the measure.

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ST. ANDREW'S COLLEGE.

OLD BOYS' DINNER.

MR. JUSTICE DODD AND THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Over one hundred "old boys" and guests assembled at Clery's Restaurant, Dublin, last evening, on the occasion of the St. Andrew College Old Boys' Dinner. The chair was occupied by Mr. J. P. McKnight, Chairman of the Trustees of the College. On his right sat Mr. Justice Dodd, Dr. Synge, Serjeant Hanna, and Dr. Solomons, and on his left, Sir James Craig, Dr. Nesbitt, Mr. J. E. Healy, and Mr. W. Fearon.

The toast of the King was proposed by the Chairman, and enthusiastically honoured.

Mr. Justice Dodd, proposing the toast of "The Governor-General and Prosperity to Ireland," said that the toast was in one sense a formal one, but it was not one of routine with them that night. They desired to express their allegiance to the first Governor-General chosen from—he might say by—the people of Ireland.

The Governor-General's position was a dignified one, and also, he thought, a difficult one. He has to develop harmony among the inhabitants of the country, of all races and creeds—to secure for the country its proper place in the great Commonwealth of nations, of which it formed a part; and to make its voice heard in the League of Nations. It would not be seemly in them to praise the Governor-General, but their hearts went out to him in loving duty. His Excellency was one of the straightest of men, as was well-known to the distinguished men with whom he was brought in contact in his career. His appointment as Governor-General was a gain to the country, but it meant a loss to the speaker.

Mr. Justice Dodd, proceeding, said that he had delivered a judgment in a case in which Mr. Healy was counsel, and embodied in it a flashing witticism of his. He had it on the best authority that hundreds of people had inquired as to where that judgment could be found in the Reports. No other judgment of his would ever again be so enriched. No other judgment of his had ever been so much in demand. The Governor-General had so much worth and wit that he thought he would like to know they held him in esteem for himself as well as his position, and he felt confident that he would not regard a greeting from "Old Boys" as a thing of nought.

"PROSPERITY TO IRELAND."

With the toast of the Governor-General was coupled that of prosperity to Ireland, and Mr. Justice Dodd said that there seemed to be always a touch of irony in linking the two toasts together. But there was no irony now than before. The Executive were the responsible Ministers, but the Governor-General's wisdom and experience would be a helpful asset to his advisers, at a time when they, new men, were working under new conditions for the betterment of their country. The latter part of the toast could, therefore, be taken as an expression of their good-will to the Executive. What lay at the root of their toast was their native land.

"We'll toast old Ireland, dear old Ireland, Ireland, boys, hurray!"

The toast having been honoured,

Dr. Nesbitt proposed the toast of "St. Andrew's College." He spoke of the proud position held by the College, and the reputation of the Chairman as Chairman of the Trustees. He thought that the College was very fortunate in its teaching staff all through. They looked back with affection on all their old teachers, to two of whom, Mr. Dowds and Mr. Johnston, he specially referred, both of whom were in the College still.

In regard to the supply of pupils the College was also fortunate. One thing which, to his mind, gave the best indication of the school supply was that three of their boys had got what he regarded as the biggest honour the country could give them—they had been chosen to represent their country in the Rugby International. (Loud applause.)

The toast was duly honoured.

STORY OF ST. ANDREW'S.

Mr. A. S. M. Imrie, Headmaster of the College, who responded, said that thirty years had passed since St. Andrew's College first opened its doors and the wind blew in Dr. Nesbitt and a few pioneers. Much had happened in those years, and, indeed, a great many things had happened within the last ten years, since they met last. St. Andrew's College was in a sense poorer and in a sense richer than it used to be. It was poorer because eighty-seven of their old companions lay beneath the sod of Flanders and Gallipoli or below the waves of the North Sea. It was richer because seven hundred of them answered the call of duty, and it was due to them and those who served in the military cause and that they were there that night in peace with honour in an Irish Free State. (Applause.)

The boys were a very fine set of fellows, who came from good homes, that being an asset in itself. They seemed to have the proper spirit, and had done fairly well within the last ten years educationally. At the entrance examinations of Trinity College they had on four occasions won the first junior exhibition or its equivalent, the Kidd Scholarship, worth £63, and they had got, he believed, fifteen other scholarships, divided over various classes. The boys still in attendance were doing really well. They got sixty exhibitions in the last ten years, and on many occasions they had taken first place in various subjects.

Many people thought that a boy learned as much on the playing fields as in college, and he had done as much as he could in his own quiet way to encourage sport at the school. In this connection, he mentioned that St. Andrew's College, during the last ten years, had won the Leinster Senior Schools Cup three times. That reflected very great credit on the school, on the boys, and on Mr. Dowds.

"OUR GUESTS."

Dr. Solomons proposed the toast: "Our Guests," coupled with the names of Serjeant Hanna and Mr. J. E. Healy. He said that they were fortunate in their guests that night. First of all, they had Judge Dodd, whom Lord Glenavy described in a speech in the Senate as their greatest judge. (Applause.)

The toast having been drunk,

Serjeant Hanna, replying, returned thanks. Speaking of the success of the college, he said that he thought too little had been said of the boys who worked well and became good honest citizens, but obtained no prize. (Applause.) St. Andrew's answered every test, and had a reputation that no one need be ashamed of. (Applause.) No matter what phase of sport they took up, they would find St. Andrew's boys always to the fore. Their great traditions should be cherished and handed down unsullied to the generations that would sit at their future reunions. (Applause.)

Mr. J. E. Healy, who also responded, said that he was at a disadvantage, compared with the other speakers that evening, in being the only one so far who had no definite connection with St. Andrew's College; but he had a very strong personal link with it, of which he was very proud. Many years ago Mr. Dowds and he were at Trinity College together, and they had always maintained the friendship then formed. (Applause.)

The toast of the Press was proposed by Dr. Fearon.

During the evening a musical programme arranged by Mr. D. G. Philippe was contributed to by Mr. John Gill, Messrs. Payne, Marchant and Guard, Mr. Dixon and Mr. Wesley Guard.

IRISH TOBACCO WORKERS.

As a result of negotiations with the Irish Women Workers' Union, Messrs. Clarke, branch of the Imperial Tobacco Company, have arranged in future to consider the application for employment of tobacco workers trained in Irish factories, if they have actually left other factories and can produce satisfactory discharges.

The above information may be of interest in view of statements quoted in the Press yesterday in reference to the new tobacco factories.

ROSSE COLLEGE, STEPHEN'S GREEN.

Successes gained by Pupils since last October: Bank of Ireland—26 of the 35 appointments (with First 7 Places); Royal Bank—7 appointments; other Irish Banks—11; Corporation Typists—2; M.G.W.R. Clerkships—6 appointments.—(Advt.)

AUCTION SALES.

MESSRS. BATTERSBY.

In our auction columns to-day Messrs. Battersby and Co. announce that on Thursday next, January 31st, they will offer for competition No. 3 Achill road, Drumcondra; 10 Woodville terrace, Botanic avenue, and a fully-licensed registered slaughter-house, Pleasants place, near Lower Camden street, all with clear possession. At the same time and place they will offer five compact houses in Clonliffe road, which should prove a desirable investment. Further sales at later dates are announced, and particulars given in our advertising columns.

SALE AT DROM MULLAC.

Drom Mullac, Killeshandra, the residence of the late Right Hon. Sir Thomas Lough, having been sold to the Right Rev. J. Shanahan, Bishop of Nigeria, Messrs. Battersby, of Dublin, were also entrusted with the sale of the furniture and effects. Amongst the many interesting lots sold were a tapestry panel, 175 guineas; six Sheraton chairs, 60 guineas; card table, twenty guineas; Oriental carpet, twenty guineas; embroidered leather screen, twenty-six guineas; mahogany small sideboard, sixteen guineas; pair wine buckets, seven guineas each; cork cupboard, fourteen guineas; satinwood table and cabinet, fourteen guineas, and other lots in proportion.

SALE OF SAW MILLING MACHINERY.

Messrs. William Montgomery and Son, of Galmoy House, Dublin, completed a successful two days' sale of machinery at Messrs. Dawson's premises, Bast road. Amongst the prices realised were the following:—Automatic rounding machine, £28; automatic rounding machine, £31; Variety lathe, £19; 12 in. surface planing machine, £19 10s.; 6 in. tenoning and scribing machine, £20 10s.; 42 in. radial arm feed bench rollet, £30; 18 in. pillar saw bench, £24; hollow chisel mortiser, £40; rack bench, £23; 14 ton hand crane, £18; sliding and screw cutting lathe, £21; two 5 ton hand cranes, £62; Gledhill Brook time recorder clock, £35; hand power drilling machine, £10.

CUSTOMS AND EXCISE.

Open Competition. 50 Vacancies, Spring, 1924. Age 19-22. ELEVEN SUCCESSES AT LAST EXAM. (Limited Competition), August, 1923. BEST RESULT. Special Oral and Correspondence Classes now working. Intending Candidates should enrol at once.—SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin.—(Advt.)

DUBLIN AND THE PROVINCES.

DUBLIN.

CHARITY C... Methodist Hall, Lower A... a large and ... concert given by a ... including Madame ... Frank Hughes, Mr. ... Miss Hare, Mr. ... Miss Tisdall ... Alfred Byrne, ... the artistes and ... said that the p... were going to a ... Columba's Nati... given at the M... of the St. Sav... leading artists ... Bertin, Mr. By... lahan, and ... Amateur Orc... dictorship of Mr. F... service.

GIRL'S D... dict of acc... inquest yesterday into ... Baxter, aged 15, ... Upper Gloucester street, Dublin, who died from burns received on January 15 in the premises of her employer, Mr. Abraham Linz, tailor, 16 D'Olier street. The girl lit a gas stove to boil a kettle, when her apron caught fire. A boy went to her assistance, but she rushed to a room above the shop, where some women stamped out the flames.

STREET ADVENTURE.—It was reported to the Dublin Metropolitan Police yesterday that Mr. John McFarland, a bookmaker, and another man who accompanied him, were stopped and searched by two armed men in Middle Mountjoy street, Dublin, late on Thursday night. Mr. McFarland turned to attract attention, and a shot was fired over his head. A civilian approached the group, and the assailants ran away.

"H.M.S. PINAFORE."—Successful performances of "H.M.S. Pinafore" were given in the Harold's Cross Parochial Hall last Wednesday and Thursday nights. The cast included Mr. Alfred Gayner as Sir Joseph Porter, Mr. H. Glynn as Ralph Rackstraw, Mr. Ernest Walsh as Captain Corcoran, Mr. Albert Coe as Dick Deadeye; Miss Violet M'Cheesh as Josephine, the Misses Dorothy Kerr and Eva Tomsohn, who divided the part of Buttercup, and the Misses Lily M'Elnay and Ethel Tisdall as Hebe. The instrumental music was well rendered by Miss Queenie Tisdall and Mr. J. Elvery. Much credit for the success of the performances must be given to the stage manager, Mr. Lionel Cranfield, and to the producer and conductor, Mr. H. G. Tisdall.

MOUNTJOY PRISONER'S DEATH.—A verdict of death from cardiac syncope, following influenza, was returned yesterday at an inquest in Mountjoy Prison into the death of a prisoner named Peter O'Brien, aged 33, formerly attached to the Free State Army Pay Department at Portobello Barracks, who was undergoing a sentence of twelve months' imprisonment with hard labour. When he was committed to prison on January 16 he was suffering from bronchitis and asthma.

IRISH BUTTER PRICE.—The net wholesale price of Irish salted butter, free on rail, has been fixed by the Irish Dairy (Producers' and Shippers') Association at £10 16s. a cwt. for the week ending next Thursday. For the week ending last Thursday the price was £10 18s. and in the previous two weeks £11, and the highest level reached this winter. In the week ending November 22 the price was £9 5s.

DANCE FOR THE POOR.—What promises to be a most successful Cinderella dance will be held in the Metropole ballroom, Sackville street, on Tuesday next. The fact that the proceeds will be devoted to the poor of Dublin should secure the attendance of a very large number. The Adelaide Melody Band has been engaged, and will be specially augmented for the occasion. An announcement appears in our advertisement columns.

HOUSEOWNERS' PROTECTION ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Irish Houseowners' Protection Association was held in Dublin on Thursday. Arrangements to appoint subcommittees and branches were made and a general plan of working arranged. Every effort is to be made to make the Association known in every town.

CONNAUGHT.

CASTLEREA WORKHOUSE CLAIM.—Arising out of a report alleged to have been circulated by the Executive of the County Roscommon Farmers' Union, stating "that the Castlerea District Council has lodged a claim for £1,000, to be levied off the County Roscommon, for damage done to the Castlerea Workhouse while in the occupation of British troops," the Council has passed a resolution repudiating the report as false and calling on the Executive of the Farmers' Union to contradict the charge.

COURTHOUSE DISCOMFORTS.—At Carrick-on-Shannon Quarter Sessions the judge drew attention to the insufficient lighting in the Courthouse hall and outside, and asked that the Commissioner be requested to have the matter attended to in order to remove the danger of an accident. When it was alleged that there was a strike in progress at the electric light station and that no man could be sent to fix up the electric light, the judge said that the plea sounded too Irish.

LEITRIM COMPENSATION AWARDS.—Among awards made at Carrick-on-Shannon in claims arising out of the recent troubles are:—John Kilkenny

Jas. HILL & SON

Are showing an exceptional Stock of reliable reproduction Furniture, Jacobean, Georgian, Chippendale, &c. Also on View in their Warerooms a completely Furnished

Model House, £150

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Webley Solid Bar Cross-Bolt Hammer Gun, 12 or 16 bore £10:10:0

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THE ART OF SHORT STORY WRITING.

II.—General Principles.

(BY MATUSCHKA.)

BEFORE I discuss the merits of individual short story writers, I have something further to say of literature itself, of which these short stories form a part; its ethical aspect, its universal aspect, the determination in that literature of what is good and what is inferior, and that which holds good or inferior beyond the barriers and limitations of a particular nationality or country.

The art of finding expression of ideas in words is a high and difficult one. Language, its instrument, is the common words, those that lie in everyday speech, as well as those that are not used so much. Its material stretches out to the infinite—it is life itself. It is that life that is high and low, beautiful and ugly, great and small, commonplace and magnificent—all life. Literature borrows from life, lives on it, is inter-dependent on it. Dead words on a page may be quickened to grow and spring by the power of the mind, as the trees are quickened each spring through the power of Nature. Literature may stand as an interpretation of any part of life. It will only stand really for such in so far as it is a living, true, and quickened interpretation. Its source is primeval and instructive. It cannot be turned or commanded from its course without thereby suffering vital damage. It cannot be made to serve any lower master than life itself. It cannot be used for a purpose, since its being is of a purposelessness that sprang from life itself—life vague of purpose, questionable, indefinite.

Thus it is a wrong attitude of mind to expect of literature that it shall serve a particular point of view, though it may illustrate, interpretate a point of view. Neither shall it turn a point of morals, as morals are commonly understood. Literature may interpret some principle of morality, but literature is not there to advance such principles, or to advocate the rewarding of the good, or the punishment of the wicked, even though the writer of literature may wish that this would come to pass. It is not even there to advance belief in a particular religion, code of morality, or a particular nationality or group of people. But it will interpret all these. The writer is an interpreter who holds, who should hold, that mirror by which he interprets up to Nature. At the last outpost of thought he is the servant of one master only.

I cannot demonstrate by example all the points concerning literature I have touched on, but I will demonstrate one. It is the point of view that concerns nationality. People change their views on this from time to time, but the literature that is great does not change. It remains. Years ago in Ireland a new play was acted, called "The Playboy of the Western World." At that time popular opinion did not favour books or plays that "showed up" the weaknesses of our countrymen, although now it does not object to them. I lived out of Ireland then, but I heard an account of the violent and hostile reception accorded to that play, since translated into French, German, Polish; acted abroad, and selling well, to my knowledge, in French book form.

The audience at that play resented the interpretation of characters made by the author, disputed the point of view. They believed that point of view taken to be wrong in connection with an Irishman. But the character of an alleged Frenchman, Dutchman Irishman might be true in the supreme, the literary sense, while it might not be true in point of fact. No such French, Irish, or Dutchman might have ever existed with just such qualities in that particular set of circumstances.

But to the heart—let me call it such for want of words—the character must seem true. It will be so in a vague, indefinite, yet very real sense. If the work is of a very high quality, as was the case in Synge's play, it will also ring true in other places, at other times independent of the particular national texture of which it is woven. But in the sense of accurate information it will not necessarily be true.

Such accurate information about a particular set of people, inhabiting a particular country, is most likely to be found in a Cook's Tourist Office, or often in a Baedeker's guide book. It is a foolish thing to go to a theatre in search of such. Literature interprets life—it is the message of an invisible power. But it is not the notebook of a propaganda agent.

THE IRISH LULLABY.

(BY TERENCE O'HANLON.)

NO wonder the air of an Irish Lullaby, when properly interpreted, has something of the power of a magic spell. Even in the realms of Irish melody, with all its witchery, it stands a thing apart. So very old in its kind, maybe, than in race instinct that it is beyond the wisdom of man to tell the age in which its crooning began.

Out of the mists of the Celtic dawn the lullaby has descended to us, accompanied by the tradition that it is nothing less than the sleep-inducing music brought into Ireland by the mythological De Danaans in the youth of the world. And the De Danaans, we are told, became in time the genii of the hills and streams and lonely dells of our land—the fairy hosts of fireside lore—for they were in possession of a mortal immortality. From their security of these retreats they used their magical gifts of melody with deadly effect against the usurping Gael.

The old Gaelic songs wedded to lullaby airs mostly all contain the same idea; the baby is soothed to sleep with the promise of a golden cradle, hung on the bough of a tree, and rocked by the wind on a fine sunny day.

"I'll put you, myself, my baby to slumber
On sunniest day of the pleasant summer,
Your golden cradle on smooth lawn laying
'Neath murmuring boughs that the birds are swaying.
To and fro, lu la lo,
To and fro, my bonnie baby;
To and fro, lu la lo,
To and fro, my sweet baby.

But there is likewise the lullaby song, like another of the three translated by Dr. Sigerson in his *Bards of the Gael and Gall*, where the prevailing note is one of distress. In this case it is the wail of a most unhappy mother, who has been borne away by the fairies to nurse children in the fairy realms under the green hill, whilst her own baby is forsaken.

O woman, washing by the river!
Hush-a-by, baby not mine,
My woeful wail wilt pity never?
Hush-a-by, baby not mine,
A year this day, I was snatched for ever,
Hush-a-by, baby not mine,
To the green hill fort where thorn trees shiver,
Hush-a-by, baby not mine,
Shoheen, shoheen, shoheen, shoheen,
Sho-hu-lo, sho-hu-lo,
Shoheen, shoheen, shoheen, shoheen,
'Tis not thou, my baby O!

And so on, whilst assiduously hushing the fairy-babe to sleep, the captive mother pours out her tale of sorrow from within the ramparts of the fairy fort to a woman washing at a stream nearby. She reveals as well the manner in which her release may be brought about, taking care at the close of every verse to sing the "Shoheen, shoheen" refrain more loudly to avert suspicion from within the fort.

The plan was that her husband should wait beside the fort on the morrow, and, with a black-hafted knife, should stab the first horse of the fairy cavalcade—once, as a record stab undid the deed—passing out of the gath. Then would the magic veil fall from her, and she would become visible again.

Commenting on the old Irish song from which Dr. Sigerson made his fine translation, Eugene O'Curry observes that it contains more authentic fairy fact and doctrine than, with some few exceptions, has been ever before published in Ireland. "The incident here narrated was believed at all times to be of frequent occurrence," he declares. "It was for the last sixteen hundred years at least, and is still as firmly believed as any fact in the history of this country that the Tuatha De Danaans, after their overthrow by the Milesians, went to reside in their hills and ancient forts, or in their dwellings in lakes and rivers, and that they had the power to carry off from this visible world men and women in a living state, but sometimes under the semblance of death. And he recalls some striking instances of the intense belief in fairy influences which came under his own notice in his native County Clare.

Less than thirty years ago a respectable young farmer was prosecuted in Tipperary for manslaughter. At the trial it transpired that he believed she was not his real wife, but a fairy changeling. Night after night he had kept vigil by the local fairy-fort, duly armed with a black-hafted knife wherewith to stab the leading horse of the fairy cavalcade, thus hoping to break the spell that held his best beloved in bond age within the rath!

"THE SENTENCE."

(BY "M.")

THE mean, cruel face of the man who was charged with torturing the half-starved body of a faithful dog, whose "master" he was, leered contemptuously as the sentence was pronounced.

A fine of £2 was the punishment meted out to him for this offence by a lenient magistrate, and the dog would still be his to treat as he thought fit, the brown, rough-haired terrier that, night after night, guarded his master's drunken sleep.

The last case was heard, and the magistrate left the Court and hurried homeward through the muddy streets, thinking with satisfaction of an easy chair before a bright, cheerful fire.

He caught a glimpse of a fellow-magistrate as he went, a man whom he regarded as a regular crank on the subject of "Cruelty to Animals." A man who had managed to make himself thoroughly unpopular in that town by the passing of heavy sentences on those guilty of ill-treating an animal.

There was never the option of a fine when this man sentenced, but invariably imprisonment, and scathing words of contempt and abhorrence for the accused. Oh, certainly a crank in days when the crime of deliberately torturing a dumb, adoring creature was regarded with leniency by those set in authority.

And the magistrate met another crank before he reached home: an elderly woman this time, with a couple of happy, romping dogs leaping about her feet. He had noticed this woman in court while the cruelty case was being heard; and her eyes had met his, accusingly, when she had heard his sentence. Now, he felt sure, she was on her way to purchase, at some ridiculous price, the dog that had been ill-used.

For this was her practice, and the beautiful grounds about her house were overrun by these dogs that she had plucked from the fire of cruelty, and placed in a paradise of kindness and of love.

With a sigh of relief the magistrate sank into the comfortable chair awaiting him, and gradually the warm drowsiness of the firelit room closed his tired eyelids, and he slept. And as he slept, he dreamed, and the dream was more vivid and more real than he had known before.

He dreamed that he had passed over to the other side through the gate called Death; and that for him those questions about which men fought and strove and agonised in vain, had all been solved. He saw many people that he had known, and it seemed as though they looked at him with a certain aloofness that made him feel very lonely. Then he thought he heard voices that spoke his name, and someone said: "He has failed in the primary test of love: how shall he pass all the others? We know there was no love in his heart while on earth for the dumb friends God gave to us. Love is the only key to open Heaven's doors; and the very first test of love is our treatment of the animals, whose loving hearts men have so often broken."

A new voice joined with the others: "This man was a magistrate," it said accusingly; "he could have done so much to stamp out cruelty, but fear of unpopularity held him back."

With a sob the magistrate turned towards the figures that approached him, the man and the woman whom he had called cranks. "I didn't understand," he said brokenly. "I didn't understand," and with that cry he awoke,

That responsibility has not been in the past two years an easy burden to bear, but he has borne it without complaint, rejoicing, as a strong man does, in his power to endure. If he is, as unquestionably he is, sometimes unduly sensitive to criticism, and unwilling to make concessions in minor matters, it is precisely because he idealises his duty. A few years in opposition would have taught him that it is possible to criticise Government proposals without being factious, but he has missed that experience. Instead, he has had to face ruin and devastation, personal danger and personal loss, and he bears traces of the experience. But his virtues are those that Ireland needed and still needs: determination, fearlessness, the courage that chooses a hard course and pursues it to the end. And that courage gives his words an eloquence and his person a dignity that worthily adorn his high office. At first sight he reminds you of Kipps—an older and sadder Kipps—but when he speaks you recognise a leader indeed. This plain, unpretentious little man is able to uphold Ireland's credit in any assembly in the world.

ITALY'S TRADE.

THE Italian trade returns for the first 11 months of 1923 show a remarkable increase in prosperity as compared with the returns for the corresponding period in 1922. The total value of imports was 15,345,728,919 lire, as compared with 13,610,804,479 lire the previous year—an increase of over 1,500,000,000 lire. Exports during the same period rose from 8,287,093,150 in 1922 to 9,454,088,963—an increase of more than 1,000,000,000 lire. In conjunction with the rise in the international value of Italian currency this improvement constitutes a welcome sign of Italy's growing prosperity under Signor Mussolini's Government.

OUR RULERS.

I—President Cosgrave.

(BY BRYAN COOPER.)

AT first sight he looks colourless. His face is pale; the shock of hair that gives it character is of a neutral hue, between flaxen and grey, and the tiny moustache that shades his lip is barely visible. He is a small man, and when he speaks in reply to a question in the Dail his voice is so low that it is barely audible. Only you observe that deputies lean forward to catch these half-heard words with a notable intentness.

The reason soon becomes clear. Something—maybe an interjection, maybe a question—rouses him. The challenge is accepted. The hair bristles for combat, and he seems to grow taller. His voice becomes louder, and the sentences rattle out, short and crisp, as the report of a machine gun. There is no doubt as to the words now, no doubt as to their meaning. And that meaning is always the same. "We are a free people and responsible for our actions," he has said, and responsibility is the keynote of every utterance he has made. No camouflage, no appeals to sentiment, no threats or intimidation will induce him to abdicate one particle of his responsibility.

LORD DOWNE.

(BY ETA).

EARLY in the present week I happened to be in conversation with a retired Army officer of my acquaintance who had served in the cavalry and was stationed at the Curragh in the closing months of the year 1899.

By a very unusual chance our talk happened to turn on his branch of the Service and the name of Viscount Downe, which had never any particular interest for me before, cropped up in a singular way. Within twenty-four hours afterwards I was reading the announcement of Lord Downe's death, an event of which neither of us had the slightest suspicion when his name came to be mentioned.

The context is so historic that the whole story may now be written for the first time, as I believe, without any breach of confidence. The distinguished soldier, who is now dead, commanded at the time the Cavalry Brigade at the Curragh. The war with the Boers was beginning to take an uncomfortable shape, and Sir Redvers Buller had just gone out to take charge of the operations. He had proceeded with his staff in advance of the Army he was to lead, and his requirements for the campaign were just coming through.

On this subject Lord Roberts, then commanding the forces in Ireland, went down to the Curragh for a consultation, and my friend was present at a conference between him and Lord Downe, in which, he was careful to add, he had no participation. A letter from Buller was read, and Roberts commented with special stress on one passage which said: "One thing I do not want, and that is cavalry."

"Now, that's a very singular thing, Downe," said the veteran commander. "If I was out there, what I should want, before everything else, would be cavalry! The sequel is well-known—how Gatacre failed at Stormberg and Methuen at Magersfontein, both in the second week in December, to be followed by Buller's own still more calamitous reverse at the Tugela. In fact, the only bright side of the picture then discernible to British eyes was furnished by the operations in the north of Cape Colony by the mounted troops under Sir John French, who had forced their way through from Ladysmith before Joubert's investment was completed.

ON A LAKE IN SAVOY.

(BY R. I. S.)

SEATED on the pier at Grand Port, I was basking in the sun like a lizard on a rock, when a descendant of the Allobroges mentioned by Cæsar inquired politely if I wanted a boat. I replied "No," but motioned him to sit beside me. With customary French expansiveness, he told me his family history in detail, that he kept boats for hire, that he fished in summer for sale to the hotels, and shot wild ducks in winter for his own pleasure and consumption.

He spoke persuasively of the many and large fish to be had in the lake: perch, pike, trout, lavaret, and chevalier. The two last are not found in Great Britain, but I was assured that they were better and bigger than any trout. Finally he showed me his fishing licence. This document authorised Louis Jeandet to fish with rod and line, net, and multiple spoon.

I yielded to the attraction of the multiple spoon, and soon found myself in a boat fitted with a small motor. We towed the multiple spoon at the end of a long line wound round a small windlass clamped to the side of the boat. Plainly, a fish that took the bait would have the worst of a tug-of-war if the line held.

The lake is the largest in France. On one side mountains, covered with trees, dip shear into the water, except where upon an accidentally horizontal shelf, almost at the lake level, stood an abbey founded by the Dukes of Savoie, and used by them for centuries as a burial place. The abbey has been restored and is maintained by the Kings of Italy.

On the other side the land slopes gently from a distant range of hills, and is studded with villas, farms, vineyards and woods. On the far eastern horizon white, glittering peaks of the Alps. Millions of tiny spirals, swimming rapidly in closely-packed battalions rippled occasionally the glassy surface of the lake; but no fish, large or small, took any notice of our hooks. Every cloud cleared from the sky, and the air became a shimmering blue transparency.

"Ce n'est pas bon," said Monsieur Louis Jeandet, winding up his tackle.

AUCTION BRIDGE.

(CONDUCTED BY "PALOMAR.")

Competition No. 17. Prize, £2 2s.

1. The prize will be awarded to the competitor who sends in the play of the hand given below, equal, or nearest, to the rendering of "Palomar," who will give reasons for any special features.

2. One side only of a sheet of paper must be used.

3. All entries must be addressed to "Palomar," *Irish Times*, Dublin, and must arrive not later than the first post on next Friday.

4. "Palomar's" decision on all points shall be considered as final, and no correspondence will be entered into on the subject of the competition.

5. All entries must be accompanied by the upper part of this article, which should be cut out.

SCORE, GAME ALL—LOVE ALL.

AB are partners against YZ. "Z" is always the dealer, and "A" is on his left. PLAY THE HAND AS IF ONLY DUMMY'S WAS EXPOSED.

	Sp. 8 6 H. K J 10 8 6 2 D. K 10 2 Cl. 10 7	
Sp. 7 6 4 3 2 H. 9 D. 5 4 Cl. 8 6 5 3 2	A. Y. B. Z.	Sp. 9 H. Q 5 4 3 D. A Q J 8 Cl. K Q J 4
	Sp. A K Q J 10 H. A 7 D. 9 7 6 3 Cl. A 9	

BIDDING.

A	Y.	B.	Z.
3 Sp.	No.	No.	No

(Above is a fair example of pre-emptive bidding for those who like it.)

TRICKS.

A and B ..... Y and Z .....

Commence the game thus.

Tricks.	A.	Y.	B.	Z.
1.	9 H.			

Place next lead below winning card. Star the winners, or draw line underneath. Number the tricks in rotation, and always give the result.

Result of Competition No. 16.

1st Prize £1 11 6
2nd Prize 0 10 6

We congratulate Miss M. Leechman, of 24 Harcourt street, Dublin, on winning the first prize. Her answer to each problem tallied with "Palomar's." Four competitors tied for the second prize. On a "blind ballot" the winner proved to be Mr. H. K. West, of Mount Offaly, Greystones, over Miss M. F. Beresford, Down Cottage, Meade, Eastbourne; Mr. A. C. Larminie, of Castlebar, and Mr. E. K. Eason, of 42 Sydney avenue, Blackrock, Co. Dublin.

PROBLEM NO. 1.—Answer: No.

Why should there be any doubt about It? At that call "Little Slam" is certain—perhaps "Grand Slam," as declarer may throw away the wrong ace at the end. If "A" bids his Clubs, what assurance has he that "Z" will not at once switch to a long, strong suit of Diamonds, or even to Hearts or Spades? And what will then become of "A's" golden visions?

PROBLEM NO. 2.—Answer: 1 Diamond.

There is no correct call. I can imagine players calling anything from 1 to 5 Diamonds on it. It is really not a hand to pre-empt on, because you have not got the goods, and 5 Diamonds on an original call is asking for trouble.

As to calling 2 Diamonds, an expert (whose name is a household word) declares there is no such thing as an original "TWO DIAMOND" call. Three Diamonds, however, is an exception, and there is something to be said for that, as it shows more than ordinary strength in the Diamond suit, and should warn one's partner that you want to be left to play it in Diamonds; but in this case I think "1 Diamond" is the best call.

PROBLEM NO. 3.—Answer: 3 Clubs.

In my opinion, 3 Clubs is the correct call; not 2 or 4. This will inform "Z" that it is not a rescue call from a worthless hand, but a genuine game-bid.

PROBLEM NO. 4.—Answer: King of Clubs.

Herein lies the one and only secret of the success of the first-class player, who seldom misses an obvious inference. The usual lead when "B" gets in would be the 10 of Spades, to establish his partner's suit; "B," however, figures it out thus, his partner "A" having led the lowest card of his long suit, had only 4. Anybody could see that. Then comes Trick 2, and "A's" 8 of Diamonds is most instructive. There was a plain inference to be drawn here. He could not have the King, Queen, 8, or he would have played the Queen; and he could not have the King and one of Queen and one, or he would certainly have taken the trick; therefore, his 8 of Diamonds must be a singleton.

"B" could thus count his hand. He had originally 1 Diamond and 4 of each of the other suits, and therefore "Z" had only 1 Club, which might be the Queen—which it was. "B," therefore, instead of returning his partner's Spade lead, leads the King of Clubs. By so doing, he and his partner make four tricks in Clubs and one in Hearts, and save the game.

PROBLEM NO. 5.

"Y" leads the King of Hearts, and "Z" throws his 9. The entire solution depends on this play of "Z's," as it prepares the way for a later Heart finesse from "Z's" hand, through "A's" 10 and up to "Y's" King-8.

Did "Z" not unblock hearts on his first round; he could never enter "Y's" hand with the 8.

"Y's" next lead is a Diamond, which "Z" trumps.

He then leads his remaining trump to force discards. "Y" discards his 10 of Clubs. If "B" discards a Diamond, he makes "Y's" little Diamond good; if he discards a Club, he makes both "Z's" Clubs good, and if he discards his Heart he permits "Z" to finesse Hearts through "A's" 10 and 6, and up to "Y's" Ace and 8.

LORD DOWNE.

(BY ETA).

EARLY in the present week I happened to be in conversation with a retired Army officer of my acquaintance who had served in the cavalry and was stationed at the Curragh in the closing months of the year 1899.

By a very unusual chance our talk happened to turn on his branch of the Service and the name of Viscount Downe, which had never any particular interest for me before, cropped up in a singular way. Within twenty-four hours afterwards I was reading the announcement of Lord Downe's death, an event of which neither of us had the slightest suspicion when his name came to be mentioned.

The context is so historic that the whole story may now be written for the first time, as I believe, without any breach of confidence. The distinguished soldier, who is now dead, commanded at the time the Cavalry Brigade at the Curragh. The war with the Boers was beginning to take an uncomfortable shape, and Sir Redvers Buller had just gone out to take charge of the operations. He had proceeded with his staff in advance of the Army he was to lead, and his requirements for the campaign were just coming through.

On this subject Lord Roberts, then commanding the forces in Ireland, went down to the Curragh for a consultation, and my friend was present at a conference between him and Lord Downe, in which, he was careful to add, he had no participation. A letter from Buller was read, and Roberts commented with special stress on one passage which said: "One thing I do not want, and that is cavalry."

"Now, that's a very singular thing, Downe," said the veteran commander. "If I was out there, what I should want, before everything else, would be cavalry! The sequel is well-known—how Gatacre failed at Stormberg and Methuen at Magersfontein, both in the second week in December, to be followed by Buller's own still more calamitous reverse at the Tugela. In fact, the only bright side of the picture then discernible to British eyes was furnished by the operations in the north of Cape Colony by the mounted troops under Sir John French, who had forced their way through from Ladysmith before Joubert's investment was completed.

ON A LAKE IN SAVOY.

(BY R. I. S.)

SEATED on the pier at Grand Port, I was basking in the sun like a lizard on a rock, when a descendant of the Allobroges mentioned by Cæsar inquired politely if I wanted a boat. I replied "No," but motioned him to sit beside me. With customary French expansiveness, he told me his family history in detail, that he kept boats for hire, that he fished in summer for sale to the hotels, and shot wild ducks in winter for his own pleasure and consumption.

He spoke persuasively of the many and large fish to be had in the lake: perch, pike, trout, lavaret, and chevalier. The two last are not found in Great Britain, but I was assured that they were better and bigger than any trout. Finally he showed me his fishing licence. This document authorised Louis Jeandet to fish with rod and line, net, and multiple spoon.

I yielded to the attraction of the multiple spoon, and soon found myself in a boat fitted with a small motor. We towed the multiple spoon at the end of a long line wound round a small windlass clamped to the side of the boat. Plainly, a fish that took the bait would have the worst of a tug-of-war if the line held.

The lake is the largest in France. On one side mountains, covered with trees, dip shear into the water, except where upon an accidentally horizontal shelf, almost at the lake level, stood an abbey founded by the Dukes of Savoie, and used by them for centuries as a burial place. The abbey has been restored and is maintained by the Kings of Italy.

On the other side the land slopes gently from a distant range of hills, and is studded with villas, farms, vineyards and woods. On the far eastern horizon white, glittering peaks of the Alps. Millions of tiny spirals, swimming rapidly in closely-packed battalions rippled occasionally the glassy surface of the lake; but no fish, large or small, took any notice of our hooks. Every cloud cleared from the sky, and the air became a shimmering blue transparency.

"Ce n'est pas bon," said Monsieur Louis Jeandet, winding up his tackle.

Books of the Week.

THE BUCCANEERS OF AMERICA.

The first three parts of "The Buccaneers of America" were written originally in Dutch by Alexander Olivier Exquemelin (whose name has been anglicised as John Esquemeling), and were published in Amsterdam in 1678. A Spanish translation by A. de Buena-Maison appeared the three years later. The fourth part consists of the journal of Basil Ringrose, one of the English buccaneers, and furnishes an account of their principal exploits in the South Seas with which Esquemeling dealt only in outline. Ringrose was with the buccaneers at Darien in 1680, and returned to England in 1682. He sailed in 1684 for the South Seas in the Cygnet, whose captain joined the buccaneers; he was killed by the Spaniards in Mexico in 1686. Mr. Stallybrass gives us a sound edition which is a *verbatim* reprint, modernised in punctuation and spelling. The editor reprints the fine essay of Andrew Lang on the adventures of the buccaneers. This essay provides us with the right spirit in which to approach the book.

Of the evil as well as the good qualities of the buccaneers no one was better aware than Andrew Lang, who points out that many of them had little cause to love the human species. Often they were Europeans who had been sold into the slavery on the West Indian plantations, where they learnt lessons of cruelty by suffering it. Thus Mr. John Esquemeling, our historian, was beaten, tortured and nearly starved to death in Tortuga. "So I determined, not knowing how to get any living, to enter into the order of pirates or robbers of the sea." The Governor of Tortuga was to Esquemeling "the most cruel tyrant and perfidious man that ever was born of woman." The Governor sold him to a surgeon, who at length, on the promise of the payment of a handsome sum, allowed him to go free. "Being now at liberty, though like unto Adam when he was first created by the hands of his Maker—that is, naked and destitute of all human necessaries, nor knowing how to get my living—I determined to enter into the wicked order of the Pirates, or Robbers at Sea. Into this Society I was received with common consent both of the superior and vulgar sort, and among them I continued until the year 1672." The narrative concerns Esquemeling quite naturally, but it concerns also such other pirates as Roche Brasiliano, Pierre le Grand, Francis l'Ollonais, Bartholomew Portugues, and, above all, Captain Morgan. The reproduction of the engravings of all these buccaneers is one of the most notable features of a notable edition.

The flavour of this book is apparent in the account of the origin and descent of Captain Morgan, and we reproduce it: "Captain Henry Morgan was born in the Kingdom of England, and there in the Principality of Wales. His father was a rich yeoman, or farmer, and of good quality in that country, even as most who bear that name in Wales are known to be. Morgan, being as yet young, had no inclinations to follow the calling of his father; and, therefore, left his country and came towards the sea coasts to seek some other employ more suitable to his humour, that inspired to something else. There he found entertainment in a certain port where several ships lay at anchor, that were bound for the Isle of Barbados. With these ships he resolved to go in the service of one who, according to what is commonly practised in those parts by the English and other nations, sold him as soon as he came on shore. He served his time at Barbados, and when he had obtained his liberty, thence transferred himself unto the island of Jamaica, there to seek new fortunes. Here he found two vessels of pirates that were ready to go to sea. Being destitute of employ, he put himself into one of these ships, with intent to follow the exercises of that sort of people. He learned in a little while their manner of living; and so exactly that, having performed three or four voyages with some profit and good success, he agreed with some of his comrades, who had gotten by the same voyages a small parcel of money, to join stocks and buy a ship. The vessel being bought, they unanimously chose him to be the captain and commander thereof."

"The Buccaneers of America." Written originally in Dutch by John Esquemeling. Translation of 1684-5, revised and edited by William Swan Stallybrass, to which is prefixed an introductory essay by Andrew Lang. London: Routledge. 12/6 net.

GREEK BLOOD-VENGEANCE.

Professor Treston, of University College, Cork, has produced in "Poine: A Study in Ancient Greek Blood-Vengeance," a work of remarkable erudition, involving immense research not only into Greek literature and the ancient scholiasts, but also into the works of modern scholars—German, French and English. In his preface he purports to write, not for the professed student of ancient law, but as supplementary to the study of Greek literature, history and archæology. His work certainly does throw much new light on the latter studies; but, frankly, we think that its main appeal must be to the student with a legal bent. The work is so closely argued, the accumulation of evidence and proof so thorough and exacting, the various aspects of the problem of blood-vengeance so thoroughly explored, that anyone who masters the contents of these four hundred pages deserves to take his seat upon the Bench of the most learned Court of the Areopagus.

The mention of the Areopagus, however, carries us too far in our review. Professor Treston's book first analyses the ideas of Homeric civilisation on the subject, and then passes to the middle-age of Hellenism, while the concluding section illustrates from Attic tragedy the various theories and development of ideas in the punishment of murder which the author has investigated in the first two portions of the book. Incidentally, he brings home to the reader in this last section how full Attic tragedy is—be it Æschylus, Sophocles, or Euripides—of arguments for and against the act of slaying. The "Eumenides" and the "Orestes," in particular, are mines of illustrative matter on the point. It is this portion of the book which the general student of Attic literature will find especially suggestive.

The tribal or "clan" courts of the Pelasgians survived in historical Athens, though the cases which they tried were not important. They are mentioned in Plato and Aristotle. From them, after the Achæans had disappeared and Greece once more emerged into an orderly civilisation, sprang the idea of State courts adjudicating first between tribe and tribe and then, in accordance with modern ideas, between tribesman and tribesman, or citizen and citizen. In the Greek world the idea of the State as the accuser was always absent. The injured party or his kinsmen acted as prosecutor; but it was their duty to prosecute, and they could be compelled to do so. Here came in the later idea of "pollution" from blood: the State must be cleansed, and it was the duty of the State to see that the kinsman of the slain took the first step.

This "pollution" idea appears in the laws of Dracon, which remained the Athenian murder-code. Curiously, only one fragment is preserved, and the rest have to be pieced together from Demosthenes (an untrustworthy source, according to Professor Treston, owing to his perversions of law and fact in the interests of his clients), Plato, Aristotle and others. Of the murder-laws of other parts of Greece we have absolutely no trace. The religion of Apollo—a cult tinctured with Oriental ideas—introduced the idea of the "taint" of blood: the Eumenides or Furies were partly the outcome of the Apolline teaching, partly the remnants of old-time "earth-spirit" cults. Thence sprang, or rather came with it, the idea of purgation so strongly insisted on in Hebrew sacred law.

The importance of this whole subject of homicide to the Greek world may be gauged from the fact that in Athens there were no less than five courts to try different types of cases, ranging from murder to accident. The cases are comparable in our own day with actual murder trials, manslaughter, accident, coroner's cases, self-defence and workman's compensation. Nor were the various *et ceteras* absent in the Attic world. Professor Treston leaves no stone unturned, and we are introduced to the law of extradition, the inter-State treaties of refuge, and those unpleasant, but necessary, adjuncts of a civilised community, the executioners.

"Poine: A Study in Ancient Greek Blood-Vengeance." By Professor Hubert J. Treston, M.A. London: Longmans. 21/- net.

HEINRICH HEINE.

It was one of the anomalies of the late war that the works of Heine were banned by many who forget that the Hohenzollerns had driven him out of Germany to exile in Paris. To understand the poetry of this erratic genius, we must be continuously remembering that he was a Jew—a sensitive Jew, born in a savagely anti-Semitic country that taught him as a child that "Jew" and "pariah" were synonyms. He may himself have imagined at times that he was a "joyous Hellene," because he recaptured something of a Homeric splendour, because he sang, in a worldly and mechanistic age, of Aphrodite, nightingales and a departed fragrance, because he addressed his prayers to Apollo rather than to Jehovah. Yet he never ceased to be the unusually emotional and quick-tempered Oriental, the true Semite, never so sensitive as when he covered his hurt with a cynical shrug or a coarse witticism. His rudest jests were often the twisted laugh of a man in agony; for he had his private tragedy as well—a boyish love affair with his Hamburg cousin, Amalie, who preferred wealth to youth.

That secretive nature of his would talk round, rather than of, his thoughts, and years later, when he walked in the familiar streets of his "*verdammtes Hamburg*," painful memories and fresh bitterness were awakened by his visit. Sometimes he mocks at his race; again, he exults in its superiority and grandeur. Wrought upon by contradictory hates and equally hot and luxurious desires, he showed a voluptuous love of the colour and flavour of things and a confident egoism. A crucifixion awaited him in those eight long, bed-ridden years before his death, when he wrote, "I am only a sick Jew." Revolt he would have at all costs. What was to happen when the dark iconoclasts gained power? "With their horny hands they will heartlessly smash the marble statues of beauty so dear to my heart. They will destroy the fantastic toys and spangles of art which the poet loved so much. They will cut down my grove of laurels and plant potatoes in their stead. They will tear from the soil of the social order the lilies that toil not nor spin." Mr. Untermayer has produced a translation which reads easily, even if, as the writer warns us, the melody of the original is absent.

"The Poems of Heinrich Heine." Translated by Louis Untermeyer. London: Routledge. 7/6 net.

FAR EASTERN MYTHS.

In "Myths of China and Japan" Mr. Mackenzie approaches his subject from the strictly historical point of view, and shows how these old legends throw light on the origin and growth of civilisation and the widespread dissemination of ideas associated with certain modes of life. He has sifted his sources very thoroughly, and throughout he tries to show where the original Chinese element came in contact with outside influences which altered it and made it more international and complex. There are delightfully illuminating chapters on Chinese jade symbolism, dragon-lore, creation myths and religious beliefs, and in every case the *data* are the fruit of long study and research. Although in this way familiar beliefs relating to these ancient countries are in many cases overthrown, the detailed accuracy of the writer makes this book a genuine and valuable addition to historical research. The book is well illustrated, and contains excellent coloured plates taken from originals in the various British museums.

"Myths of China and Japan." By Donald A. Mackenzie. London: The Gresham Publishing Company. 12/6 net.

A PERSIAN CRITIC.

While stationed during the summer of 1918 at Kermanshah, in Persia, Mr. Hesketh Pearson made the acquaintance of a Persian scholar named Bahram, and an intimacy based on mutual literary tastes soon sprang up between them. Bahram is versed in the new as well as in the old masters, and the author here records the sometimes startling, sometimes illuminating criticisms of the Persian on English writers. Bahram regrets that Mr. Shaw was not content "to write pamphlets on problems and plays on people"; but he calls him an imperialist because "his whole attitude towards life is that of the ruler and the disciplinarian." We wonder what Mr. Shaw will think of that.

Bahram considers that Messrs. Shaw, Wells, G. K. Chesterton and Hilaire Belloc are the greatest living writers in English. This may appear rather a sweeping classification, but the Persian supports his statements with sound reasoning.

"A Persian Critic." By Hesketh Pearson. London: Chapman and Dodd. 3/6 net.

RECENT FICTION.

"Surplus" is a remarkably fine first novel. In it Miss Stevenson studies the character of a girl to whom love means friendship alone, and whose love is lavished undividedly on a girl friend. Sally Wraith has no home ties, and she has little attraction for men; yet she is unable to stand alone, hungers for love and companionship, and believes that in Averil she has found the perfect friend. The two girls make a home of their own, work hard at their jobs, and, though one is sentimental and demonstrative and the other placid and reserved, they have an infinity of tastes and ideas in common. Then Averil decides to marry, and a gulf arises between the two, incomprehensible to the one, but a real and terrible thing to the other. Sally is not a unique specimen, but her type has been ignored by novelists and often passes unrecognised in real life. Miss Stevenson's study is, therefore, strikingly sympathetic and understanding. She is a student of human nature, neither condoning nor condemning the weakness and the strength of her heroine. She can describe sentimentality without herself waxing either sentimental or cynical, and she has created two very real characters who reveal themselves by their words and actions, without those long descriptive passages which brand the work of an imperfect psychologist.

"Surplus." By Sylvia Stevenson. Fisher Unwin. 7/6 net.

Mr. Walsh tells of his beloved Gortnanan, and, although he protests that his places and characters are fictitious, he leaves the impression that, once out of Ulster, he still harks back to the old Antrim countryside. Most of these stories are written by the country attorney who knows and loves his people. "An Abstract of Title," despite the disavowal, recalls a certain South Ulster hostelry to an uncanny degree. Mickie Mulligan, "our own correspondent," John Q. Gunning, the Orange Grand Master, who was so often retained by Nationalists, at a special fee, to fight out local squabbles at Petty Sessions, the village "doctor," and old Cuthbert, the landowner who had seen better days—all are drawn with a quick and ready symp

EWS AND NOTES.

LONDON STOCKS GOOD.

BUSINESS IMPROVING.

The Stock Markets continued steady yesterday, and business was on a rather better scale, several departments recording improvements. The gilt-edged market was steady, and Consols were a notable feature, rising a point to 55¼. The 5 p.c. War Loan rose ¼ to 100. India 5½ p.c. Loan gained ¼ at 100¼.

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES showed but little change on the day. French Loans and German Threes were alike unaltered. Chinese Fives of 1912 rose 1 to 71. Brazil Fours of 1889 fell a point to 43.

HOME RAILS opened with a rather dull tendency, but the tone quickly improved, and some notable advances were registered. London Midland and Scottish 4 p.c. Pref. rose to 82, while the 4 p.c. Pref. of 1923 at 81 gained a point. London North-Eastern 1st "C," at 81 and the 2nd Pref. at 80 both rose 1. In Southerns the "B" Stock rose ¼ to 11, and the 5 p.c. Pref. rose 1 to 99¼. Metropolitan Districts fell ¼ to 54¼, but was a point higher.

COLONIAL and FOREIGN RAILWAYS were active generally. "Canpac" closed unchanged. Argentines were quite strong. B.A.G.S. at 94 and Pacifics at 75 both gained a point. Westerns rose ¼ to 72¼ and Centrals ¼ to 71. Central Uruguay gained 1 at 53. Antofagasta Ord. at 84½. Argentine Great Western Ord. at 71, Bahia Blancas at 76½, and United Havana at 84 each rose ¼. Grand Trunk Pacific Debs. fell 2 points to 43. Americans were steady, but without change.

OIL SHARES FIRMER.

PRICE CHANGES UPWARDS.

Following the set-back of the preceding day, Oil shares made a quiet start yesterday, but although some hesitation was noticeable in the early dealings a firmer tendency developed later, with one or two of the leaders standing out prominently; while at the close price movements in the majority of cases were in favourable character. Royal Dutch provided one of the strongest spots in the market, the final price being the best of the day. Shells also changed hands freely at advancing prices. Mexican Eagles made a dull start, and although they rallied later in the day the movements in the shares was small. Among Rumanians, Phœnix continued to receive a fair amount of attention, and an improvement was finally shown. Steaua Romana left off slightly easier, and Apex slipped back slightly. Among other Trinidad issues, United British hardened, and Centrals were bid for and advanced. T.O.C. Holdings came into a renewed demand and advanced, but British Controlled issues weakened. Closing prices:—

Anglo-American	⅜	⅝	
Anglo-Ecuadorian	⅜	⅝	
Anglo-Egyptian	2/6	2/9	
Anglo-Persian	2/6	2/9	
Apex Trinidad	⅞	1	
Asiatic Petroleum	¾	⅞	
Bolivian	¼	⅜	
Brit. Borneo Pet. (10/-)	¾	⅞	
British Burmah (8/-)	7/9	8/3	
British Controlled	5/6	6/3	−0/3
Do. Pref.	6/3	6/6	−0/3
Caltex	23/6	24/0	+0/3
Colon	2/6	2/9	
Do. 5 p.c. Pref.	10/-	10/6	
Creole Petroleum	19½	19¾	
Do. 6 p.c. Notes	98	100	
Do. Pref.	19½	19¾	
General Trinidad	1/-	1/3	
Iago Burmah	4/9	5/-	
Italian River (10/-)	17/3	17/6	+0/3
Lobitos	12/6	13/-	
Mexican Eagle	16/-	16¾	
Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	16/3	17/3	
North Caucasian (10/-)	12/6	12¾	
Do. Pref.	7/-	7/6	
Phœnix	3/-	3/3	+0/3
Premier Oil	18¾	19	+0/3
Rumanian Consolidated	1/-	1/3	
Royal Dutch	38½	39	
Scottish American	1/-	1/3	
Shell Transport	4½	4⅝	+0/16
Do. 5 p.c. Pref. (£10)	9¾	9⅞	
Do. 6 p.c. Pref. (£10)	13/3	14/-	+0/3
Spies (10/-)	7/-	7/6	
Steaua Romana	3/9	4/-	+0/3
Tankers Pref.	8½	8¾	
Trinidad Leaseholds	6¾	6¾	+0/3
United Brit. Trinidad	1/-	1/3	
United Caspian	7/-	7/6	+0/3
Ymg Oil	4/6	4/9	
Y.O.C. Holdings	4/-	4/6	
Do. Pref.	19/-	20/-	

BUSINESS DONE.

Land—2½ Consols, 5 War Loan, 2 India 5½, 2 Canada 1931, 1 Ecuadorian New 8's, 2 Anglo-Egyptian Ord., 2 Anglo-Persian Ord., 2 Shell 6% Pref., 2 British Controlled Common, 2 Do. Pref., 2 Phœnix, 1 Bahia Blancas at 76½, 1 Buenos Ayres Pacific at 94½, 1 Grand Trunk Pacific Debs. at 43, 1 Mexican Eagle Ord., 1 Lobitos at 13/-, 1 Royal Dutch at 38½, 1 Shell 5% Pref. at 94, 1 Do. 6% Pref. at 98½, 1 Spies at 7/-, 1 Trinidad Leaseholds at 6¾, 1 Y.O.C. Holdings at 4/-.

(Exceptional bargain at special price.)

INSURANCE SHARES.

BUSINESS DONE IN LONDON:—Alliance, 3 ex. Dec., 1 ex. Jan.; British General, 38/6; Commercial Union, 19½; £19 ex. Dec.; £19 4/-; Eagle Star, 13¾; 1 ex. Dec., 13¾; Employers' Liability, 6¼; General Accident, £6 17/-; London Assurance, £6 17/-; Motor Union, 2 ex. Dec., 2 ex. Jan.; North British, 16¾; 3 ex. Dec., 16¾; Northern Assurance, 44; 1 ex. Dec., 44; Phœnix, 39¾; 1 ex. Dec., 39¾; Royal Exchange, 8¾; Sun, 17¾; Sun Insurance Office, 11¼; Yorkshire, 3 ex. Dec., 3 ex. Jan., 3 ex. Feb., 3 ex. Mar., 3 ex. Apr., 3 ex. May, 3 ex. June, 3 ex. July, 3 ex. Aug., 3 ex. Sept., 3 ex. Oct., 3 ex. Nov.,

LONDON MINING MARKET GOOD.

KAFFIRS WELL SUPPORTED.

Firmness was maintained in all departments of the Stock Exchange yesterday, and despite the approach of the week-end there were no signs of a slackening of interest in Mining shares. Advices from Paris were of a favourable character and Johannesburg lent support for several of its specialities, among which Randfontein, T.C.L., and Modder East were prominent. Anglo-American Corporation were inquired for, and it was stated that a line of 5,000 had been bought on behalf of a well-known operator. Modderfontein were bid for at 4½, "put of more next account." Central Mining, Rand Mines, "Johnnies," Union Corporation, Crown Mines, and City Deep were all well supported; and among the lower-priced descriptions, Sub-Nigel, East Rand, Mozambique, Randfontein Central and Geldenhuis Deep were in request and higher. The market closed in cheerful mood, the shrinkages being few and quite unimportant. There was rather more doing in Rhodesians, and Chartered moved up smartly. Tanks, Zams, Lonely and several others were better, and Selukwe recovered the turn; but Cam and Motor were unaltered. During the early hours De Beers Def. were momentarily bid for at 11⅞, but they fell back later, though still closing higher on the day. Consolidated Diamonds were in request, it being understood that the market for the company's production is quite good. Other Diamonds were steady. A set-back of £1 5s. to £250 7s. 6d. per ton occurred in the price of tin. Thanks to the more hopeful Paris advices, Tintos advanced sharply, while the possibility of the recognition of the Russian Government brought in buyers of Russo-Asiatic, among other things. In the miscellaneous section a great deal of attention was again directed to the Canadians, and Keeley, Vipond and Kirkland Lake spent a pretty busy day, and closed higher. British Platinum moved up, but Burmas receded the turn on a little profit-taking. San Francisco were a steady market. Improvements were again the feature in Kaffir movements. Closing prices—

SOUTH AFRICAN.

M.U. Jan. 21.

1⅛	Anglo-Amer. Corp.
18/9	Anglo-French .....
2½	Brakpan .....
1½	Cent. Mining £5 .....
2½	City Deep .....
—	Con. Goldfields .....
9/9	Cons. Main Reef .....
13/9	Cons. Selec. (10/-) .....
—	Crown Mines (10/-) .....
27/6	Daggafontein .....
8/6	E. Rand Mining .....
7/3	E. Rand Prop. .....
3/6	Geldenhuis .....
13/6	Geo. Mining .....
3/9	G. M. Investment .....
6/3	Government Areas .....
10/9	H. E. Prop. .....
20/9	Johan.burg Consols .....
8/3	Kleinfontein .....
20/6	Knight's .....
13/6	Langlaagte Estate .....
4/3	Meyer & Charlton .....
4/3	Modderfontein (10/-) .....
1/3	Modder B (5/-) .....
7/6	Modder Deep (5/-) .....
7/6	Modder East .....
1/3	New State Areas .....
2/9	Nigel .....
1/3	Nourse Mines .....
1/3	Rand Mines (5/-) .....
21/3	Randfontein .....
12/6	do. Central .....
1/3	Robinson Dp. A (10/-) .....
28/6	Robinson Dp. B .....
15/9	Rose Deep .....
1/3	S.A. Gold Trust .....
—	Springs Mines .....
2/6	Transvaal Gold .....
2/3	Trans. and Del. E. .....
10/3	Trans. Con. L. (10/-) .....
21/3	Union Corp. (12/6) .....
20/9	Van Ryn .....
14/3	Van Ryn Deep .....
1/3	Vereeniging .....
13/3	Village Deep .....
2/9	West Springs .....
10/6	Do. Options .....
16/3	Witwatersrand Deep .....

RUSSIAN.

7/6	Tanga Gold .....
7/9	Tanga Ass. Gold .....
2/6	Russian Mining .....
4/3	Siberian Props. .....
3	Spassky .....

BUSINESS DONE.

Anglo-American Corp.—26. 5/11⅛, 6/3. Brakpan—7/6. 7/9. 8/0. 8/3. British Bits. Africa (Chart.)—12/9½, 6d., 7/3d., 5/3d., 6d., 9d., 9/4d. Cam. and Motor—32/9. Central Mining—3½, ⅝, 3/-, 3/5-64. City Deep—5/4, 5/3, 5/4, 7/4d., 6/10⅜, 5/-. Cons. Dmd. Mines, W.S.A.—18/-. Consol. Gold Fields—18/9, 19/0½. Consol. Mines Selection—3/-. Cons. Selec. (10/-)—3/-. Cordoro—4/3. Crown Mines—4/0d., 5d., 4/3d., 8d., 4/6d., 5/-. Durban Rood. Deep—22/9. East Rand—1/3. Eileen Alannah—5/1½. Esperanza—4/4d. Fanti Consols—9/5½, 6d., 9/7d. Geduld—6/4¼, 5/-. General Mining—13/11d., 14/-, 13/8d., 14/1½. Government Areas—6d., ⅞, 37/64. Huronian Belt—18/7½. Johannesburg Invest.—3/-. Kleinfontein—3/6d., 3/7½d., 3/6d. 1/-. *30/6 (shares). Knight—2/3d., 2/4d., 10/4d., 6d. Langlaagte—23/6. Modderfontein B (6/- shares)—56/6, 10/4d., 6/8d., 7/-. Modderfontein East—10/9, 6d., 3d., 4/4d., 4/6d., 4/7½d. Modderfontein (5/- shares)—45/6½, 7/1½, 6d. Modderfontein East—10/9, 6d., 3d., 4/4d., 4/6d., 4/7½d. Nourse—13/10d., 14/6½. Rand Mines—62/6, 63/-, 2/9d., 1/3, 63/3, 62/6, 63/-. Randfontein Central—12/3, 13/0d., 13/-. Randfontein Estates—6d., 7/7½d., 7/6d., 7/7½d., 7/6d., 7/7½d., 7/6d., 7/7½d., 7/6d., 9d., 2/9, 3/0d., 7½d., 9d., 3/1⅞, 7½d., 6d., 3/2d., 7½d., 9d., 3/3d., 7½d., 9d., 3/4d., 7½d., 9d., 3/5d., 7½d., 9d., 3/6d., 7½d., 9d., 3/7d., 7½d., 9d., 3/8d., 7½d., 9d., 3/9d., 7½d., 9d., 3/10d., 7½d., 9d., 3/11d., 7½d., 9d., 4/-, 7½d., 9d., 4/1d., 7½d., 9d., 4/2d., 7½d., 9d., 4/3d., 7½d., 9d., 4/4d., 7½d., 9d., 4/5d., 7½d., 9d., 4/6d., 7½d., 9d., 4/7d., 7½d., 9d., 4/8d., 7½d., 9d., 4/9d., 7½d., 9d., 4/10d., 7½d., 9d., 4/11d., 7½d., 9d., 5/-, 7½d., 9d., 5/1d., 7½d., 9d., 5/2d., 7½d., 9d., 5/3d., 7½d., 9d., 5/4d., 7½d., 9d., 5/5d., 7½d., 9d., 5/6d., 7½d., 9d., 5/7d., 7½d., 9d., 5/8d., 7½d., 9d., 5/9d., 7½d., 9d., 5/10d., 7½d., 9d., 5/11d., 7½d., 9d., 6/-, 7½d., 9d., 6/1d., 7½d., 9d., 6/2d., 7½d., 9d., 6/3d., 7½d., 9d., 6/4d., 7½d., 9d., 6/5d., 7½d., 9d., 6/6d., 7½d., 9d., 6/7d., 7½d., 9d., 6/8d., 7½d., 9d., 6/9d., 7½d., 9d., 6/10d., 7½d., 9d., 6/11d., 7½d., 9d., 7/-, 7½d., 9d., 7/1d., 7½d., 9d., 7/2d., 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7½d., 9d., 46/10d., 7½d., 9d., 46/11d., 7½d., 9d., 47/-, 7½d., 9d., 47/1d., 7½d., 9d., 47/2d., 7½d., 9d., 47/3d., 7½d., 9d., 47/4d., 7½d., 9d., 47/5d., 7½d., 9d., 47/6d., 7½d., 9d., 47/7d., 7½d., 9d., 47/8d., 7½d., 9d., 47/9d., 7½d., 9d., 47/10d., 7½d., 9d., 47/11d., 7½d., 9d., 48/-, 7½d., 9d., 48/1d., 7½d., 9d., 48/2d., 7½d., 9d., 48/3d., 7½d., 9d., 48/4d., 7½d., 9d., 48/5d., 7½d., 9d., 48/6d., 7½d., 9d., 48/7d., 7½d., 9d., 48/8d., 7½d., 9d., 48/9d., 7½d., 9d., 48/10d., 7½d., 9d., 48/11d., 7½d., 9d., 49/-, 7½d., 9d., 49/1d., 7½d., 9d., 49/2d., 7½d., 9d., 49/3d., 7½d., 9d., 49/4d., 7½d., 9d., 49/5d., 7½d., 9d., 49/6d., 7½d., 9d., 49/7d., 7½d., 9d., 49/8d., 7½d., 9d., 49/9d., 7½d., 9d., 49/10d., 7½d., 9d., 49/11d., 7½d., 9d., 50/-, 7½d., 9d., 50/1d., 7½d., 9d., 50/2d., 7½d., 9d., 50/3d., 7½d., 9d., 50/4d., 7½d., 9d., 50/5d., 7½d., 9d., 50/6d., 7½d., 9d., 50/7d., 7½d., 9d., 50/8d., 7½d., 9d., 50/9d., 7½d., 9d., 50/10d., 7½d., 9d., 50/11d., 7½d., 9d., 51/-, 7½d., 9d., 51/1d., 7½d., 9d., 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7½d., 9d., 55/7d., 7½d., 9d., 55/8d., 7½d., 9d., 55/9d., 7½d., 9d., 55/10d., 7½d., 9d., 55/11d., 7½d., 9d., 56/-, 7½d., 9d., 56/1d., 7½d., 9d., 56/2d., 7½d., 9d., 56/3d., 7½d., 9d., 56/4d., 7½d., 9d., 56/5d., 7½d., 9d., 56/6d., 7½d., 9d., 56/7d., 7½d., 9d., 56/8d., 7½d., 9d., 56/9d., 7½d., 9d., 56/10d., 7½d., 9d., 56/11d., 7½d., 9d., 57/-, 7½d., 9d., 57/1d., 7½d., 9d., 57/2d., 7½d., 9d., 57/3d., 7½d., 9d., 57/4d., 7½d., 9d., 57/5d., 7½d., 9d., 57/6d., 7½d., 9d., 57/7d., 7½d., 9d., 57/8d., 7½d., 9d., 57/9d., 7½d., 9d., 57/10d., 7½d., 9d., 57/11d., 7½d., 9d., 58/-, 7½d., 9d., 58/1d., 7½d., 9d., 58/2d., 7½d., 9d., 58/3d., 7½d., 9d., 58/4d., 7½d., 9d., 58/5d., 7½d., 9d., 58/6d., 7½d., 9d., 58/7d., 7½d., 9d., 58/8d., 7½d., 9d., 58/9d., 7½d., 9d., 58/10d., 7½d., 9d., 58/11d., 7½d., 9d., 59/-, 7½d., 9d., 59/1d., 7½d., 9d., 59/2d., 7½d., 9d., 59/3d., 7½d., 9d., 59/4d., 7½d., 9d., 59/5d., 7½d., 9d., 59/6d., 7½d., 9d., 59/7d., 7½d., 9d., 59/8d., 7½d., 9d., 59/9d., 7½d., 9d., 59/10d., 7½d., 9d., 59/11d., 7½d., 9d., 60/-, 7½d., 9d., 60/1d., 7½d., 9d., 60/2d., 7½d., 9d., 60/3d., 7½d., 9d., 60/4d., 7½d., 9d., 60/5d., 7½d., 9d., 60/6d., 7½d., 9d., 60/7d., 7½d., 9d., 60/8d., 7½d., 9d., 60/9d., 7½d., 9d., 60/10d., 7½d., 9d., 60/11d., 7½d., 9d., 61/-, 7½d., 9d., 61/1d., 7½d., 9d., 61/2d., 7½d., 9d., 61/3d., 7½d., 9d., 61/4d., 7½d., 9d., 61/5d., 7½d., 9d., 61/6d., 7½d., 9d., 61/7d., 7½d., 9d., 61/8d., 7½d., 9d., 61/9d., 7½d., 9d., 61/10d., 7½d., 9d., 61/11d., 7½d., 9d., 62/-, 7½d., 9d., 62/1d., 7½d., 9d., 62/2d., 7½d., 9d., 62/3d., 7½d., 9d., 62/4d., 7½d., 9d., 62/5d., 7½d., 9d., 62/6d., 7½d., 9d., 62/7d., 7½d., 9d., 62/8d., 7½d., 9d., 62/9d., 7½d., 9d., 62/10d., 7½d., 9d., 62/11d., 7½d., 9d., 63/-, 7½d., 9d., 63/1d., 7½d., 9d., 63/2d., 7½d., 9d., 63/3d., 7½d., 9d., 63/4d., 7½d., 9d., 63/5d., 7½d., 9d., 63/6d., 7½d., 9d., 63/7d., 7½d., 9d., 63/8d., 7½d., 9d., 63/9d., 7½d., 9d., 63/10d., 7½d., 9d., 63/11d., 7½d., 9d., 64/-, 7½d., 9d., 64/1d., 7½d., 9d., 64/2d., 7½d., 9d., 64/3d., 7½d., 9d., 64/4d., 7½d., 9d., 64/5d., 7½d., 9d., 64/6d., 7½d., 9d., 64/7d., 7½d., 9d., 64/8d., 7½d., 9d., 64/9d., 7½d., 9d., 64/10d., 7½d., 9d., 64/11d., 7½d., 9d., 65/-, 7½d., 9d., 65/1d., 7½d., 9d., 65/2d., 7½d., 9d., 65/3d., 7½d., 9d., 65/4d., 7½d., 9d., 65/5d., 7½d., 9d., 65/6d., 7½d., 9d., 65/7d., 7½d., 9d., 65/8d., 7½d., 9d., 65/9d., 7½d., 9d., 65/10d., 7½d., 9d., 65/11d., 7½d., 9d., 66/-, 7½d., 9d., 66/1d., 7½d., 9d., 66/2d., 7½d., 9d., 66/3d., 7½d., 9d., 66/4d., 7½d., 9d., 66/5d., 7½d., 9d., 66/6d., 7½d., 9d., 66/7d., 7½d., 9d., 66/8d., 7½d., 9d., 66/9d., 7½d., 9d., 66/10d., 7½d., 9d., 66/11d., 7½d., 9d., 67/-, 7½d., 9d., 67/1d., 7½d., 9d., 67/2d., 7½d., 9d., 67/3d., 7½d., 9d., 67/4d., 7½d., 9d., 67/5d., 7½d., 9d., 67/6d., 7½d., 9d., 67/7d., 7½d., 9d., 67/8d., 7½d., 9d., 67/9d., 7½d., 9d., 67/10d., 7½d., 9d., 67/11d., 7½d., 9d., 68/-, 7½d., 9d., 68/1d., 7½d., 9d., 68/2d., 7½d., 9d., 68/3d., 7½d., 9d., 68/4d., 7½d., 9d., 68/5d., 7½d., 9d., 68/6d., 7½d., 9d., 68/7d., 7½d., 9d., 68/8d., 7½d., 9d., 68/9d., 7½d., 9d., 68/10d., 7½d., 9d., 68/11d., 7½d., 9d., 69/-, 7½d., 9d., 69/1d., 7½d., 9d., 69/2d., 7½d., 9d., 69/3d., 7½d., 9d., 69/4d., 7½d., 9d., 69/5d., 7½d., 9d., 69/6d., 7½d., 9d., 69/7d., 7½d., 9d., 69/8d., 7½d., 9d., 69/9d., 7½d., 9d., 69/10d., 7½d., 9d., 69/11d., 7½d., 9d., 70/-, 7½d., 9d., 70/1d., 7½d., 9d., 70/2d., 7½d., 9d., 70/3d., 7½d., 9d., 70/4d., 7½d., 9d., 70/5d., 7½d., 9d., 70/6d., 7½d., 9d., 70/7d., 7½d., 9d., 70/8d., 7½d., 9d., 70/9d., 7½d., 9d., 70/10d., 7½d., 9d., 70/11d., 7½d., 9d., 71/-, 7½d., 9d., 71/1d., 7½d., 9d., 71/2d., 7½d., 9d., 71/3d., 7½d., 9d., 71/4d., 7½d., 9d., 71/5d., 7½d., 9d., 71/6d., 7½d., 9d., 71/7d., 7½d., 9d., 71/8d., 7½d., 9d., 71/9d., 7½d., 9d., 71/10d., 7½d., 9d., 71/11d., 7½d., 9d., 72/-, 7½d., 9d., 72/1d., 7½d., 9d., 72/2d., 7½d., 9d., 72/3d., 7½d., 9d., 72/4d., 7½d., 9d., 72/5d., 7½d., 9d., 72/6d., 7½d., 9d., 72/7d., 7½d., 9d., 72/8d., 7½d., 9d., 72/9d., 7½d., 9d., 72/10d., 7½d., 9d., 72/11d., 7½d., 9d., 73/-, 7½d., 9d., 73/1d., 7½d., 9d., 73/2d., 7½d., 9d., 73/3d., 7½d., 9d., 73/4d., 7½d., 9d., 73/5d., 7½d., 9d., 73/6d., 7½d., 9d., 73/7d., 7½d., 9d., 73/8d., 7½d., 9d., 73/9d., 7½d., 9d., 73/10d., 7½d., 9d., 73/11d., 7½d., 9d., 74/-, 7½d., 9d., 74/1d., 7½d., 9d., 74/2d., 7½d., 9d., 74/3d., 7½d., 9d., 74/4d., 7½d., 9d., 74/5d., 7½d., 9d., 74/6d., 7½d., 9d., 74/7d., 7½d., 9d., 74/8d., 7½d., 9d., 74/9d., 7½d., 9d., 74/10d., 7½d., 9d., 74/11d., 7½d., 9d., 75/-, 7½d., 9d., 75/1d., 7½d., 9d., 75/2d., 7½d., 9d., 75/3d., 7½d., 9d., 75/4d., 7½d., 9d., 75/5d., 7½d., 9d., 75/6d., 7½d., 9d., 75/7d., 7½d., 9d., 75/8d., 7½d., 9d., 75/9d., 7½d., 9d., 75/10d., 7½d., 9d., 75/11d., 7½d., 9d., 76/-, 7½d., 9d., 76/1d., 7½d., 9d., 76/2d., 7½d., 9d., 76/3d., 7½d., 9d., 76/4d., 7½d., 9d., 76/5d., 7½d., 9d., 76/6d., 7½d., 9d., 76/7d., 7½d., 9d., 76/8d., 7½d., 9d., 76/9d., 7½d., 9d., 76/10d., 7½d., 9d., 76/11d., 7½d., 9d., 77/-, 7½d., 9d., 77/1d., 7½

'PHONES 48 AND 49.

& CO.'S SALES.

JANUARY 31st, 1924,
39 WESTMORELAND ST., AT 1.30 O'C.
DISPOSED OF BY PRIVATE TREATY).
NDING PURCHASERS AND SOLICITORS
T OF THE PROPERTIES MAY BE SEEN AT OUR
ALL INFORMATION MAY BE OBTAINED.

AD, UPPER DRUMCONDRA. JAN. 31ST.
NON-BASEMENT. POSSESSION.
low. Contains tiled porch, balcony, 2 sitting rooms, folding doors
lavatory basin, hot press, tiled kitchen, copper cylinder, scullery
entrance, &c.
1919. Clear possession to purchaser. Seen any time. Photo. at
J. L. BURKE and CO., Solicitors, 63 Upper O'Connell street.

LE TERRACE, BOTANIC AV. JAN. 31ST
RA. CLEAR POSSESSION.
would see there. 4 rooms, kitchen, w.c., garden, newly done up and ready for
would be capable of extending to 6 rooms.
crudescence of
from 1924. Clear possession to purchaser. Key at No. 9.
Messrs. C. J. REDDY and SON, Solicitors, 14 Westland Row.

RED SLAUGHTERHOUSE. JAN. 31ST.
E, NEAR LOWER CAMDEN STREET.
PRISO Executors of the late Patrick Plunkett, TO SELL BY AUCTION
No. 39 Westmoreland street, at 1.30 o'clock, the Interest in the
ld by Mr. Reporsely situated, fully licensed, and having regard to the demand for
ny, should produce a substantial revenue.
MILEY and MILEY, Solicitors, 12 South Frederick street.

AND 51 CLONLIFFE ROAD, JAN. 31ST.
IN ONE OR MORE LOTS.
RA. TERRACE. GOOD INVESTMENT.
ises, one storey in front, two behind, well kept, in good order. Four are
£12 per annum. Will be sold in one lot or separately. Photo. at
and Leases, LYNCH and DEERING, Solicitors, 12 Lower Ormond Quay.
reland Stee

Y, FEBRUARY 14TH, FEB. 14TH.
39 WESTMORELAND ST., AT 1.30 O'C.
CIRCULAR ROAD. POSSESSION.
IX PARK ENTRANCE GATES.
SEMI-DETACHED TWO STOREY MODERN NON-BASEMENT
WITH OUTSIDE ENTRANCE SURRASE.
with tessellated floor and stained glass windows: inner hall, off which
room also very comfortable morningroom, all bright rooms, and fitted
ern fireplaces; side communicating hall off the staircase
d. Second glass pantry, with hot and cold supply; a broad staircase, with easy
the spacious landing, off which there are 8 fine lofty family bedrooms,
lavatory basin, separate w.c., bin for housemaid, &c. On the half floor
very lights-me tiled kitchen, close range, copper cylinder, pantry,
in with gate entrance, also nice garden at rear, large garage, front and
exceptionally well designed and built, the timber work being a special
and also eligible, telephone plugs upstairs and downstairs. Some
all decorated in the sale.
rose to £19 13s. 9d. per annum. Clear possession to purchaser.
mers' Office.
JOHN HAWTHORNE, Solicitor, 15 Eustace Street.

NNOUNCEMENT.—THURSDAY, FEB. 14TH
LE HOUSE, DUNDRUM,
INEST MANSIONS IN CO. DUBLIN.
PRISON, AND ADJOINING PROPERTY
LY APPEAR.
Mr. JOHN T. DOYLE, Solicitor, 17 Lower O'Connell street.

E ROAD, BOTANIC AVENUE. FEB. 14TH
ACT HOUSE, WITH POSSESSION.
hen for), gas stove, garden. Head rent, £5. Lease 350 years from
Messrs. JAS. O'CONNOR and CO., Solicitors, 71 Dame Street.

29 MARGUERITE ROAD, FEB. 14TH.
WITH CLEAR POSSESSION.
with 2 sitting and 3 bedrooms, bath (h. and c.), w.c., kitchen,
Garage could be erected. Head rent, £5. Lease 999
to purchaser. Seen any time.
and BOLGER, Solicitors, 3 and 4 Lr. O'Connell street.

E, MAYFIELD ROAD, FEB. 14TH.
RE PARK, TERENURE.
WELL BUILT. CLEAR POSSESSION.
Engroom, sliding doors, 4 bedrooms, maid's room, bath (h. and
modern range, scullery (h. and c.), outside w.c.; garden, rear
to the nominal rent of 1/- per annum. Lease 900 years.
JAMES O'CONNOR and CO., Solicitors, 71 Dame street.

BRUARY 5TH, AND FOLLOWING DAY.
EWTOWN PARK AVENUE, BLACKROCK.
ANO, PIANOLA, OIL PAINTINGS, WATER-COLOURS AND
FFECTS, HORSES, PONIES, JERSEY COW, CALVES, FARM
GOVERNESS CAR, HAY BOGIE, POULTRY, GARDEN
PLANTS.
Esq., who is changing his residence, to SELL BY AUCTION,
dates, THE ENTIRE FURNITURE, including: Upright Piano,
New York; Chesterfield Sofas, Armchairs, Seat in Needlework,
Gilt Mantel Mirror, handsome Crystal Chandelier for 12 lights,
Engravings, Water-Colours by E. McGuinness, Oil Paintings by
Dining Table, smaller do., Economy do., Mahogany-
Sideboard, Carved Oak Buffet; Mahogany, Walnut, and Oak Book-
Hall Furniture, and Art Carpets; Oriental Rugs, Walnut Suite in
Bedroom Suites; Mahogany Wardrobe, do. Marble-top
Bedsteads, and Bedding, Linen Press, Carved Oak Hall
Chairs, Mahogany Sofa Table, Elemised China Cabinet,
Occasional Tables and Chairs, Gent's Wardrobe,
Sofas and Chest of Drawers, Painted Presses and Wardrobes,
Mattresses and Bedding, Children's Cots, Fenders and Fireirons,
Fine Glass and Door Mats, Lace and Chintz Curtains, small Collec-
tion of Electro-Plate, including Meat Carver, Dessert, Tea Spoons
and Fork, Reel, Garden Seats and Chairs, Barrow, 2 Lawn Mowers,
Many other articles. Sale to commence at One o'clock.

SON, LIMITED, M.I.A.A.,
CUERS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, DUBLIN.
STEE'S SALE.
LIMITED, are favoured with instructions from VINCENT
Trustee), to SELL BY AUCTION, on THURSDAY NEXT, the
noon, at 6 Upper Ormond quay, an
OLSTERER'S STOCK,
Bird Feathers, Silk and Cretonne, quantity of DOWN CUSHIONS
various Lengths of Chintz, Cretonne, Tea Cosys, Damask and
Springs, and other Upholstering Materials; 4 Singer Sewing
Furniture, Axminster Carpets, Mohair Mats, Table Covers, Lace
etc., also on the SAME DAY a
SECTION OF MODERN FURNITURE,
mirror back; pair of do. Side Tables, Old CARVED OAK SIDE-
Bookcase, smaller do., CARVED AND GILTWOOD CONSOLE
Mahogany Chest, Dining Tables and Chairs, in Mahogany; Sheraton
Secretaire, Settees, Couches and Easy Chairs, in Leather, Silk, and
Tapestry, Inlaid Walnut Tables, Hall Furniture, in Oak and Mahogany;
Gilt-wood Frames; Settee, with cane seat and back; Oak Framed
Chairs; LARGE WALNUT ROLL-TOP DESK, Mahogany Square and
Occasional Tables, Mahogany Wash-stands, Oak and Black and
Gold Engravings, Brussels and Axminster Carpets, AND

ers pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

LIMITED, M.I.A.A.,
6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, DUBLIN

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.'S SALES.

SALE TUESDAY NEXT, 29TH JANUARY.
EXCEPTIONALLY DESIRABLE DETACHED RESIDENCE,
IN CHOICE POSITION.
TRUSTEES' SALE.
85 PEMBROKE ROAD (OPPOSITE TO COLLEGE BOTANICAL GARDENS).
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION TO PURCHASER. A double-fronted detached Residence, with bay win-
dows; coach house and stabling and rear and side entrances. Frontage to Pembroke road, about 28
feet. The House contains three reception rooms, one of which measures 25 feet by 16 feet; four family
bedrooms, dressingroom, tiled kitchen, three servants' rooms, pantries, etc.; gas and water laid on.
Held from the Pembroke Estate for 150 years from 25th March, 1861, subject to £2 17s 6d per annum.
Messrs. MAXWELL, WELDON and CO., Solicitors, 40 North Great George's street.

£53 4s. 0d. PER ANNUM, adjusted-rent, payable by one tenant, out of 10a., Or. 11p.,
Statute measure, of the Lands of Churchtown Lower, Dundrum, on which
Granite House and a number of Cottages are erected. Held in fee-simple and leased for 999 years
from 1850.
Messrs. O'KEEFFE and LYNCH, Solicitors, 30 Molesworth street.

£21 18s. 5d. PER ANNUM, secured profit ground rent, payable under four fee-farm grants
out of valuable Premises in William street and Coppinger's Row, including
the City Assembly Rooms. The total rents payable under the grants amount to £70 7/11 per annum,
and are subject to superior rents amounting to £48 9/6 per annum, leaving for sale £21 18/5 per
annum, thoroughly well secured. P.L.V., £347.
Messrs. O'KEEFFE and LYNCH, Solicitors, 30 Molesworth street.

SALE TUESDAY, 5TH FEBRUARY.
CRANLEIGH, 10 BELGRAVE ROAD, MONKSTOWN.
ADJOINING SEAPOINT RAILWAY STATION.
Convenient to electric tram, first-class residential position, a Modern Building, Early English design,
semi-detached, bay windows to roof; side and rear entrances; contains: Square entrance hall, drawing-
room and dining room (communicating through sliding doors), diningroom opens to garden; both rooms
fitted with modern tiled grates and handsome mantels; five bedrooms, two boxrooms; bathroom, with
hot and cold water and lavatory basin; hot press, copper cylinder, tiled kitchen, scullery and pantry;
Vartry water and gas; large shed at rear suited for laundry.
Held for an unexpired term of 841 years, and sold free of rent. Immediate possession to purchaser.
Messrs. WHITNEY, MOORE and KELLER, Solicitors having Carriage of Sale, Kildare street.

RESIDENCE, FOUR ACRES, AND STABLING FOR OVER 40 HORSES
LIFFEYBANK, ISLAND BRIDGE.
Situated on Conyngham road, adjoining Phœnix Park, formerly in the occupation of Mr. James
Daly. The grounds comprise four acres, and include garden lawn, inspection paddock, exercise ground,
etc. The Residence is double-fronted, and contains tiled hall, drawingroom, with panelled walls, modern
grate and carved wood mantelpiece; diningroom, breakfast room and billiard room, with top light; six
family bedrooms, bathroom, heated linen press, gentleman's dressingroom, servant's room, kitchen, scul-
lery, etc. The out-offices include range of stabling for 44 horses, riding school, hay shed, cow house,
motor house, and gate lodge. This charming Residence is situated beside the River Liffey, so is well
known to sporting men. Clear possession will be given to purchaser. Held for 99 years from 1842,
subject to £71 5s. 0d. per annum.
A. LANE JOYNT, Solicitor having Carriage of Sale, 4 Stephen's Green.

SALE TUESDAY, 12TH FEBRUARY.
SALE IN FOUR LOTS.
RATHGAR ROAD, GRAND CANAL HARBOUR, STAMER STREET AND LOWER BRIDGE STREET, AND PLOT OF GROUND.
Lot 1—No. 167 Rathgar road is a well situated Private Dwellinghouse, two storeys over raised base-
ment. A sound, well-built House, on the best part of the road. At present Let at £60 per annum.
Held for 999 years from 29th September, 1836, subject to £5 per annum.
Lot 2—Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Halls Cottages, or Eden Park, Grand Canal Harbour, with field adjoin-
ing, in all about 2¼ acres. To be sold in one Lot. The Cottages produce £116 5s. 0d. per annum, and
the field is let in allotments at £20 per annum. This is a well situated property, with good develop-
ment possibilities. Held for 150 years from 30th June, 1902, subject to £25 per annum.
Lot 3—No. 19 Stamer street, off Harrington street. A desirably situated Private Dwellinghouse,
sound property, built, and having good accommodation, bathroom, etc., and garden, at present let at the moderate
rent of £54 per annum, landlord paying rates and taxes. Held for 500 years from 25th March, 1856,
subject to £6 per annum.
Lot 4—Nos. 5 and 6 Lower Bridge street, comprising two Shops and Dwellinghouses, all let, and
producing £155 7s. 0d. per annum. Will be sold in one Lot. Held for 41 years from 1st January,
1891, subject to £20 per annum.
Messrs. H. T. DIX and SONS, Solicitors for Vendors, 24 Clare street, Dublin.

29 CHELMSFORD ROAD, LFESON PARK.
On tram line. Clear possession. Garden front and rear; rear entrance; eight apartments (two of
them very large); electric light, bathroom, kitchen, scullery, gas cooker. The House is virtually detached.
Lease, 900 years. Head rent, £2 10s. 0d.
Messrs. MOLLOY, FAYLE and CO., Solicitors, Eustace street.

SALE NEXT THURSDAY, 31ST JANUARY,
ON THE PREMISES (IF NOT PREVIOUSLY DISPOSED OF).
CASTLEKNOCK LODGE, CASTLEKNOCK,
WITH 24 ACRES AND 25 PERCHES, STATUTE, OF LAND.
Clear possession to purchaser. Residence in perfect order. Electric light installed. Stabling for
20 horses. In the centre of the best hunting district, adjoining Phœnix Park. Contains 2 reception
rooms, diningroom, billiard room, 5 bedrooms, 3 servants' rooms, bathroom, etc. Held for long term,
subject to £199 per annum. The Lands are of prime quality.
Also HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, including:—Chesterfield Settee, Lounge Chairs, Antique Sideboard,
with shaped front and Nelson carving; Chippendale Bureau, Antique Chairs, Oval Gilt Mirrors, Silver, and
Plated Ware, Half-round Duchesse Pair, Sheraton Bed, Antique Mirror, Chest Drawers, Fenders and
Fire irons etc., etc.; Greenhouse Plants, Two-pair Roller, Lawn Mowers, Garden Tools, Ladders, Lead
Piping, and Dairy Utensils, including Separator; also well-bred Milch Cows and two Calves,
and probably a quantity of Hay and Straw; also 36 Bottles of Champagne, Whiskey, etc.
Sale begins 12.30. Leasehold Interest at 1.30 sharp.
Messrs. T. T. L. OVEREND and CO., Solicitors, Ely place.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
110 GRAFTON STREET.

P. J. BYRNE'S SALES.

WEDNESDAY, THE 6TH FEBRUARY, AT 1.30 O'CLOCK,
AT 8 PARLIAMENT STREET,
SEVEN-DAY LICENSED PREMISES,
"THE KILDARE HOUSE," 7 BENBURB STREET,
PER INSTRUCTIONS OF MR. FAHY, IN CONSEQUENCE OF HIS PURCHASE OF LICENSED PREMISES IN DUNDEE.
The Premises are held under lease for a term of 25 years from 1897 at the yearly rent of £32.
Comprise spacious well-fitted shop, yard, sanitary accommodation, bottling store, bottle-washing shed,
lofty cellarage, 4 dwelling apartments, and w.c. Electric light throughout.
The Premises are well situated, convenient to the markets, and are easily worked.
Particulars of the Vendor's trading can be had from the Auctioneer.
Conditions of Sale from
Messrs. LITTLE and O'RUADHAIG, Solicitors, 22 Eustace street.

73 AND 74 MARLBOROUGH STREET.
GOOD CLASS TENEMENT PROPERTY.
No. 73 is held for ever, with other premises, subject to the yearly adjusted rent of £6 6s. 4d., and
produces £1 10s. 5d. weekly, or yearly £95 5s. 0d.
No. 74 is held, with other premises, for 150 years from the 25th December, 1897, at the yearly
adjusted rent of £19 2s. 6d., and produces £1 16s. 3d. weekly, or yearly £94 5s. 0d. Annual Profit
Rent, less taxes, £164 18s. 0d.
Poor Law Valuations:—No. 73, £25; and No. 74, £29.
This Lot forms a remunerative investment.
Conditions of Sale from
WM. S. BARRETT, Solicitor, 15 South Frederick street.

COTTAGE PROPERTY.
NOS. 13 & 14 PHIBSBORO' AVENUE,
AND 3A, 4, 4½ PHIBSBORO' AVENUE, IN TWO LOTS.
Lot 1—Nos. 13 and 14 Phibsboro' avenue, held under lease for a term of 250 years, subject to the
yearly rent of £4. Each, containing four apartments, w.c., and small yard. No. 13 is let at 10/- weekly,
and No. 14 is let at 11/- weekly. Poor Law Valuation, £9 10s. 0d. each.
Lot 2—Nos. 3a, 4 and 4½ Phibsboro' avenue. Held for 61 years from 1867 at £35 yearly. No.
3a is let at 13/9 weekly. No. 4 is let at 16/- weekly, and No. 4½ is let at 8/4 weekly. Annual Profit
Rent, less taxes, £54 0s. 4d.
The Lessor of the Premises has agreed by letter dated 9th July, 1913, to grant a Reversionary
Lease of the Premises for a term of 99 years from the expiration of the existing lease, at the reduced rent
of £30. The Vendor will assign to the Purchaser his interest under this letter.
Conditions of Sale from
JOHN M. McDOWELL, Solicitor, 188 Great Brunswick street.

P. J. BYRNE, AUCTIONEER, 8 PARLIAMENT STREET.

WEDNESDAY, 13TH FEBRUARY, 1924.
EXECUTORS' SALE. WILLIAM S. STEPHENS, DECD.
CHOICE DETACHED MODERN RESIDENCE,
"HAVERFORD," 29 CLYDE ROAD. (POSSESSION.)
ALSO THE EXCELLENT FURNITURE AND EFFECTS THEREIN.
P. J. BYRNE has received instructions from the Executors of the late Mr. WILLIAM S. STEPHENS to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the Premises, on WEDNESDAY, 13th FEBRUARY, the ABOVE DESIRABLE MEDIUM-SIZED, WELL-BUILT RESIDENCE, held under lease for 153 years from 25th March, 1859, at the yearly rent of £12. P.L.V., £48.
Contains: entrance hall, drawingroom, diningroom, study, 5 bedrooms, maid's room, bathroom, h. and c.; w.c., kitchen, storeroom, w.c., 2 pantries, garden, small yard, tool house, and coal house. Side entrance. Electric light throughout.
Sale commences with the Interest in the Lease at 12 o'clock sharp.
Orders to view the Residence can be had from the Auctioneer.
THE HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, which will be fully described in future advertisements and posters, will be on view two days prior to Sale.
Conditions of Sale from
B. R. W. DORAN, SOLICITOR, 6 ST. ANDREW STREET.

P. J. BYRNE, AUCTIONEER, 8 PARLIAMENT STREET.

SALE OF MOST ATTRACTIVE RESIDENTIAL FARMS NEAR THE CITY.
WE are instructed by T. K. Laidlaw, Esq., to SELL BY AUCTION, in our Salerooms, Usher's quay, Dublin,
ON WEDNESDAY, 20TH FEBRUARY,
AT ONE O'CLOCK SHARP,
THE FOLLOWING PROPERTIES:—
SOMERTON, CASTLEKNOCK, comprising:—Large well-built, modern, Gentleman's Residence, with 175a 2r. 33p., Statute, all in grass. Held subject to £106 6s. 9d. per annum. Residence is in perfect order for immediate occupation, with all modern improvements necessary for comfort and economy of working, and contains 2 good reception rooms, library, study, 12 bedrooms, bath-rooms and ample accommodation for servants. Out-offices, 5 loose horse boxes, 4 stables, large oil engine for supplying electricity, good walled-in garden, orchard and greenhouses. Perfect water supply in house and over farm. Possession to purchaser September next. The Residence can be inspected by appointment with the Auctioneers.
DISWELLSTOWN, CASTLEKNOCK, comprising:—165a. Or. 36p., Statute. Held in fee-simple. Moderate sized, two-storey, Gentleman's Dwellinghouse, containing two reception rooms, 6 bedrooms, and servants' accommodation. Compact garden, spacious yard, extensive and exceptionally good out-offices; all in perfect order. Diswellstown House is let to a tenant, whose term of occupation will expire in June, 1925. Possession of the Lands can be given on completion of the purchase. The Residence can be inspected between 3 and 4 o'clock on Tuesdays and Thursdays on order from the Auctioneers.
ABBEY LODGE, CASTLEKNOCK, comprising:—53a. 1r. 13p., Statute. Held subject to £16 per annum. Well-built, small Dwellinghouse, containing 6 rooms, suitable for hunting box or stud farm. Loose boxes for 25 horses, covered-in riding school, sheds etc., all complete with up-to-date fittings. Also 2 good 4-roomed Cottages. Immediate possession to purchaser. Can be seen at any time.
ORDERS TO VIEW MUST BE OBTAINED FROM THE AUCTIONEERS.
Messrs. D. and T. FITZGERALD, Solicitors, 20 St. Andrew street.

GANLY, SONS, & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS, USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

DUBLIN WOOL SALES.
NEXT AUCTION
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 30th.
GANLY, SONS & CO.
USHER'S UAY, DUBLIN.

STORE CATTLE AUCTION
EVERY THURSDAY ENTRIES INVITED.
GANLY, SONS & CO.,
USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

GRAZING LANDS, SEASON 1924.
GREEN HILLS,
TALLAGHT—22, 20 and 14 Acres.
CLONDALKIN ..... 16 and 35 Acres.
INCHICORE ..... 12 Acres.
RAHENY ..... 19 Acres.
ROOTERSTOWN ..... 19 Acres.
Particulars from
GANLY, SONS & CO.,
USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

(FOR RAILWAY ADVERTISEMENTS SEE PAGE 14)

SALES AND LETTINGS BY PATRICK O'CONNOR & SON, LTD.

NEXT WEDNESDAY, 30th JANUARY.
LEIXLIP HILL, LEIXLIP—Letting of 5 Acres Grazing, in 2 Lots, 12.30 o'clock.

NEXT FRIDAY, 1st FEBRUARY.
CLARKESTOWN, KILMORE, KILCOCK—For J. J. Magan, Esq.—Letting of 33 Acres Grazing, 12.30 o'clock.

MONDAY, 4th FEBRUARY.
CLASSON'S BRIDGE, Milltown—For Mrs. Byrne—Letting of 30 Acres Grazing, 12 o'clock.

SAME DAY.
SWEETMOUNT, DUNDRUM—For Mrs. Byrne—Letting of 13 Acres Grazing. Sale immediately after above.

SAME DAY.
ERRIGAL AND ARDAVON, DODDER ROAD, RATHGAR—Letting of 14 Acres Grazing, in 2 Lots. Sale 1 o'clock.

SAME DAY.
MART LANE, FOXROCK—For J. P. Wrenn, Esq.—3 Acres Grazing. Sale 2 o'clock.

TUESDAY, 5th FEBRUARY.
HOLLYSTOWN AND KILLAMONAN, HOLLYWOODRATH—For Mrs. O'Keeffe—Letting of 100 Acres Grazing, in divisions, 12.30 o'clock.

AUCTION OF ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE.
INDOOR AND OUTDOOR EFFECTS, Etc.
ROOSKE HOUSE, DUNBOYNE.
PATRICK O'CONNOR and SON, LIMITED, are favoured with instructions from Rev. J. Forde Leathley, who is changing his residence, to SELL BY AUCTION, on the Premises, as above, on NEXT TUESDAY, 29th JANUARY, a Residue of valuable Furniture, comprising the following:—Mahogany Sideboard, Dining Table, Antique Tables, Mahogany Glass-fronted Bookcases, Chesterfield Armchairs Sofa, Mahogany Chairs, Mirrors, Pictures, Diningroom, Brussels and Indian Carpets, Stair Carpets, Hall Tables, the contents of 5 Bedrooms, including Mahogany and Walnut Suites, Kitchen and Dairy Furniture and Utensils, Dinholo Separator, Churn, Mangle, Greenhouse and Plants, Garden Tools, Seats, Frames, Roller, Lawn Mowers, Tubs, Barrows, Barrels, Quantities of Hay, Straw, and Manure; Poultry, Hen Coops, and Runs. Netting Wire, Meat Safe, Horse and Harness, Sidecar with Rubber Tyres, Cars, and Harness, Lady's Bicycle, and numerous other Lots. Admission 1s., which will be refunded to purchasers.
Sale 12 o'clock sharp.

FRIDAY, 6th FEBRUARY.
MOUNT MERRION, STILLORGAN—For T. J. Wilson, Esq.—Letting of 200 Acres Grazing, in the usual divisions, 12.30 o'clock.

GRAZING TO LET BY PRIVATE TREATY.
50 and 130 Acres Clondalkin, 14 Acres Embankment, Saggart; 35 Acres Belview, Dundrum; 24 Acres, St. Margaret's; 9 Acres Tallaght; 50 Acres Ballybrook; 17 Acres, Maynooth; 50 Acres Leixlip; 30 and 54 Acres Milltownbeer; 50 Acres, in divisions, Saggart; 54 Acres Finglas; 27 Acres Lucan.

SALE OF EXCELLENT GRAZING AND TILLAGE FARM,
FINGLAS, CO. DUBLIN.
ONLY 3 MILES FROM THE CITY.
PATRICK O'CONNOR and SON, LTD., are favoured with instructions from E. O'Brien, Esq., TO SELL BY AUCTION, AT THEIR ESTATE SALEROOMS, 49 QUEEN STREET, on NEXT THURSDAY, 31st JANUARY, at 1.30 o'clock, all the Interest and goodwill in above Prime Farm, containing 48a. 3r. 16p., Statute measure, held subject to Land Commission annuity, £67 11s. 4d. The equities have been discharged.
DESCRIPTIVE PARTICULARS.
These Lands are situate in a most convenient and central position, being only 4 mile from the Village of Finglas and 2 miles from Dublin. Three-fourths of the lands are in grass and the remainder is in tillage, heavily manured, and all of excellent quality. The property is intersected by the main road to Ashbourne and has also a frontage on the road to St. Margaret's. There is a substantial stone-built and slated barn or store on the holding.
For all further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to
Messrs. ROONEY and CO., Solicitors having Carriage of Sale, 21 Upper Ormond quay; or to THE AUCTIONEERS.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.
IMPORTANT SALE OF PRIME GRAZING FARM WITH RESIDENCE AND OUT-OFFICES.
ANNSBROOK, BALLYBOGHILL, CO. DUBLIN.
PATRICK O'CONNOR and SON, LTD., are favoured with instructions from P. Merrick, Esq., TO SELL BY AUCTION, on an early date, all the Interest and Goodwill in above Farm, containing 154a. 1r. 2p., Statute measure, held in fee-simple, subject to Land Commission Annuity, £99 17s. 6d. per annum. Poor Law Valuation, £117 10s. 0d.
DESCRIPTIVE PARTICULARS.
The lands, which are of excellent quality, are all in grass, conveniently divided, well fenced, and watered by running streams. The dwellinghouse is a two-storey slated one, containing 8 apartments, with two adjoining ranges of out-offices, stone-built and slated, all in good order. Also well-stocked fruit and vegetable garden. The property is situate at Roscaul, 14 miles from Ballyboughil, from where there is a twice weekly motor service to the city; 4 miles from Donabate and Lusk Stations, and 11 miles from Dublin.
Messrs. O'NEILL and COLLINS, Solicitors having Carriage of Sale, 43 Lower O'Connell street, Dublin.

PATRICK O'CONNOR & SON, LTD.
M.I.A.A.,
AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS, CATTLE, SHEEP, & WOOL SALESMEN,
49 QUEEN STREET, DUBLIN.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.
JAMES HILL & SON, M.I.A.A.,
BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEY HAVE PURCHASED THE GOODWILL AND INTEREST OF
MR. P. A. WREN, AT 9 BACHELOR'S WALK,
AND THEY WILL CARRY ON
THE HOUSE AND ESTATE AGENCY BUSINESS IN ALL ITS BRANCHES
AND WILL HOLD
PERIODICAL AUCTIONS OF HOUSE PROPERTY.
JAMES HILL AND SON HAVE ALSO PURCHASED THE GOODWILL AND INTEREST OF
MR. BURGESS HILL, OF 7 AND 8 BACHELOR'S WALK,
AND THEY WILL CARRY ON THIS BUSINESS WITH A VERY LARGE STOCK OF GUARANTEED GENUINE SECONDHAND AND ANTIQUE FURNITURE AND FURNISHINGS FOR CASH, and Purchasers in this department will have the same advantages as Purchasers in their New House Furnishings Department have had for some time, of purchasing (by special arrangement) at their Cash Prices and paying by instalments.

JAMES HILL & SON, M.I.A.A.
SECONDHAND FURNITURE DEPT., 7 AND 8 BACHELOR'S WALK
AUCTION & HOUSE AGENCY " 9 AND 10 "
NEW HOUSE FURNISHING " 11 AND 12 "

THREE DAYS' SALE. SALE THIS DAY.
HIGHLY IMPORTANT AND ATTRACTIVE SALE BY AUCTION,
TO-DAY (SATURDAY), MONDAY and TUESDAY NEXT
(IN CONTINUATION).
ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE.
PIANOFORTES, CARPETS; ALSO "TALBOT" DELIVERY VAN,
10 H.P., with BOSCH MAGNETO and EXTRA TOURING BODY, guaranteed in perfect running order.
Including: Superior Iron-frame Upright Grand Cottage Pianoforte, by Rönisch, in fine condition; "R Peat and Co." and "Morrison and Weston" London, and several other Learners' Pianofortes, by eminent makers; Valuable Paintings, Engravings and Coloured Pictures, &c.
MESSRS. JAMES HILL & SON will hold, in their Rooms, 9 and 10 BACHELOR'S WALK, an ATTRACTIVE THREE DAYS' SALE of High-Class HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Carpets, &c., comprising:—Mahogany Louis-type China Cabinet, 30 exceptional Carved Mahogany, Walnut and Oak Sideboards; Cabinets and Chiffoniers, Massive Mahogany Dining Tables, all sizes; several suits of Mahogany Dining Chairs, Leather and Easy Chairs, Chesterfield Suites, Mahogany Bookcases and Cabinets, Oak Knee-hole Pedestal Writing Desk, Mahogany Sheraton Card Table, beautiful All-silk French China Cabinet, Antique Sheraton Secretaire Bureau, Nelson 7-foot Sideboard, several fine DRAWINGROOM and DININGROOM SUITES, in Tapestry and other coverings; Oak Sectional Bookcase, handsome Ornamentals and Fine Glasses; BEDROOM SUITES, VARIOUS SIZES and DESIGNS, very fine Inlaid-carved Oconor Wardrobe, with centre mirror door; Massive All-Brass and Black-and-Brass Bedsteads, Hair Mattresses and Bedding; Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Washstands, Toilet Ware, Chests of Drawers, Silver and Plated Ware, Typewriters, Sewing Machines, 4-Pull Publican's Ice Pump; together with a large collection of class miscellaneous Kitchen Furniture and Effects.
Order of Sales:—Auction commences at 1 p.m. with Furniture; round Rostrum; 2 p.m., Superior Furniture, at Head of Room; 3 p.m., Pianofortes and Superior Furniture round walls; 4 to 6 p.m., Superior Furniture round Rostrum. Purchasers pay 5 p.c. Fees.

JAMES HILL & SON, M.I.A.A.,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 9 AND 10 BACHELOR'S WALK.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.—SALE 5TH FEBRUARY, 1924.
ON THE PREMISES OF THE ASYLUM AND LAUNDRY OF PENITENT FEMALES, SITUATED AT THE REAR OF BAGGOTRATH CHURCH, UP. BAGGOT STREET (P.R. INSTRUCTIONS FROM THE TRUSTEES.)
IMPORTANT SALE BY AUCTION, ON THE PREMISES, comprising contents of Music Room, an excellent Grand Pianoforte, 60 Rush Seat Chairs, Arm Chairs, Large Plush Curtains, etc., a first-class "Moffi" Double-door Fireproof Safe, Grandfather Mahogany Hall Clock, Sheraton Wardrobe, Nelson Sideboard, Set 10 Mahogany Victorian Diningroom Chairs, Arm ditto, Brass Fenders, several Mahogany Writing Tables, Card Tables, Bookshelves, Couches, and Easy Chairs, 6ft. Mahogany Presses, Carpets and Oilcloth, Contents of Bedrooms, viz.:—40 Combination Bedsteads and Springs and other Mattresses, 100 Blankets, 80 Sheets, Quilts, Pillow Slips, Towels, 50 Flannels, 30 Shawls, etc.; Bedroom Furniture, The entire contents of Laundry—Several Mangles, combined Mangle Washers, 10 Washing Troughs, 3 large Copper Boilers, Copper Boiler and Stove, 40 Tables, Benches, etc.; Patent Drying Apparatus, etc.; Metal Clothes Poles, Garden Seats, 2 Wheel Box Van, 3 Lawn Mowers, Trucks, etc., etc.
MESSRS. JAMES HILL and SON have been favoured with instructions to SELL BY AUCTION, on the Premises, as above, on TUESDAY, 5th FEBRUARY. On View Monday, 4th inst. Full particulars in future advertisements.

JAMES HILL & SON,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 10, 11, 12 BACHELOR'S WALK.

AUCTION SALE OF WALTERSTOWN HOUSE & LANDS.
ON TUESDAY NEXT, 29TH INST., AT WALTERSTOWN HOUSE, AT 2 O'CLOCK.
WE are instructed by the Owner, R. BELL, Esq., to SELL THIS PROPERTY BY PUBLIC AUCTION, in one or more Lots. The Sale will take place at Walterstown House, as above stand. Walterstown House and Lands are situated at Nurney, about 4 miles from the Town of Kildare, and is a residential holding, containing about 330 acres of Prime Grazing pasture, some of which is fattening and capable of feeding heavy cattle. The property was purchased under the Ashbourne Act, and is subject to small terminable annuities to Land Commission. The Residence, which is 2 storeys high, is a substantial structure, commodious and well appointed, and there are 3 enclosed yards, with suitable out-offices, also large hay shed. We have inspected this property, and may state that an opportunity is given to any person requiring a medium sized or large holding, as the property will be sold either in one or more Lots to suit purchasers.
Vendors' Solicitor: Mr. R. H. McCOY, Clones.

GARVEY & GOOD.
SURVEYORS AND AUCTIONEERS,
21 LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN.
FARMS FOR SALE.
WE HAVE ENTRUSTED TO US FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY SEVERAL FARMS in the Home Counties, some Residential, also Residences near city. Particulars to prospective purchasers from
GARVEY & GOOD, 21 LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN.

CORRIGAN & CO.'S SALE.
NEXT WEDNESDAY, 30TH JANUARY, 1924,
IN SALEROOMS, 4 GRAFTON STREET, AT 1.30 P.M.
76B UPPER LEESON STREET.
HAVING SOLD THESE PREMISES BY PRIVATE TREATY, SAME ARE WITHDRAWN.
48 HAMILTON STREET, DONORE AVENUE, (POSSESSION).
(CONVENIENT TO TOBACCO FACTORIES).
Two storeyed semi-detached house with large Sittingroom, Tiled Kitchen with close range, sink and w.c., 3 Bedrooms. Garden and side entrance. All in good order. Ground Rent £4. Lease 450 years from October, 1915.
Orders to view from Auctioneers.
Messrs. J. L. BURKE and Col, Solicitors, 63 Upr. Sackville Street
42 PARK AVENUE, SANDYMOUNT (POSSESSION).
Quaint double fronted cottage residence, charmingly situated on best part of this favourite avenue. Contains:—5 apartments, Kitchen and Maid's room. Splendid garden plot at rere and sides walled in front. w.c., one Side Entrance. Held for 21 years from 1903, subject to the yearly rental of £5 5s. 6d.
E. A. KILLINGLEY, Solicitor, 22 St. Andrew Street.
CORRIGAN & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
PHONE 4 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

MACARTHUR'S FORTNIGHTLY AUCTIONS.

RE CANAVAN, DECEASED.
FURNITURE AUCTION, WEDNESDAY, 30TH JANUARY, AT 118 UPPER RATHMINES, COMMENCING AT 11.30 SHARP.
ON VIEW TUESDAY, 12 TILL 4 O'CLOCK.
Chiefly—Cottage Piano (Egard), Ormolu Drawingroom Cabinet, Occasional Chairs and Tables, Drawingroom, Diningroom, and Stair Carpets, Brass Curb and Fenders, Requisites, White and Gold and Walnut Overmantels, 7-piece Suite, Diningroom Tables, Plush and Lace Curtains, Oilcloth, China, Glass, Delph, Cutlery, some E Plated and Silver Articles, Oil Paintings, Engravings, and other Pictures, Oriental and various Vases, Miscellaneous Ornaments, Skin Rugs, Cushions, Travelling Trunks, Office Combination Stand, Brentwood and other Chairs, Double and Single Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Mattresses, Bedding, Dressing Tables, Washstands, Chest Drawers, and Sundry Bedroom Articles. Usual Kitchen Furniture, Culinary Utensils, Mangle, etc.

PROPERTY AUCTION, FRIDAY NEXT 1ST FEBRUARY.
14 ST. JOSEPH'S P